

KALLER®

9.



*Flex Cam*TM

by

 STRÖMSHOLMEN

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Introduction

1

The Flex Cam can be used for piercing, cutting, forming and flanging operations.

The system allows for a flexible distribution of forces with optimal direction and velocity during the operation. Cam Units or Force Cylinders can be coupled together to allow for multiple operations within the same tool to be performed simultaneously. Often by using a Flex Cam, fewer tools are required to produce the part.

The system comprises of a Hydraulic Power Unit, Cam Unit/Force Cylinder and interconnecting hoses. Different types of Cam Units/Force Cylinders are available to suit various types of applications. For technical data and dimensions refer to page 9.7/1 and 9.8/1.

For further information contact your local distributor or Strömsholmen AB.

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Component description

Power Unit (HCP)

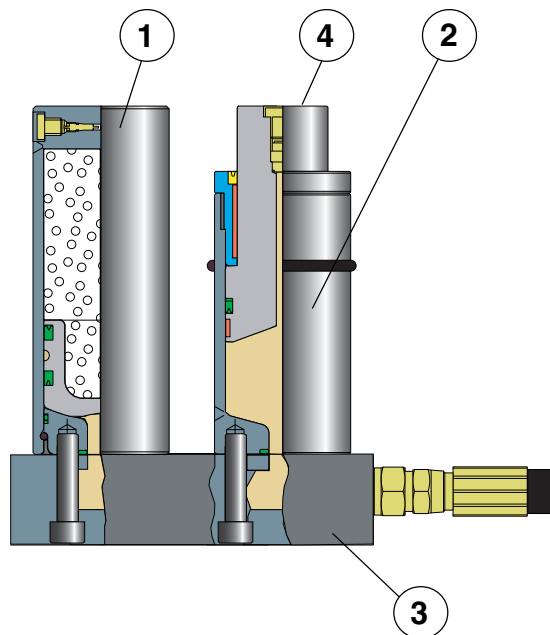
The Power Unit consists of an Accumulator (1), Power Cylinder (2) and a base plate (3). The purpose of the Accumulator is to set the force of the Cam and to prevent over pressurisation of the system. It will also contain some oil once the Cam has reached its stop position.

When the piston (4) of the Power Cylinder is struck by the press (or machine) the Cam Units will then be actuated.

The size of the Power Unit is calculated from the number of Cam Units in the system, their sizes and their length of stroke.

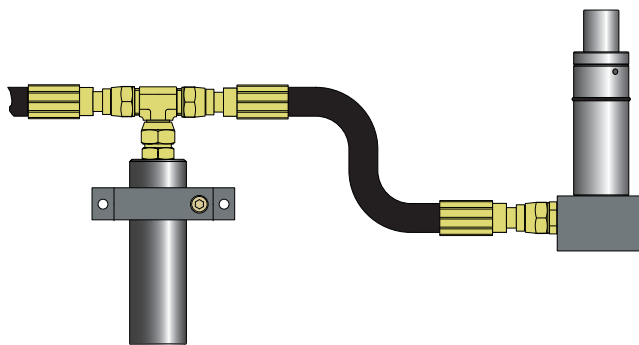
Note that the piston (4) of the Power Cylinder is at the same height as the Accumulator when this system is completely filled with oil.

The strokes specified are -0350, -0600, -1100 and 1600 in the order numbers. 10 mm extra stroke for the Accumulator is included.



Power Unit (HCP-S)

Where there are space restrictions within the tool, then the Power Unit is also available with separated Power Cylinder and Accumulator. See section 9.8 "Dimensions for Power and Cam Units".

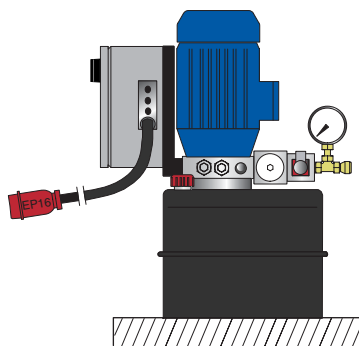


Mounting orientation

Both HCP and HCP-S Power Units can be mounted at any angle and orientation which best fits the tool.

Alternative driver

It is also possible to use an electrically powered Hydraulic Pump Unit (EHC) as a driver for the Cam Units. See page 9.8/45.



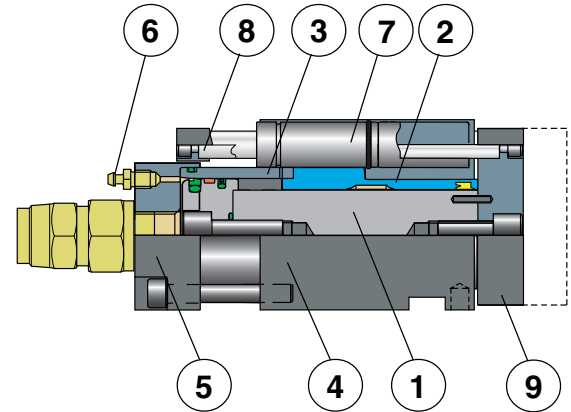
Compact Cam (CC)

The Compact Cam is a well guided unit, suitable for normal piercing operations with or without a small amount of side loading.

It consists of a piston with a piston rod (1), guide (2), sleeve (3), front housing (4), rear housing (5), bleed nipple (6), gas spring (7), anti rotation rods (8) and a punch adapter plate (9) for the punch holder.

The Power Unit (HCP) or Hydraulic Pump Unit (EHC) can be used to actuate the Compact Cam. The Cam return force is provided by one or two internally installed gas springs. The punch adapter plate is prevented from rotating by the two anti-rotation rods.

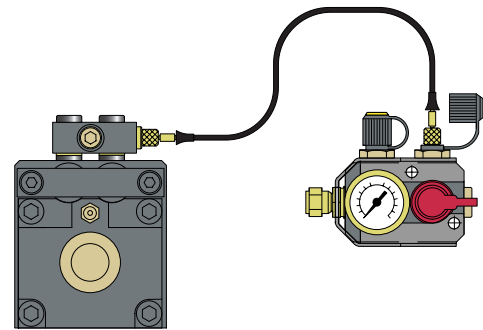
The use of a polyurethane stripper is recommended in piercing or cutting operations to hold the panel down and to strip the punch from the panel.



Compact Cam (CC-H) for Hose System

The Compact Cam is also available in a version where the gas springs in the unit can be hoses to a control armature. This way the gas pressure in the spring can be monitored from outside the tool. See section 9.8

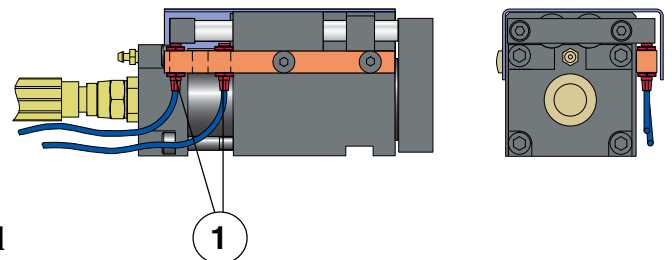
"Dimensions for Power and Cam Units/ Force Cylinders".



Option for CC and CC-H

A complete kit with proximity sensors (1), fittings, screws etc. can be fitted to the Compact Cams so that extended and retracted positions can be monitored.

See section 9.8 "Dimensions for Power and Cam Units/ Force Cylinders".



Flange Cam (CCF)

**Patent No. SE 513031,
other patents pending**

2

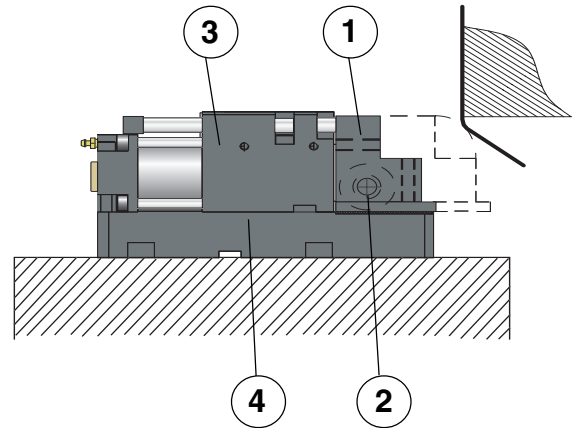
The Flange Cam is suitable for flanging and other operations with large amounts of side load.

No extra guides are required as the front adapter plate (1) is equipped with two roller bearings (2).

A Compact Cam Unit (3) is used as the driver and a bottom plate (4) provides support for the front adapter plate.

The Power Unit will actuate the Flange Cam and the return movement is provided by two internally installed gas springs.

The front adapter plate is prepared with threaded holes to mount any customised flanging tool etc.

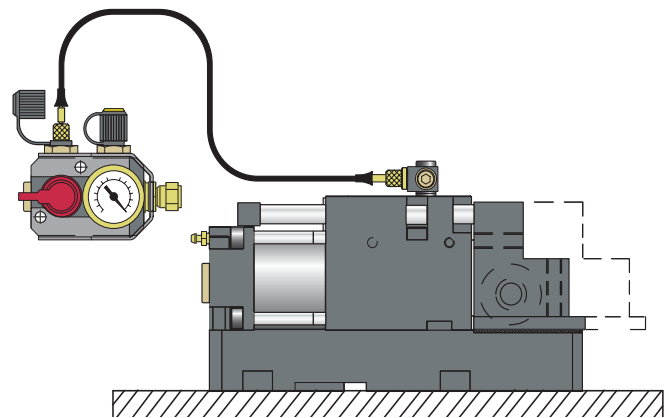


Patent No. SE 513031, other patents pending

Flange Cam (CCF - H) for Hose System

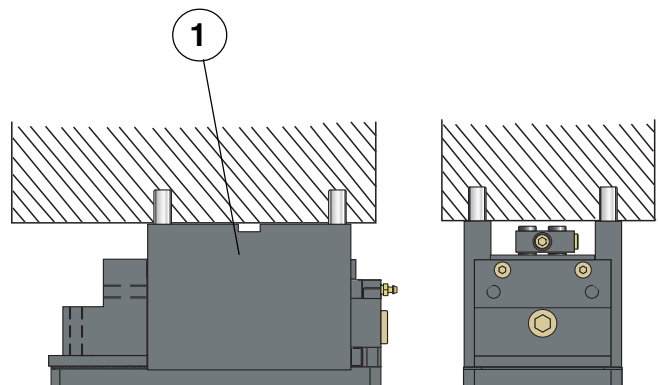
The Flange Cam is also available in a version where the gas springs in the unit can be hoses to a control armature. This way the gas pressure in the spring can be monitored from outside the tool.

See section 9.8 "Dimensions for Power and Cam Units/ Force Cylinders".



Flange Cam spacers (optional)

The spacers (1) are required when mounting the Flange Cam from above (top mount) as shown here.

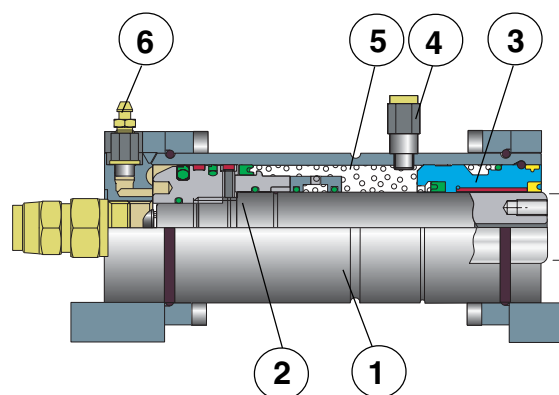


Force Cylinder (HCF)

The Force Cylinder is suitable for forward and return motion of, for example, a flanging steel or forming punch used for various operations in the tool. Note that it is not possible to mount a punch directly onto the piston rod without a guide in the tool.

The Force Cylinder consists of a cylinder (1), piston with a piston rod (2), guide (3), gas valve (4), gas for return (5) and a bleed nipple (6).

The Power Unit (HCP) or Electrical Pump Unit (EHC) can be used to actuate the Force Cylinder. The return force is provided by the internal nitrogen pressure within the Force Cylinder. The Force Cylinder can be mounted using different types of flanges.



2

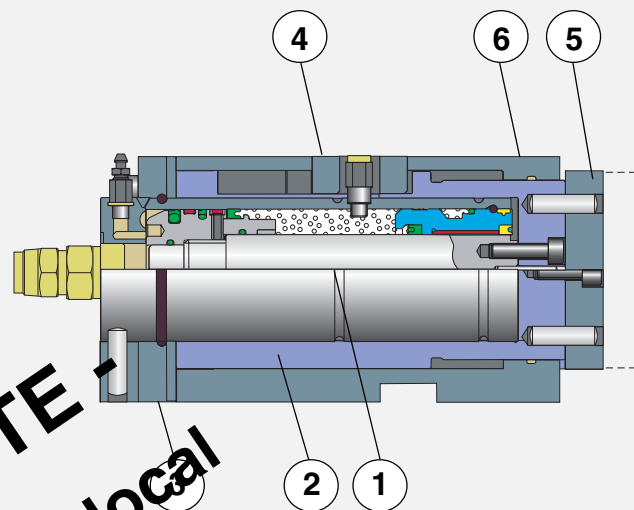
Cam (HCC)

This is a well guided unit that can be used for piercing, forming or flanging operations without the need for guiding within the tool, for operations with zero up to moderate side loading.

It consists of a Force Cylinder (1), cam slide (2), cam housing with flange fittings (3), anti-rotation plate (4), punch adapter (5) for the punch holder and a grease nipple (6).

The Power Unit (HCP) or Electrical Pump Unit (EHC) can be used to actuate the Cam until the internal inbuilt stop within the Cam is reached. The punch adapter is prevented from rotating by the anti-rotation plate.

A polyurethane stripper is recommended for piercing- or cutting operations to hold the panel down and strip the punch from the panel.



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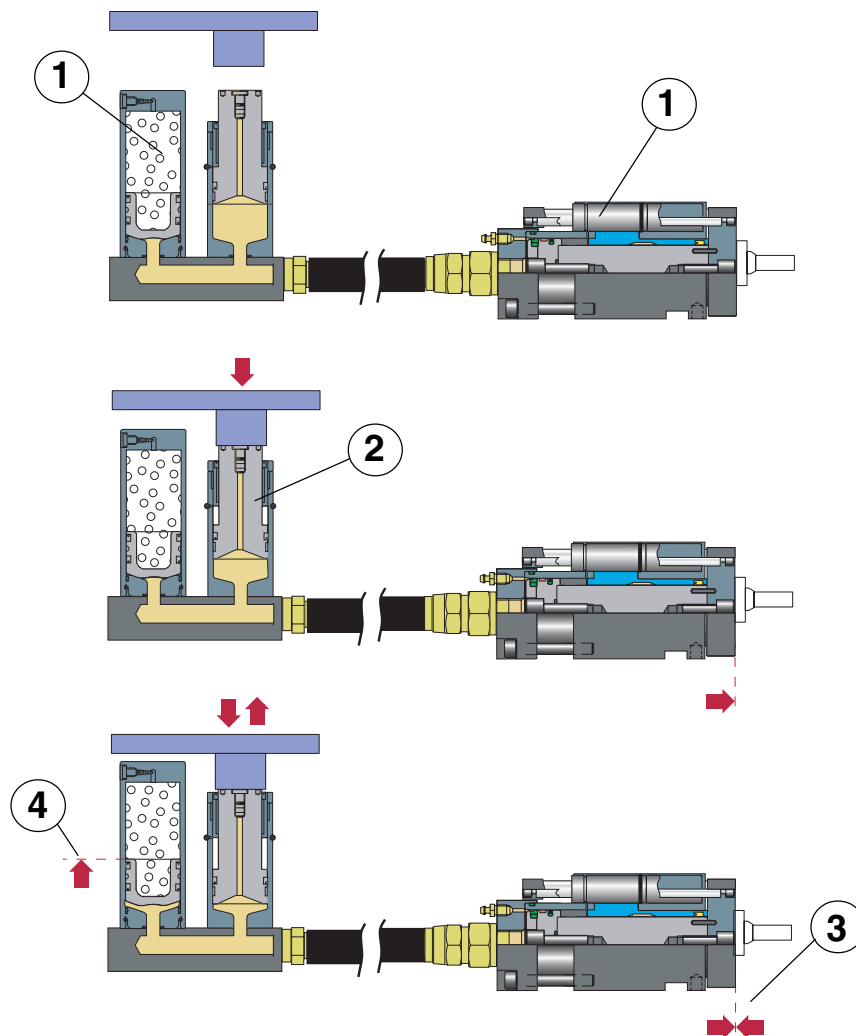
Function description

Normal use

The illustration below shows the Power Unit (HCP) and the Compact Cam (CC). The system works identically for a Compact Cam (CC), Flange Cam (CCF) or a Force Cylinder (HCF).

3 Before the press (or machine) activates the Power Unit the oil pressure is 0 bar but the Accumulator and the return Gas Springs in the Cam (or Force Cylinder) are charged with nitrogen (1). When the press strikes the piston in the Power Unit (2), the Cam will be actuated and the operation will thus be carried out.

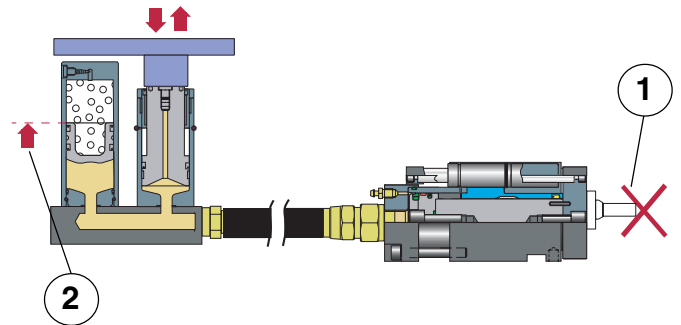
When the press returns upwards the movable parts will return to their original positions due to the return Gas Springs in the Cam (or nitrogen pressure in the Force Cylinder) and Accumulator.



Safety function

If the movement of the Cam is restricted in the tool (1), the piston in the Accumulator will be raised instead (2). The oil moves into the Accumulator to prevent over pressurisation of the system.

When the restriction has been removed the unit will function normally without needing to be refilled with oil.



Pressure build up in the system

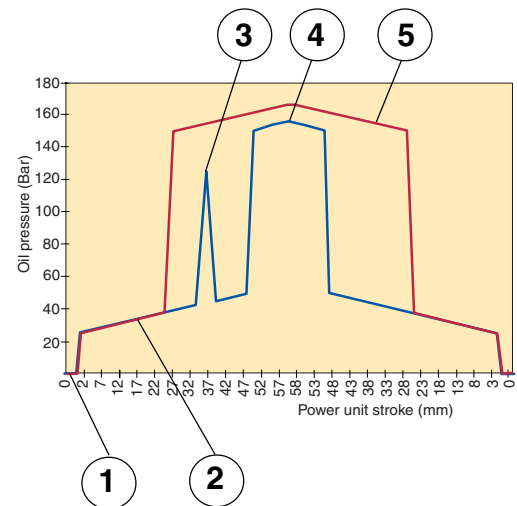
Before the Power Unit is activated the oil pressure is 0 bar (1).

The force from the gas pressure in the Cam Unit causes the oil pressure to increase (2).

The oil pressure will increase to create enough force needed to perform the operation (3).

When the Cam reaches its stop position the oil pressure increases to lift the piston in the Accumulator with a force equal to the nitrogen pressure (4) within the Accumulator.

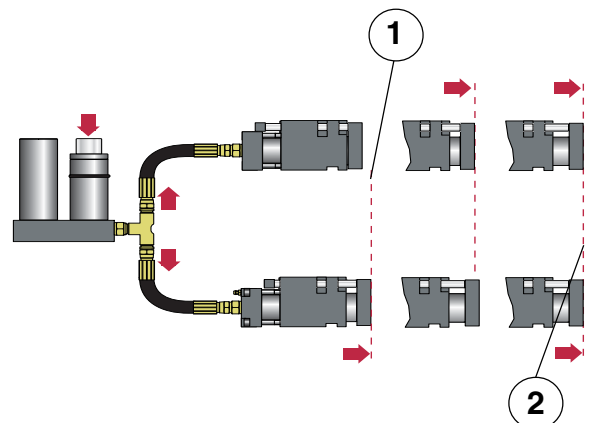
If the movement of the Cam is restricted the oil pressure will follow curve (5).



Connection of two or more Cam Units to one Power Unit

It is possible to connect up to three Cam Units to one Power Unit. Note that the movement of the Cams during the stroke are not synchronised (1) until the Cams are in the fully extended position (2).

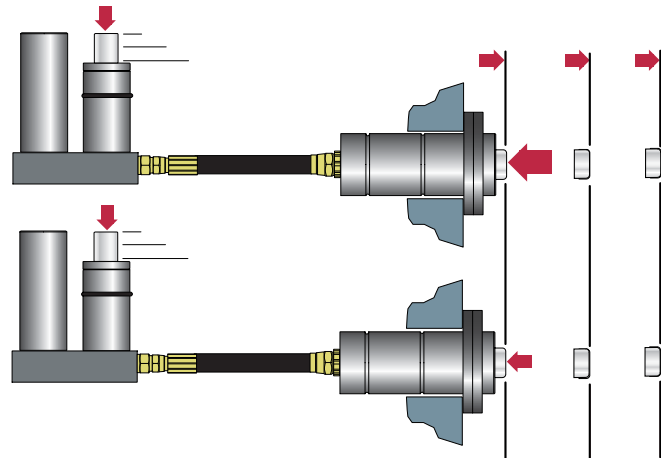
If more than three Cams are connected to one Power Unit the velocity in some of the Cams could be too high. The system could also be difficult to bleed and therefore is not recommended.



Parallel movement with two systems

For parallel movements where different forces may be required, it is recommended that two separate systems are used. For example, in order to move large pads in tools.

Here the movement of each Force Cylinder is synchronised regardless of the individual force required by each Force Cylinder.



Adapting Cam stroke ratios

If you use a large Power Unit (eg. HCP 040) connected to a small Cam Unit (eg. CC 015) the stroke of the Cam Unit will increase in relation to the stroke of the press.

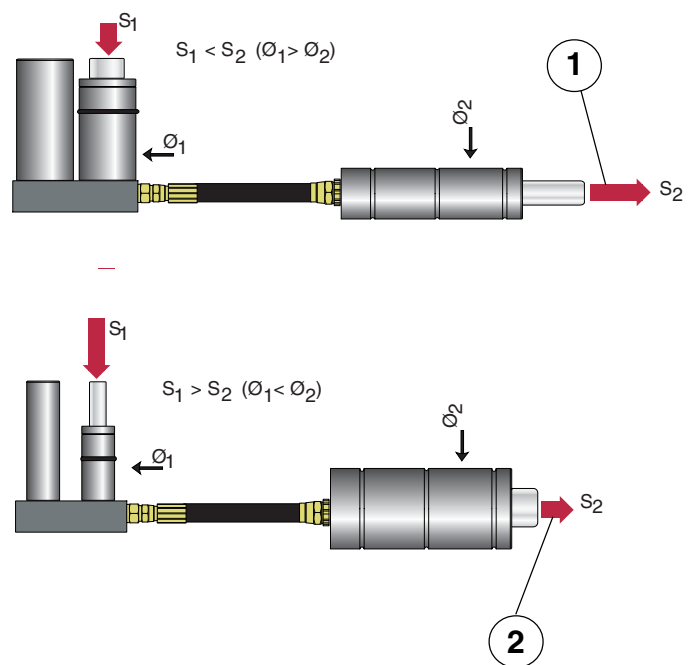
The difference in strokes is related to the stroke difference in piston areas. The stroke of the Cam Units will be faster than the stroke of the press (1).

$$(S_{\text{Press}} < S_{\text{Cam Unit}})$$

The opposite is also possible, shorter stroke of the Cam in relation to the press stroke (2).

$$(S_{\text{Press}} > S_{\text{Cam Unit}})$$

It is important that the velocity of the Cam does not exceed the specifications on page 9.7/1 "Technical data" See also page 9.6/4 "Component selection" step 5.



Installation examples

Application example using the Compact Cam

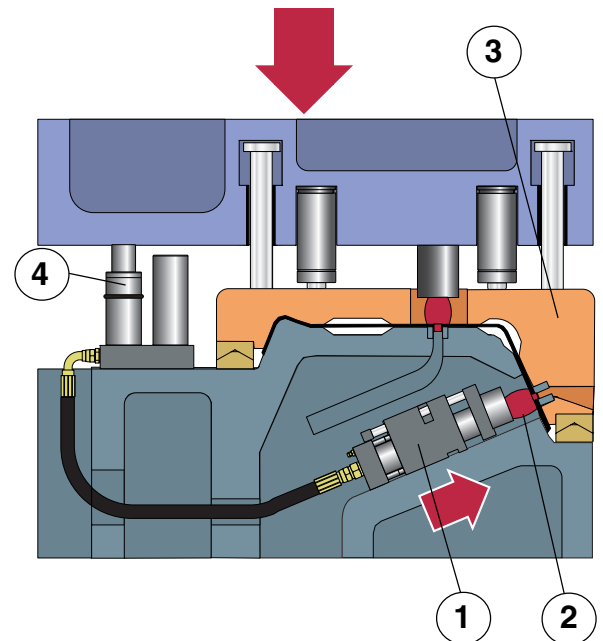
This example shows how a Compact Cam (1) can be used for piercing. The punch can be attached directly to the Cam Unit and no additional guides are required in the tool. As seen in the picture, the Power Unit can be placed remotely from the Cam Unit. This gives increased flexibility compared to a conventional mechanical solution. A stripper (2) on the punch is recommended.

Work cycle

As the upper tool moves downwards the blank holder (3) is activated and will keep the blank in position. The blank holder is guided relative to the lower die using V-blocks.

When the blank holder is in position the Power Unit (4) will be activated and the Cam Unit will perform the punch operation.

Note that the Power Unit can be mounted at any location and orientation to the Cam Unit/Force Cylinder and not just as is depicted in these examples.



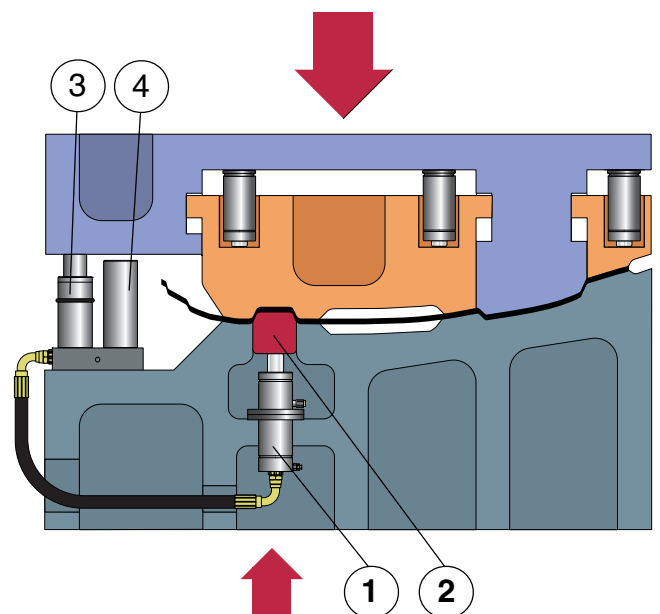
Application example using the Force Cylinder

This example shows how one or more Force Cylinders (1) can be used to drive forming punches (2) (or cam slides) in a tool. The punch (or slide) is guided in the tool. This method of driving tool 'components' allows for high flexibility in tool design. The Force Cylinder supplies the motion and force. Only pulling and pushing forces are possible.

Work cycle

As the upper tool moves downwards the blank holder is activated and will keep the blank in position. When the blank holder is in position the Power Unit (3) is activated thus activating the Force Cylinder.

The forming force can be adjusted by simply changing the pressure in the Accumulator (4).



Installations currently in operation

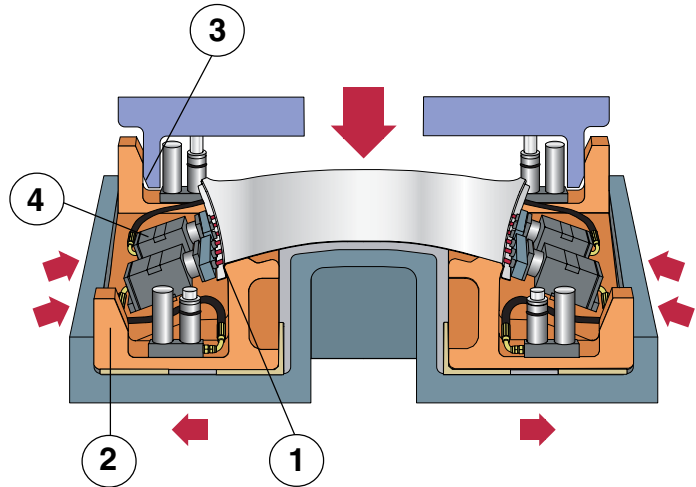
The following examples are of installations now running in production and illustrates some of the different ways the benefits of the Flex Cam are being used.

Example 1, Piercing 4 x 3 holes

12 holes are being pierced at an undercut angle (1). In this tool a mechanically driven pad (2) has been equipped with Flex Cams.

During the first part of the operation the pad is moved into position, using the angled part of the drivers (3). Once the pad is in position, the drivers become inoperative by only sliding on their vertical faces. The Power Units are activated and the holes are punched by the Cams (4).

Using this solution there is no longer the need for drivers at the punching position and therefore punching operations can easily be carried out perpendicularly to the blank.

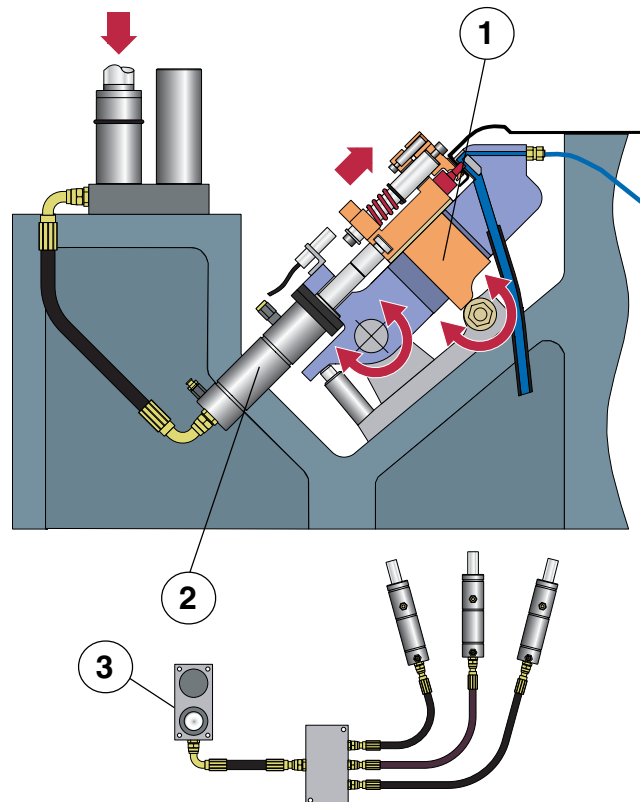


Example 2, Piercing 2 x 3 holes

6 holes are being punched at an undercut angle using Force Cylinders activating a pivoting piercing unit (1).

The picture shows the unit in its extended position (press at bottom dead centre). As the Force Cylinder (2) starts to move backwards, the punch retracts from the hole and thereafter the whole unit will pivot down allowing for the part to be removed. The reverse will happen as the press moves back down.

There are two systems in the tool, one on the left side, one on the right side. Each system consists of one Power Unit (3) driving three Force Cylinders.

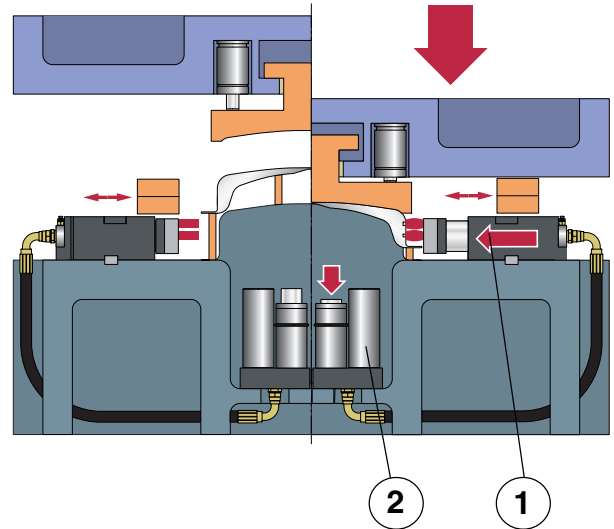


Example 3, Piercing 2 holes in two parts

In this tool two parts are being produced simultaneously. The left part of the picture shows the press at its upper position. The right part shows the press in its bottom position. Shown above the Cam Units are the transfer arms.

To allow the flange of the part to pass the punches, before the Cam Units are activated, a smaller size Cam Unit has been connected to a bigger size Power Unit. In this case a 1.5 tonne Cam 015 (1) connected to a 4 tonne Power Unit HCP 040 (2). This will give a stroke ratio of 2.5. (As the press/Power Unit moves 10 mm vertically, the Cam Unit will move 25 mm horizontally)

Two versions of the same part are produced, one with holes and one without. For the part without holes, the Power Unit is simply removed from the tool, thus disabling the Cam Units from making the holes.

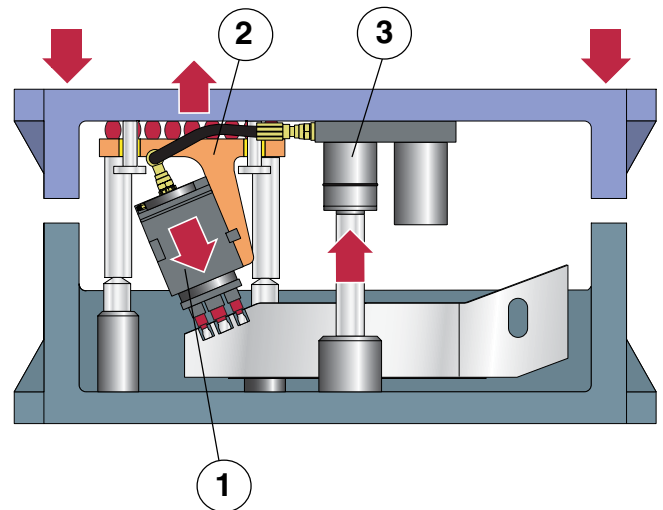


Example 4, Piercing 6 holes

This application uses an hydraulic cam system mounted upside down in the upper tool. The Cam Unit (1) is mounted on a floating die (2). The floating die is centred relative to the lower die using conical pillars and the die is backed up by springs. As the press moves downwards, and the floating die is centred, the Power Unit (3) is activated and the holes are punched.

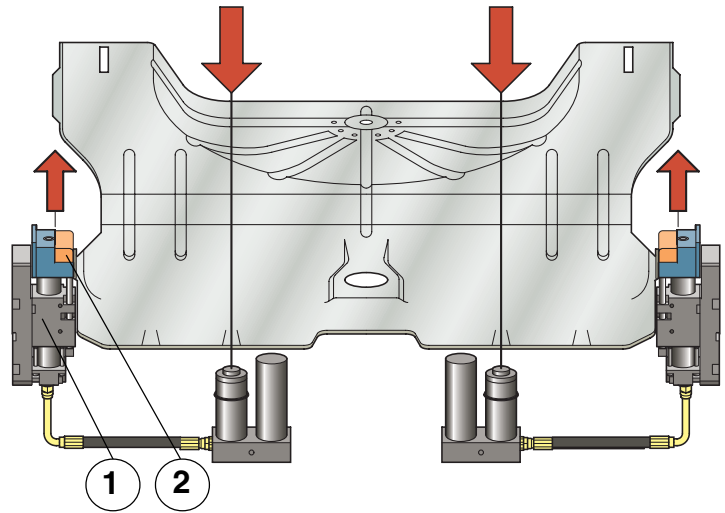
Prior to the installation of the hydraulic cam system, the holes were being punched at a vertical angle using oval shaped punches.

The production and quality enhancements, as a result of the installation of the Flex Cam, resulted in a payback time of three months for the system, including installation.



Example 5, Flanging

The picture shows a floor panel where Flange Cam Units (1) are being used for flanging upwards (2). All side loading forces associated with the flanging operation are taken up within the Flange Cam Units.



4

In this case the customer saves the cost of one complete tool, by using the Flex Cam, as these operations could be added to an existing tool. The other option would have been to produce a completely new tool with a floating pad.

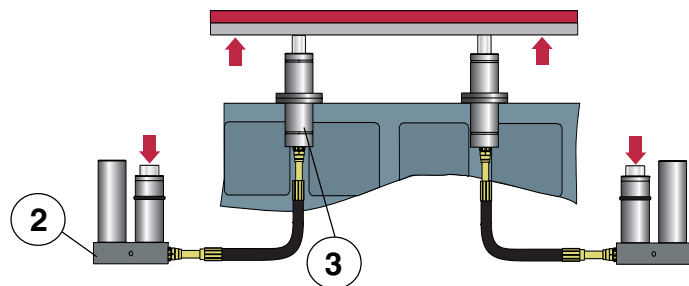
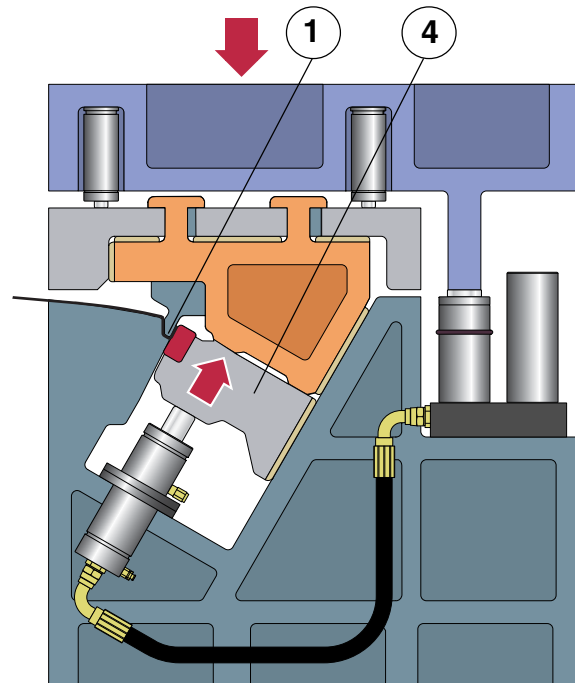
Example 6, Flanging a wide edge

In this tool two Force Cylinders are being used to drive a 800 mm wide flanging steel. As seen in the picture the flanging (1) is carried out at an angle opposite to the direction of the press motion.

To ensure a parallel movement at both ends of the flanging steel two separate cam systems are being used. Each system containing a Power Unit (2) and a Force Cylinder (3).

The flanging steel (4) is well guided in the tool and the Force Cylinders are only subject to axial forces.

Using the Flex Cam has simplified the design of the tool and therefore also reduced the tooling cost.



Advantages and possibilities of using Flex Cam

1. The number of tools required to produce a part can be reduced since flanging and piercing operations can now easily be performed within the same tool
2. The cost of the tool could be reduced due to a more simplified tool design
3. The system “drivers” do not have to be positioned close to the working Cam Units/ Force Cylinders. Drivers can be seated in any position to suit the design of the tool.
4. It is possible to add operations in existing tools to lower the costs of purchasing new tools
5. All units can be installed at any location and orientation to fit an existing tool, even upside-down
6. Built in safety feature against tool damage or over pressurisation of the system through the use of an Accumulator
7. Side load in the tool could be reduced because the Power Unit always works in a vertical direction
8. Even force distribution possible within the tool due to flexibility of Power Unit location
9. Increased quality of the produced parts and longer life of the punches is possible because the piercing is performed perpendicularly to the panel
10. The force of the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinders. can be altered to suit an operation by simply adjusting the nitrogen pressure in the Accumulator



Component selection

The following step by step instruction shows how to select the size of the units when taking into consideration the required forces, stroke length and the number of operations.

Step 1 (For piercing and cutting only)

Shear and stripping force calculations for piercing and cutting operations.

Sheet metal thickness..... : $t =$ _____ mm

Tensile strength..... : $\sigma =$ _____ N/mm²

Shearing strength ($\tau = \sigma \times 0.8$)..... : $\tau =$ _____ N/mm²

Diameter of punch..... : $d =$ _____ mm

(or)

Total cut length : $l =$ _____ mm

Piercing force F_p

Piercing a round hole

$$F_p = t \times \tau \times d \times \pi$$

Piercing or cutting

$$F_p = t \times \tau \times l$$

Example

Calculate force needed to pierce a $\varnothing 10.5$ mm hole in a 1.2 mm thick panel. Tensile strength is 400 N/mm². (Normally between 270 - 400 N/mm²).

$$F_p = 1.2 \times 400 \times 0.8 \times 10.5 \times \pi$$

$$F_p = 12667$$

$$F_p \approx 12.7 \text{ kN}$$

Stripping force F_s

$$F_s = F_p \times 0.11 \quad (\text{roughly 11\% of the required piercing force})$$

Example

$$F_s = 12667 \times 0.11$$

$$F_s = 1393$$

$$F_s \approx 1.4 \text{ kN}$$

Step 2 Size of Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder

Calculate the force required for the operation in the tool. Make sure to choose a Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder with enough force to perform the operation. If the amount of force required is a little uncertain it is better to use a larger size of Cam.

Required force (kN)	Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder
0-15	015
15-40	040
40-60	060
60-90	090
90-150	150

Example

Choose a Cam Unit 040 if the required force is 22 kN.

Required force:

_____ kN

Size Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder:

6

Step 3 Stroke length of Cam Unit/Force Cylinder

Check the necessary stroke of the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder to perform the operation in the tool. Choose the shortest stroke length but make sure that there is enough room for the produced part in the tool.

Required stroke length (mm)	Max stroke length, Cam Unit (mm)	Max stroke length, Force Cylinder (mm)
0-24	24	25
24-49	49	50
49-99	99*	100

* This stroke length is not available for Compact Cam 015

Example

If the required stroke is 35 mm choose a Cam Unit/Force Cylinder with 50 mm stroke length.

Stroke length Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder:

_____ mm

Step 4 Order number for the Cam Unit/Force Cylinder

Choose the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder depending on the type of the operation.

See also page 9.2/2, 9.4/1 and 9.8/1.

Example

The order number for the 40kN Compact Cam with 49 mm stroke length will be CC 040-049.

Compact Cam:

CC _____ - _____

Flange Cam:

CCF _____ - _____

Force Cylinder:

HCF _____ - _____

6

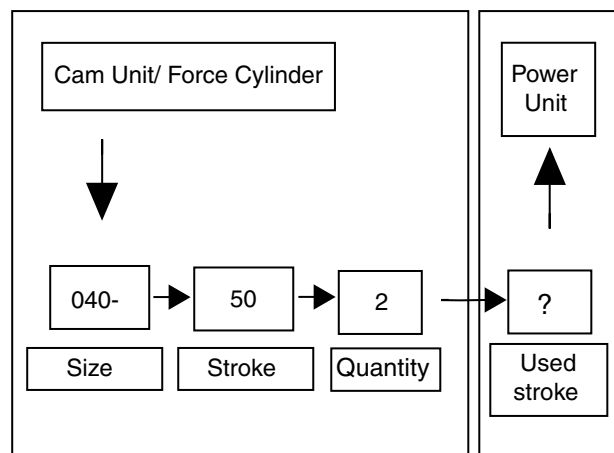
Step 5a Size and stroke of Power Unit

Step 5a is valid when using 1-3 Cam Units/ Force Cylinders of equal sizes connected to one Power Unit. Step 5b is valid when different Cam Units/ Force Cylinders are connected to one single Power Unit.

Use the table below to choose the Power Unit. Read the table in the following order: Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder – Size – Stroke – Quantity – Power Unit. Check always that your available press stroke = used stroke Power Unit.

More than three Cam Units/ Force Cylinders connected to one Power Unit is not recommended.

Do not exceed the maximum Cam velocity, see also page 9.7/1.



CAM UNIT / FORCE CYL.			POWER UNIT / Used stroke / Ratio CAM UNIT or FORCE CYL.- POWER UNIT														
Size	Stroke	Qty	HCP 015-			HCP 040-			HCP 060-			HCP 090-			HCP 150-		
			Used Stroke	Ratio		Used Stroke	Ratio		Used Stroke	Ratio		Used Stroke	Ratio		Used Stroke	Ratio	
015-	25	1	35	35	1.0	35	20	2.5	35	16	4.0	35	14	6.3	35	13	9.8
	25	2	60	60	0.5	35	30	1.2	35	23	2.0	35	18	3.1	35	15	4.9
	25	3	110	85	0.3	60	40	0.8	35	29	1.3	35	22	2.1	35	18	3.3
	50	1	60	60	1.0	35	30	2.5	35	23	4.0	35	18	6.3	35	15	9.8
	50	2	110	110	0.5	60	50	1.2	35	35	2.0	35	26	3.1	35	20	4.9
	50	3				110	70	0.8	60	48	1.3	35	34	2.1	35	25	3.3
	100	1	110	110	1.0	60	50	2.5	35	35	4.0	35	26	6.3	35	20	9.8
	100	2				110	91	1.2	60	60	2.0	60	42	3.1	35	30	4.9
	100	3				160	131	0.8	110	85	1.3	60	58	2.1	60	41	3.3
040-	25	1	110	72	0.4	35	35	1.0	35	26	1.6	35	20	2.5	35	16	3.9
	25	2				60	60	0.5	60	41	0.8	35	30	1.3	35	23	2.0
	25	3				110	85	0.3	60	57	0.5	60	40	0.8	35	29	1.3
	50	1				60	60	1.0	60	41	1.6	35	30	2.5	35	23	3.9
	50	2				110	110	0.5	110	72	0.8	60	50	1.3	35	35	2.0
	50	3				160	160	0.3	110	103	0.5	110	70	0.8	60	48	1.3
	100	1				110	110	1.0	110	72	1.6	60	50	2.5	35	35	3.9
	100	2							160	134	0.8	110	89	1.3	60	60	2.0
	100	3										160	129	0.8	110	86	1.3
060-	25	1	110	110	0.3	60	50	0.6	35	35	1.0	35	26	1.6	35	20	2.4
	25	2				110	91	0.3	60	60	0.5	60	42	0.8	35	30	1.2
	25	3				160	131	0.2	110	85	0.3	60	58	0.5	60	41	0.8
	50	1				110	91	0.6	60	60	1.0	60	42	1.6	35	30	2.4
	50	2							110	110	0.5	110	74	0.8	60	51	1.2
	50	3							160	160	0.3	110	106	0.5	110	71	0.8
	100	1							110	110	1.0	110	74	1.6	60	51	2.4
	100	2										160	138	0.8	110	92	1.2
090-	25	1				110	73	0.4	60	49	0.6	35	35	1.0	35	26	1.6
	25	2				160	136	0.2	110	88	0.3	60	60	0.5	60	42	0.8
	25	3							160	127	0.2	110	85	0.3	60	58	0.5
	50	1				160	136	0.4	110	88	0.6	60	60	1.0	60	42	1.6
	50	2										110	110	0.5	110	74	0.8
	50	3										160	160	0.3	110	106	0.5
	100	1										110	110	1.0	110	74	1.6
150-	25	1				110	108	0.3	110	71	0.4	60	49	0.6	35	35	1.0
	25	2							160	132	0.2	110	88	0.3	60	60	0.5
	25	3										160	127	0.2	110	85	0.3
	50	1							160	132	0.4	110	88	0.6	60	60	1.0
	50	2													110	110	0.5
	100	1													110	110	1.0

Combinations of Cam Units and Power Unit marked are normally not recommended as maximum Cam velocities can be exceeded if Power Unit is stroked too quickly. See also the following examples.

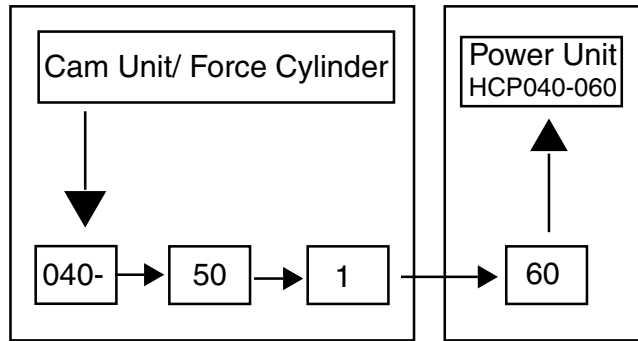


See also the following examples:

Example 1.

If you have chosen one Compact Cam Unit CC 040-049 the normal Power Unit will be HCP 040-060. The used stroke of the Power Unit is 60 mm. The ratio will be 1.0 which gives the same Compact Cam stroke velocity as the press.

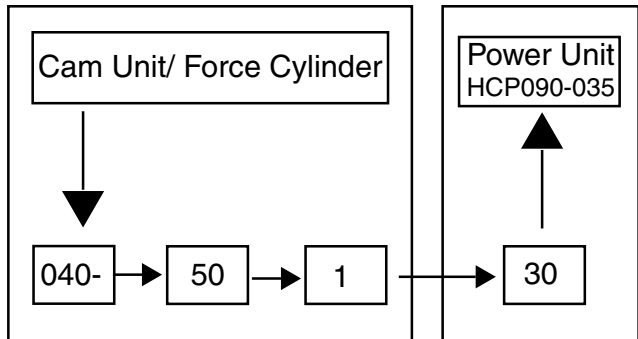
(Press stroke 10 mm - Cam stroke 10 mm).



Example 2.

If it is possible to use only 30 mm of stroke from the press to perform an operation, choose a larger Power Unit HCP 090-035 connected to one Cam Unit CC 040-049. The used stroke of the Power Unit will be 30 mm and the ratio 2.5. If the press speed is 0.3 m/s the Cam speed will be $2.5 \times 0.3 = 0.75$ m/s.

(Press stroke 10 mm - Cam stroke 25 mm).



The used stroke of the Power Unit and the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder can always be optimised to suit the situation in the tool. In some installations it is necessary to increase the velocity of the Cam relative to the press. Note that the movement of the Cams during the stroke is not equal when more than one cam is connected to the Power Unit.

Example 3.

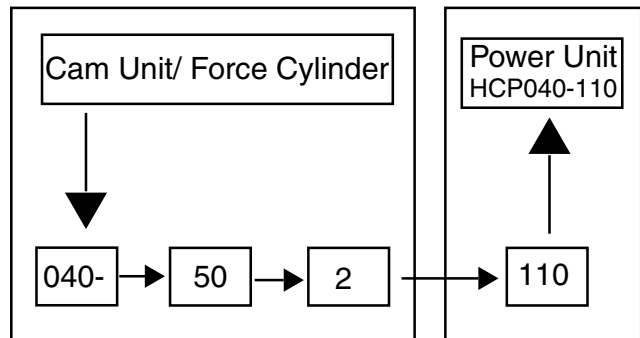
If you choose to use two Cam Units of size CC 040-049 and have a possible 110 mm of the press stroke available then use Power Unit HCP 040-110. The used stroke of the Power Unit will be 110 mm and the ratio 0.5.

If the press speed is 0.3 m/s the medium velocity of the Cams will be $0.5 \times 0.3 = 0.15$ m/s.

(Press stroke 10 mm - Cam stroke approximately 5 mm).

Power Unit order number:

See also page 9.4/1 and 9.8/1.



Power Unit:

HCP _____ - _____

Step 5b Size and stroke of Power Unit using different sizes of Cam Units/ Force Cylinders

Determine first the total oil volume for the Cam Units/ Force Cylinders using the formula below. The total oil volume is the sum of the volumes of all Cam Units/ Force Cylinders. The volume is the piston area times the used stroke. The total oil volume V_c for the Cam Units/ Force Cylinders = minimum oil volume for the Power Unit in dm^3 . A_n is the piston area in the Cam Units in dm^2 as shown in Table 1.

$$V_c = ((A_1 \times S_1) + (A_2 \times S_2) \dots (A_n \times S_n))/100$$

A_n = Area, Cam Unit

S_n = Stroke length, Cam Unit

Choose the appropriate Power Unit from Table 2. The Power Unit has to give at least the minimum volume of oil as calculated above. Calculate the used stroke S_p of the Power Unit using the formula below:

$$S_p = ((V_c / V_{HCP}) * S_{HCP}) + 10$$

V_c = Total oil volume Cam Units/ Force Cyl.

V_{HCP} = Oil volume Power Unit

S_{HCP} = Stroke Power Unit

Note, the additional 10 mm is required so that a precise Cam stroke is performed. See 9.3/1 for a Function Description.

See also the following example:

Choose a Power Unit to supply one Compact Cam CC 015-049 and one Force Cylinder HCF 040-050 with only 40 mm used stroke.

$$V_c = ((A_{CC} \times S_{CC}) + (A_{HCF} \times S_{HCF}))/100$$

$$V_c = ((0.13 \times 49) + (0.31 \times 40))/100$$

(See Table 1)

$$V_c = 0.189$$

Table 1. Piston area for the Cam Units/ Force Cylinders

CC HCF	015	040	060	090	150
A_n (dm^2)	0.13	0.31	0.50	0.79	1.23

Total oil volume Cam Units/ Force Cylinders:

$$V_c = \text{_____} \text{dm}^3$$

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Table 2. Oil volume Power Unit V_{HCP}

Stroke length S_{HCP}	HCP				
	015	040	060	090	150
25 mm	0.031	0.078	0.126	0.196	0.307
50 mm	0.063	0.156	0.251	0.393	0.614
100 mm	0.126	0.312	0.502	0.785	1.227
150 mm	0.188	0.468	0.753	1.178	1.841

Used stroke Power Unit:

$$S_p = \text{_____} \text{mm}$$

Choose a Power Unit with more than 0.189 dm³ oil volume for example HCP 060-60 which has 0.251 dm³. (Another alternative HCP 040-110.) Calculate used stroke of the Power Unit:

$$S_p = ((V_c / V_p) \times S_{HCP}) + 10$$

$$S_p = ((0.189 / 0.251) \times 50) + 10$$

$$S_p = 48 \text{ mm}$$

In the above example, a Power Unit HCP 060-060 is recommended with a used stroke of 48 mm. Do not exceed the specified velocity of the Cam Units/ Force Cylinders according to page 9.7/1 "Technical data". Remember also that one of the Cams will move slightly before the other one when using two Cams coupled to one Power Unit.

Step 6

Choose hose and adapters according to page 9.8/27 "Dimensions for accessories". **Maximum hose length between Power Unit and Cam Unit is 2 m.** The size of the hose is always set by the size of the Power Unit. The size of the hose is adapted for the oil flow according to the velocities in page 9.7/1 "Technical data".

If you need a smaller hose than our normal specifications, check your press velocity and refer to Table 1.

It is easiest to choose the correct hose length when the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder and the Power Unit are installed in the tool.

Make sure that the hose is long enough and is protected against sharp edges and external damage. The hose will flex a little due to the oil pressure pulsation during operation. Make sure the minimum bending radius of the hoses when installed are not below that which is specified.

Table 1

Power unit	Hose size - Press velocity			
	Standard size Max velocity 0.8 m/s	0.6 m/s	0.4 m/s	0.2 m/s
HCP 015	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"
HCP 040	3/4"	3/4"	1/2"	1/2"
HCP 060	1"	3/4"	3/4"	1/2"
HCP 090	1"	1"	3/4"	1/2"
HCP 150	1 1/4"	1 1/4"	1"	3/4"

Technical data

Capacity and performance

The forces in the table below are valid when the following gas pressures are used

Accumulator	150 bar
Force Cylinder	20 bar
CC 015-040, CCF 040 Return spring M2 200	180 bar
CC 060 Return springs X 350	180 bar
CC 090 Return spring TU 500	150 bar
CC 150 Return spring X 750	150 bar

Description	Unit	Force Cylinder					Compact Cam					Flange Cam	Power Unit				
		HCF					CC					CCF	HCP				
Force (size)	kN	15	40	60	90	150	15	40	60	90	150	40	15	40	60	90	150
Initial return force	kN	2	5	8	13	21	2	4	7	10	15	4	---	---	---	---	---
Max frequency	op/min	60			30		60			30		60	60			30	
Max velocity	m/s	0.8					0.8					0.8	0.8				
Max return velocity	m/s	0,8					0,8					0.8	0,8				
Min gas pressure	bar	10					125			105		125	50				
Max gas pressure	bar	40					180			150		180	180				
Stroke length	mm	25, 50, 100					24, 49, 99*					49	35, 60, 110, 160**				
Expected life time	op.	1x10 ⁶					1x10 ⁶					1x10 ⁶	1x10 ⁶				
Surrounding temp	°C	10-40					10-40					10-40	10-40				

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* not CC 015

** not HCP 015 and HCP 150

Other values than those specified in the table above could be accepted under special conditions or combinations of stroke length, velocity and frequency.

Other specifications

The hydraulic oil Shell Tellus TX 32 is the recommended oil as defined below:

DIN 51524 HVLP ISO VG 32

Purity ISO 4406 15/12 (with 10µm filter)

Nitrogen:

Nitrogen N₂ >99.95 vol %

Water H₂O < 40 ppm



Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder force as a function of nitrogen pressure in the Accumulator

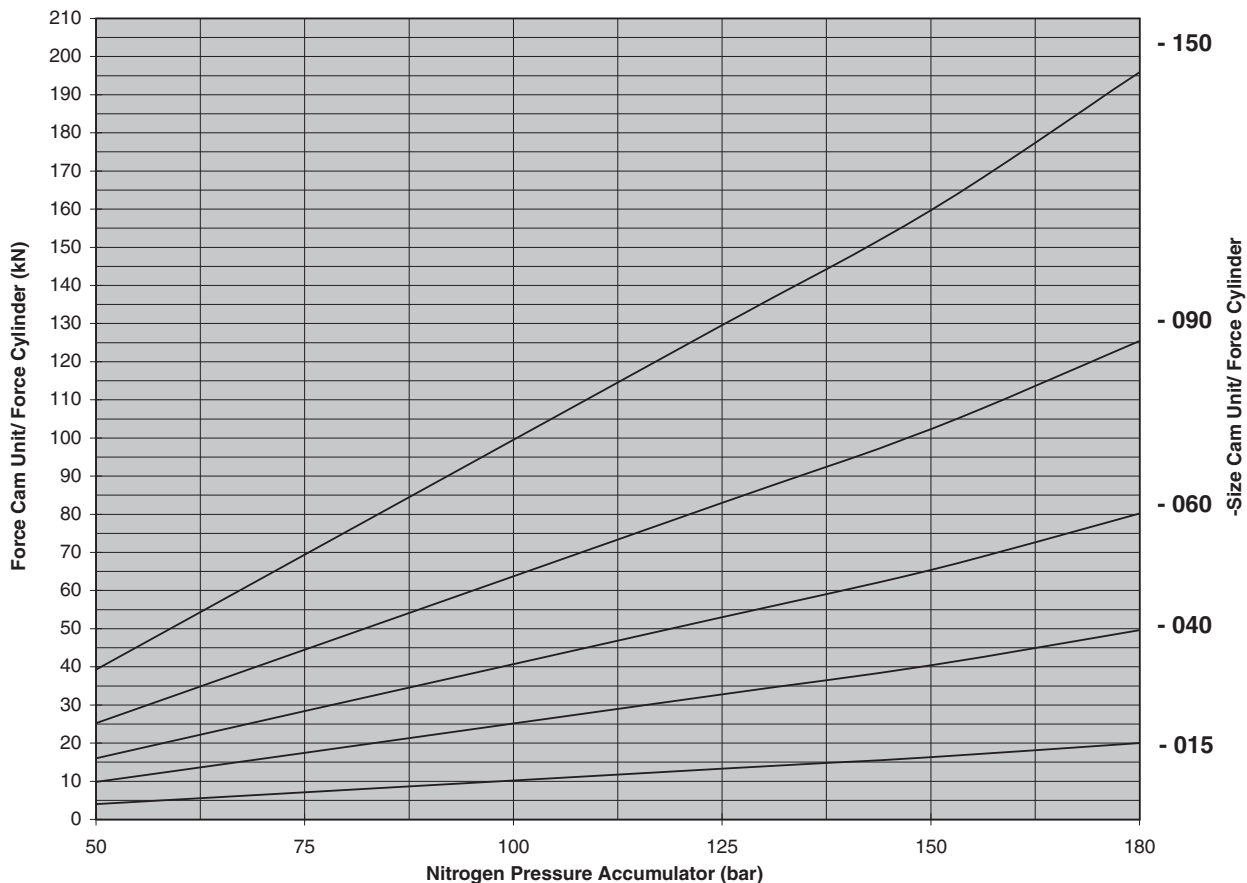
If you need to increase or decrease the force of the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder, it is possible to change the nitrogen pressure according to the diagram below.

Example.

A Force Cylinder size 040 is used to perform a forming operation. With the normal Accumulator charge pressure of 150 bar, this Force Cylinder gives 40 kN. If 25 kN of force is required then the Accumulator charge pressure should be reduced to 100 bar instead.

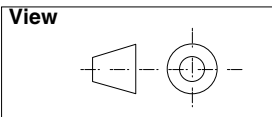
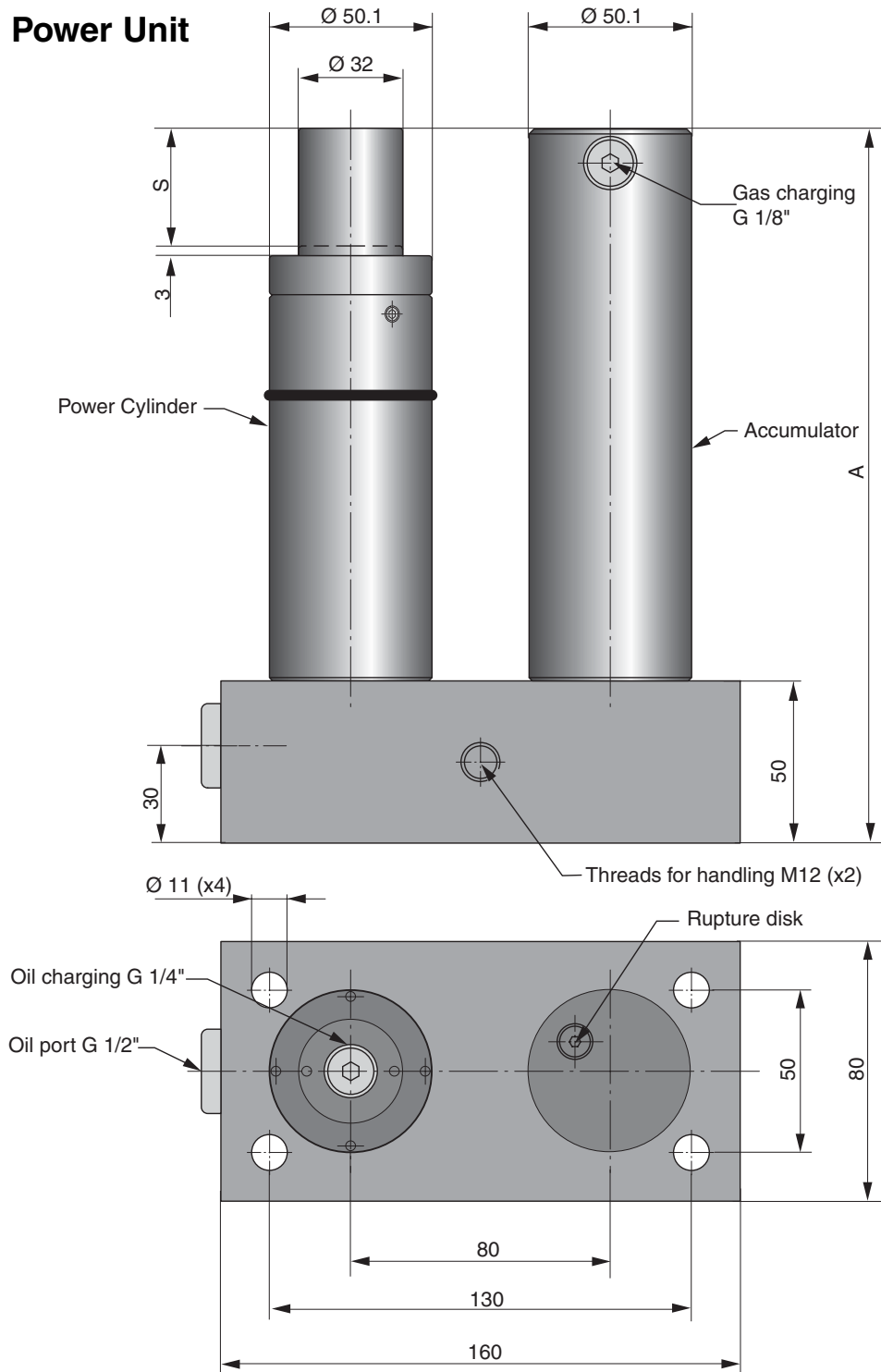
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Force Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder - Nitrogen Pressure Accumulator



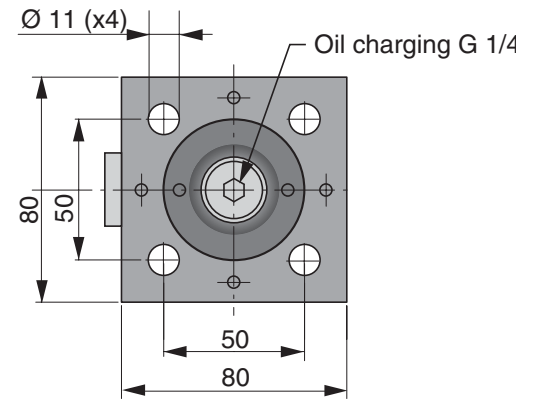
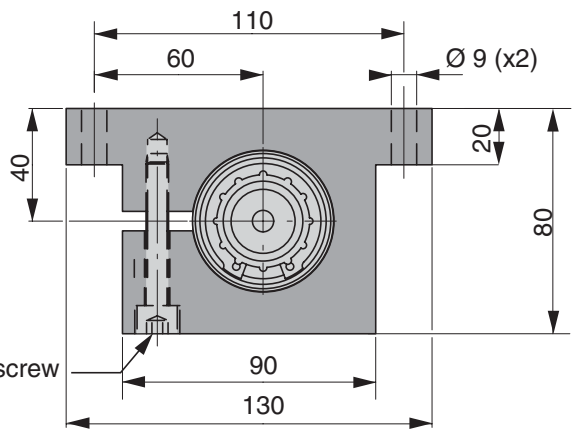
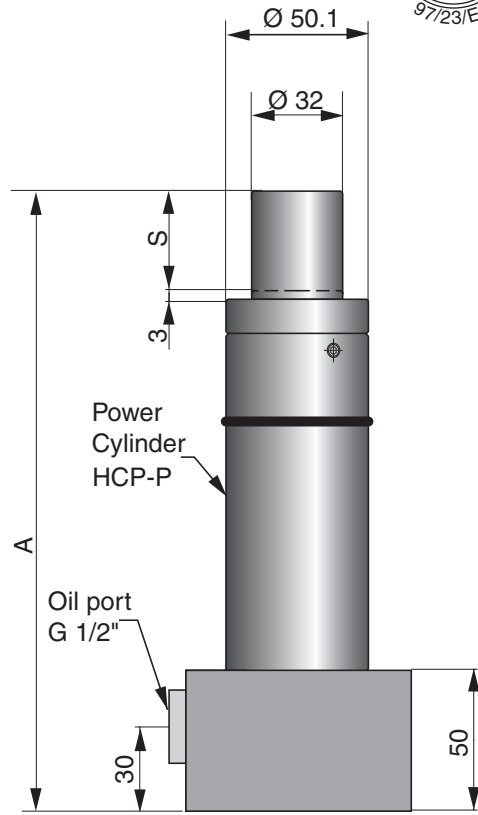
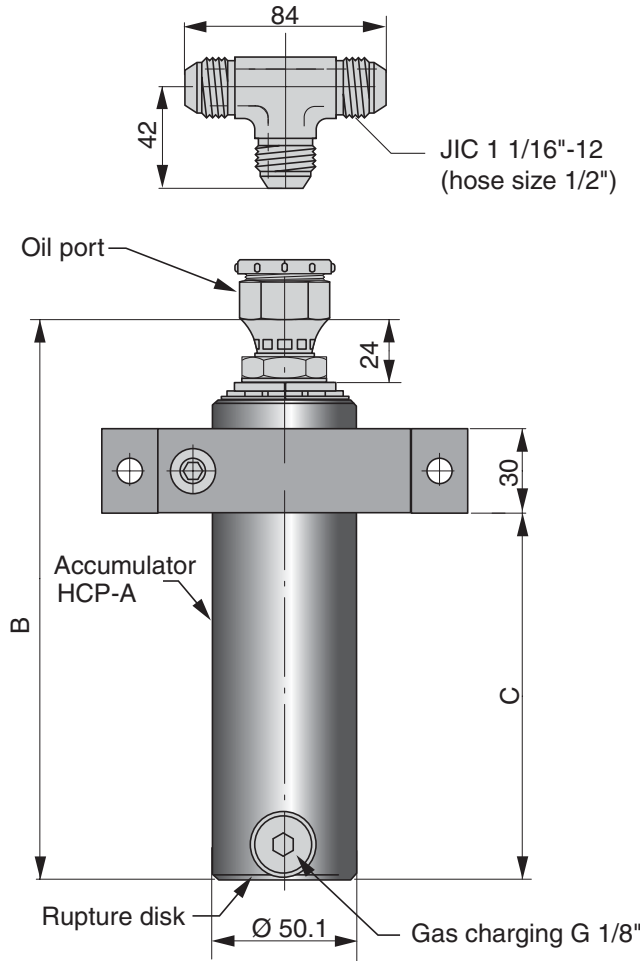
Dimensions for Power and Cam Units/ Force Cylinder

HCP 015 Power Unit



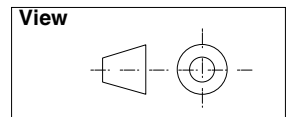
Order No.	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCP 015-035	15	35	220	8.2
HCP 015-060	15	60	270	9.1
HCP 015-110	15	110	370	10.5

HCP-S 015 Power Unit, with Separate Accumulator



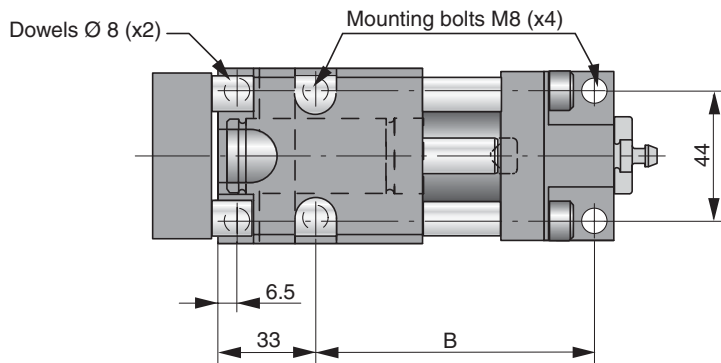
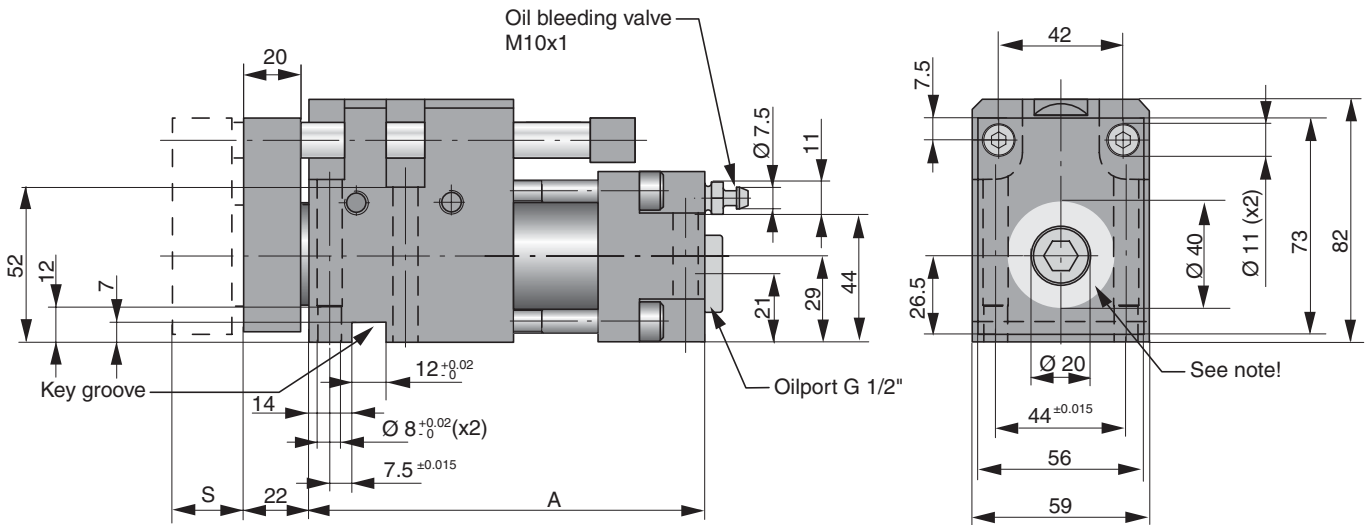
Note! The Mounting screw (M8) should be tightened with torque 25Nm

Order No. Complete Power Unit HCP-S	Weight (kg)	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Order No. Separate Power Cylinder HCP-P	Weight (kg)	Order No. Separate Accumulator HCP-A	Weight (kg)
HCP-S 015 -035	7.3	15	35	220	201	130	HCP-P 015 -035	4.3	HCP-A 015 -035	3.0
HCP-S 015 -060	8.1	15	60	270	251	180	HCP-P 015 -060	4.7	HCP-A 015 -060	3.4
HCP-S 015 -110	9.6	15	110	370	351	280	HCP-P 015 -110	5.5	HCP-A 015 -110	4.1



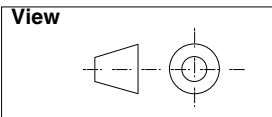
Note! The Accumulator should always be used in the system.

CC 015 Compact Cam



Note! Important installation information:
 We recommend locating the punch in the centre of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch or punches will create during the operations within the area marked .

When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit against sideload.

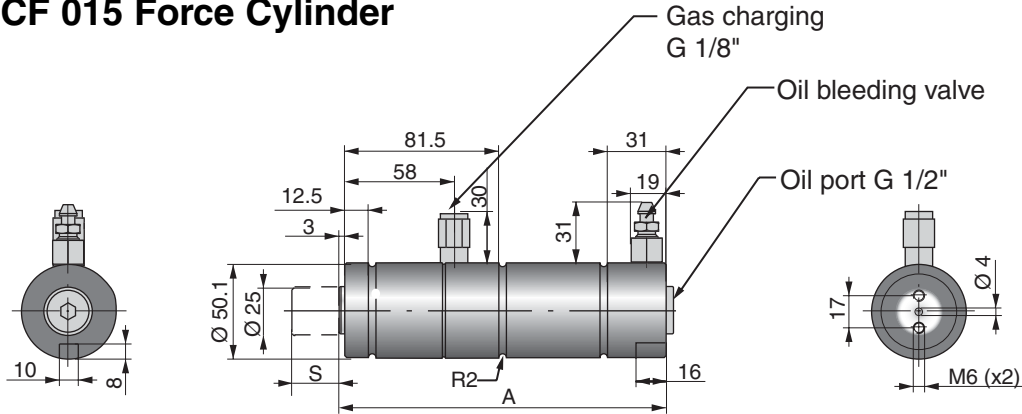


Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	Weight (Kg)
CC 015-024	15	1.5	24	133.5	94	4.2
CC 015-049	15	1.5	49	158.5	119	4.6

* = Nominal force available for the operation



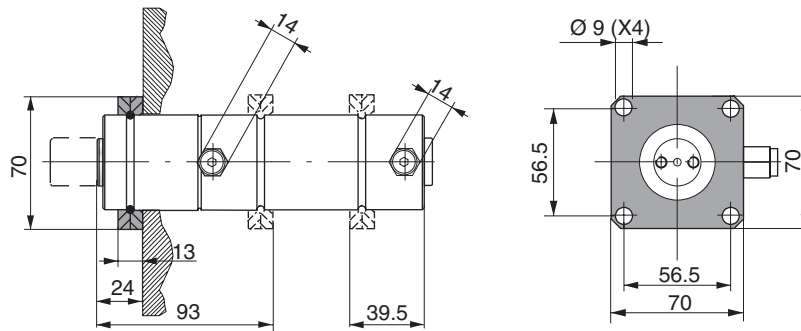
HCF 015 Force Cylinder



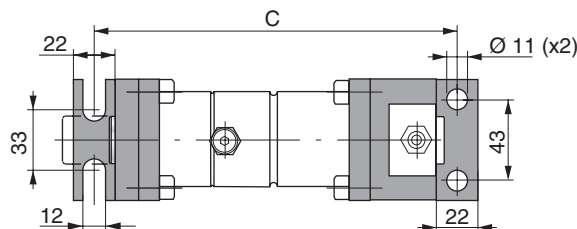
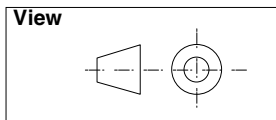
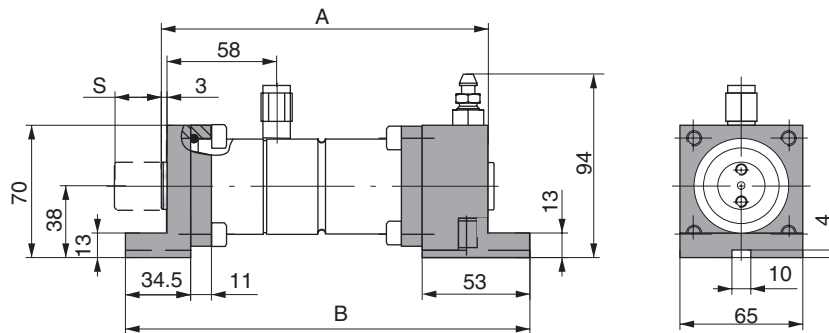
Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force* (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCF 015-025	15	3	25	173	2.3
HCF 015-050	15	3	50	223	2.8
HCF 015-100	15	3	100	323	3.8

*= Nominal force for the operation

Flange mount HCF 015 Order No. 2014677-0750 (Mount only)

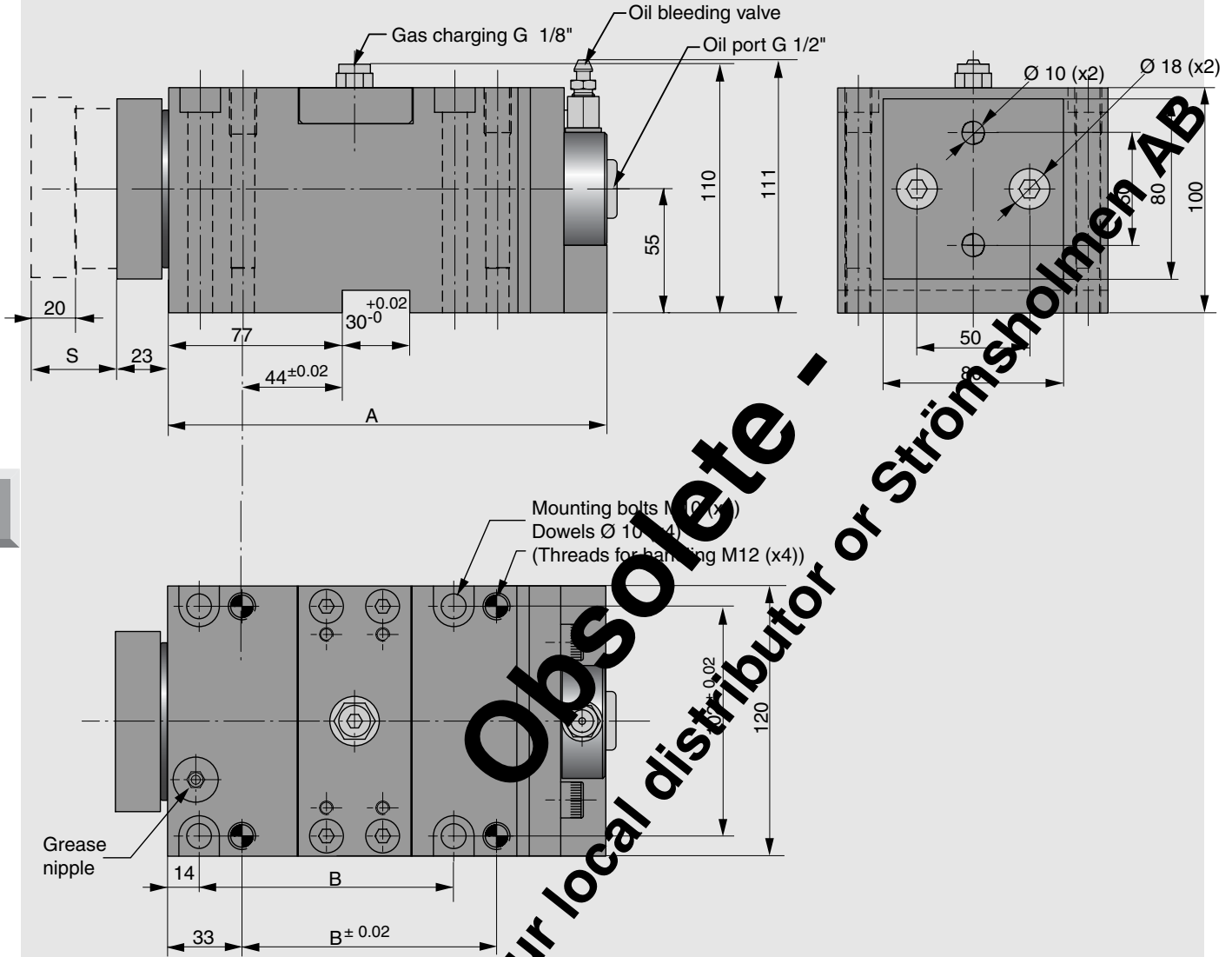


Foot mount HCF 015 Order No. 3016977-015 (Mounts only)



Model	A	B	C
HCF 015-025	173	214	192
HCF 015-050	223	264	242
HCF 015-100	323	364	342

HCC 015 Cam Unit



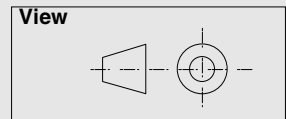
8

Obsoleto - Contact your local distributor or Strömsholmen AB

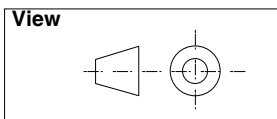
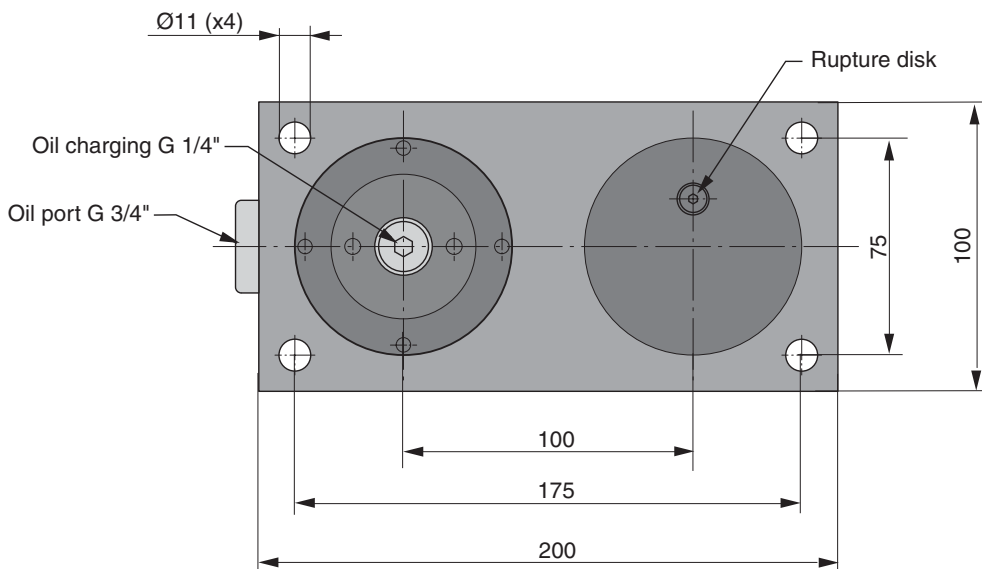
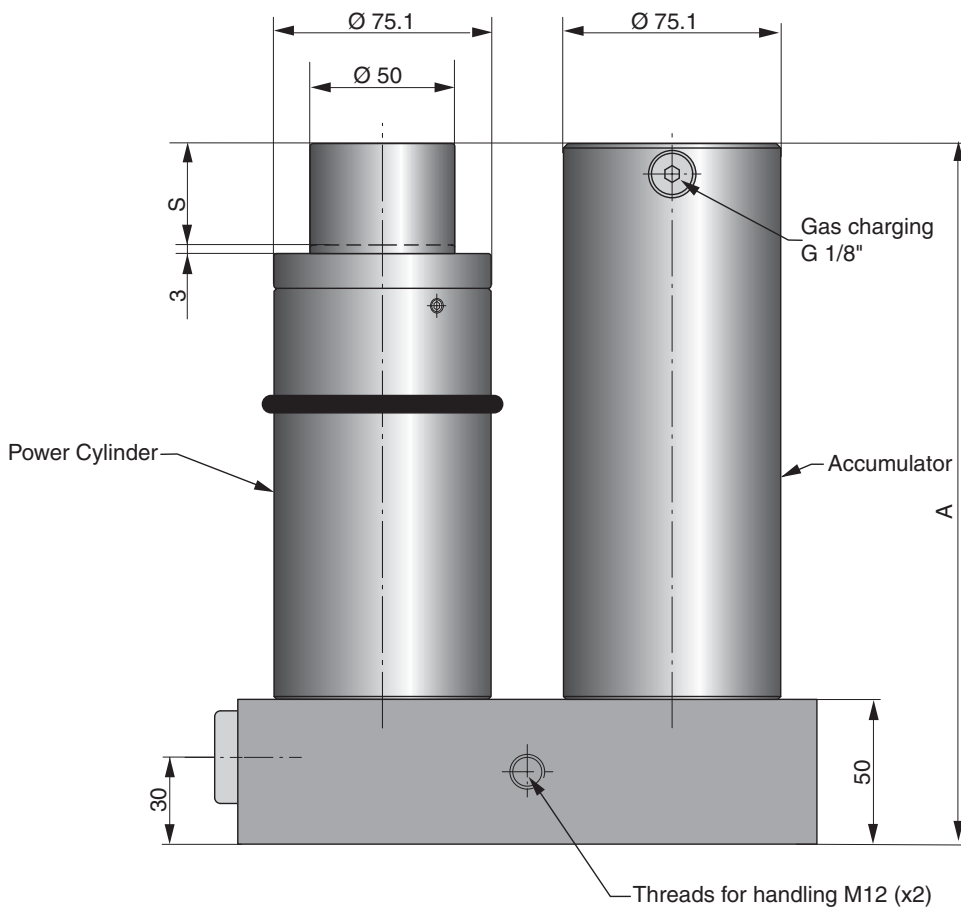
This product is being phased out and will be replaced by CC 015 and CC-H 015

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B
HCC 015-025	15	3	25	195	113
HCC 015-050	15	3	50	245	163
HCC 015-100	15	3	100	345	263

* = Nominal force available for the operation

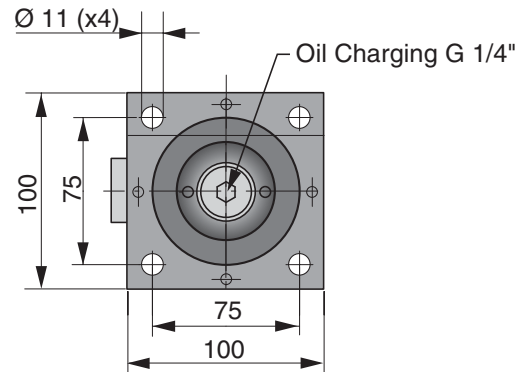
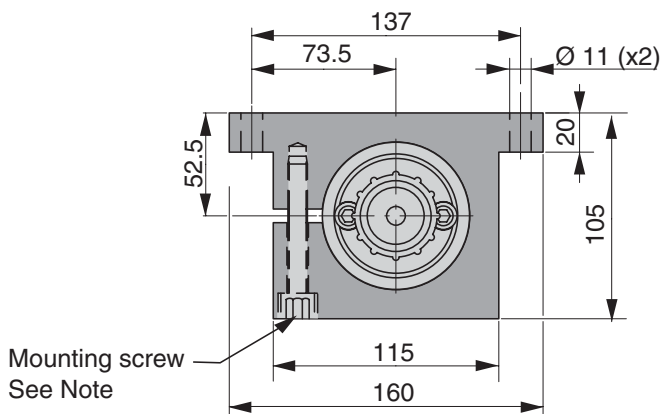
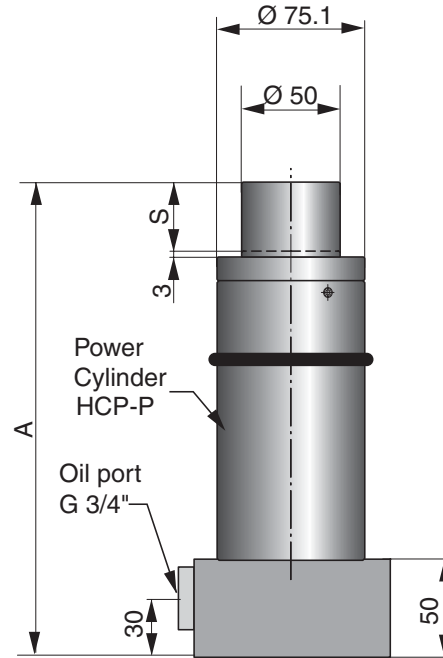
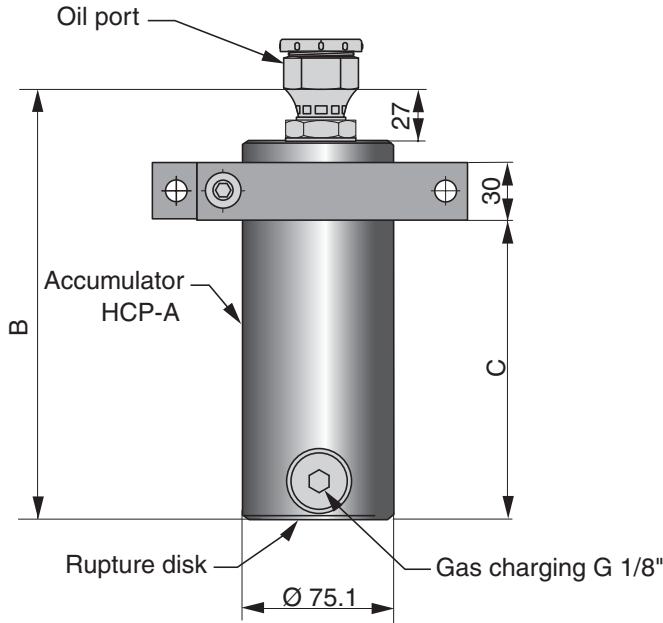
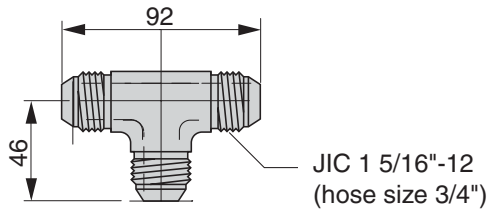


HCP 040 Power Unit



Order No.	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCP 040-035	40	35	242	15.7
HCP 040-060	40	60	292	16.8
HCP 040-110	40	110	392	19.1
HCP 040-160	40	160	492	21.3

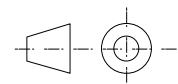
HCP-S 040 Power Unit, with Separate Accumulator



Note! The mounting screw (M10) should be tightened with torque 52Nm.

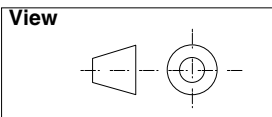
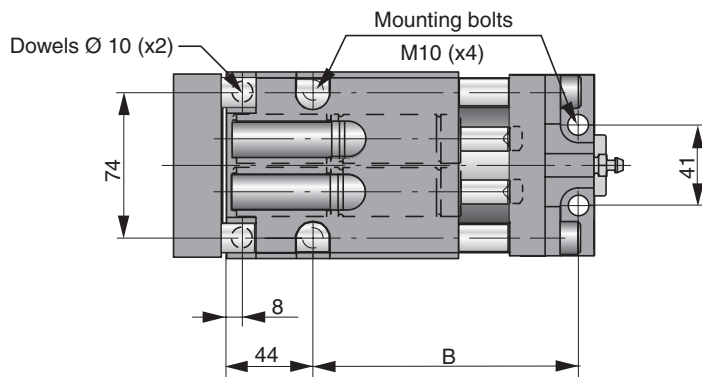
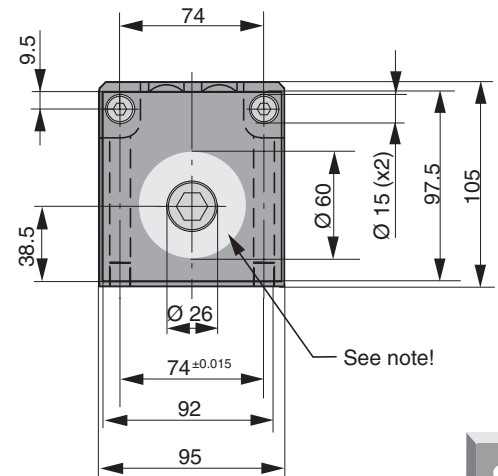
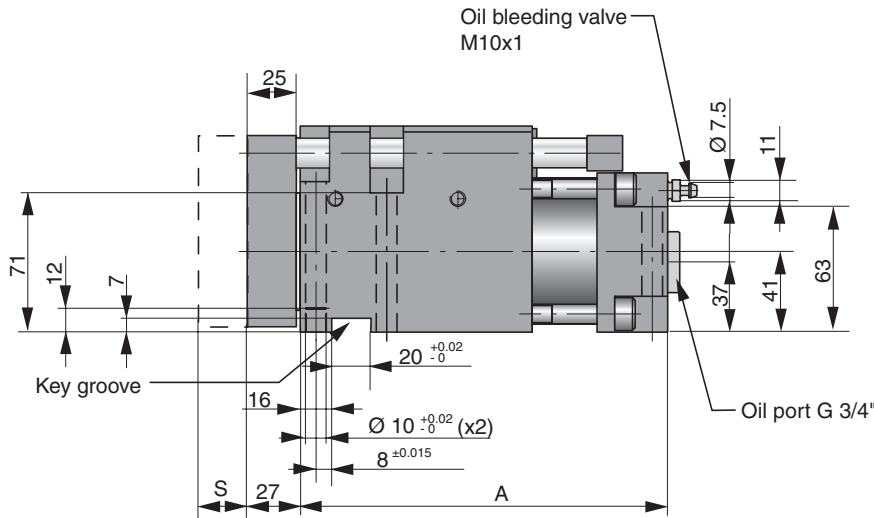
Order No. Complete Power Unit HCP-S	Weight (kg)	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Order No. Separate Power Cylinder HCP-P	Weight (kg)	Order No. Separate Accumulator HCP-A	Weight (kg)
HCP-S 040 -035	14.0	40	35	242	219	152	HCP-P 040 -035	8.2	HCP-A 040 -035	5.8
HCP-S 040 -060	15.0	40	60	292	269	202	HCP-P 040 -060	8.7	HCP-A 040 -060	6.3
HCP-S 040 -110	17.4	40	110	392	369	302	HCP-P 040 -110	10.0	HCP-A 040 -110	7.4
HCP-S 040 -160	19.6	40	160	492	469	402	HCP-P 040 -160	11.2	HCP-A 040 -16	8.4

View



Note! The Accumulator should always be used in the system.

CC 040 Compact Cam



Note! Important installation information:

We recommend locating the punch in the center of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch will create in the operations within the area marked .

When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit against sideload.

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	weight (kg)
CC 040-024	40	4	24	187	135	10.5
CC 040-049	40	4	49	212	160	12.8
CC 040-099	40	4	99	262	210	15.0

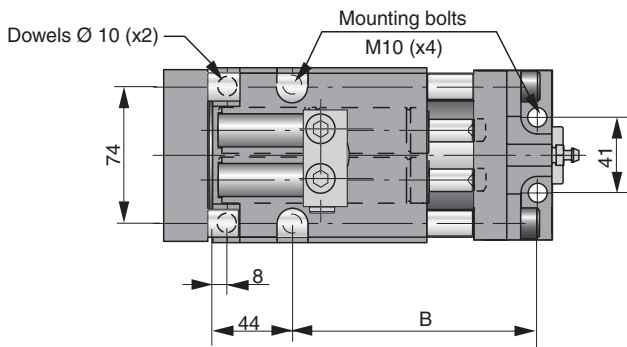
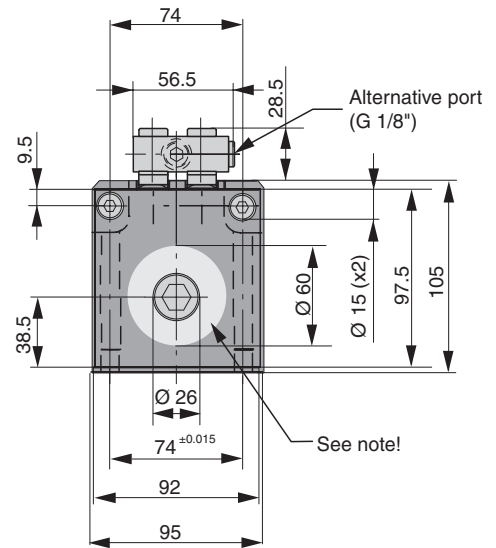
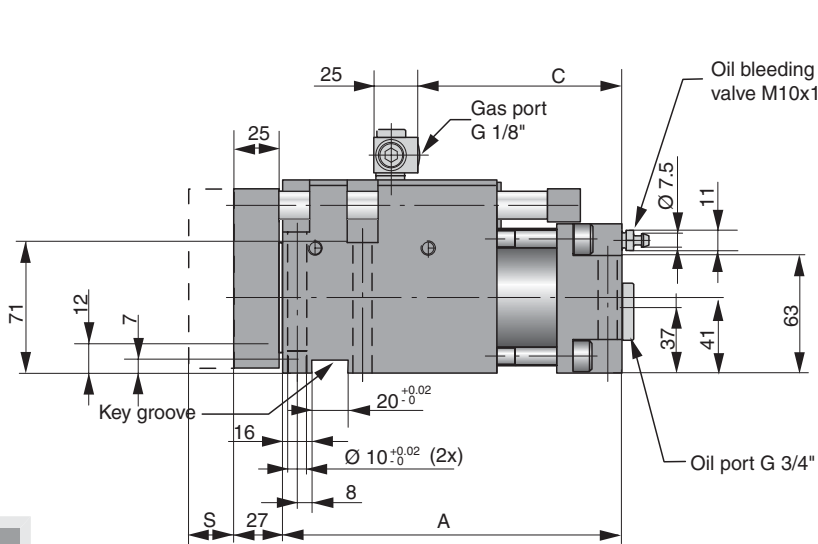
* = Nominal force available for the operation



CC-H 040 Compact Cam for hose system



This version can only be used together with a hose system as there are no Gas Charging valves in the springs or adapters



Note! There are two G1/8" gas ports which can be used to couple the hose system to. Use only one of these to connect the hose, the other should remain plugged.

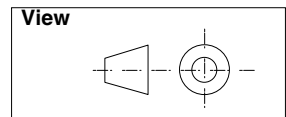
Note! Important installation information:

We recommend locating the punch in the centre of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch will create in the operations within the area marked .

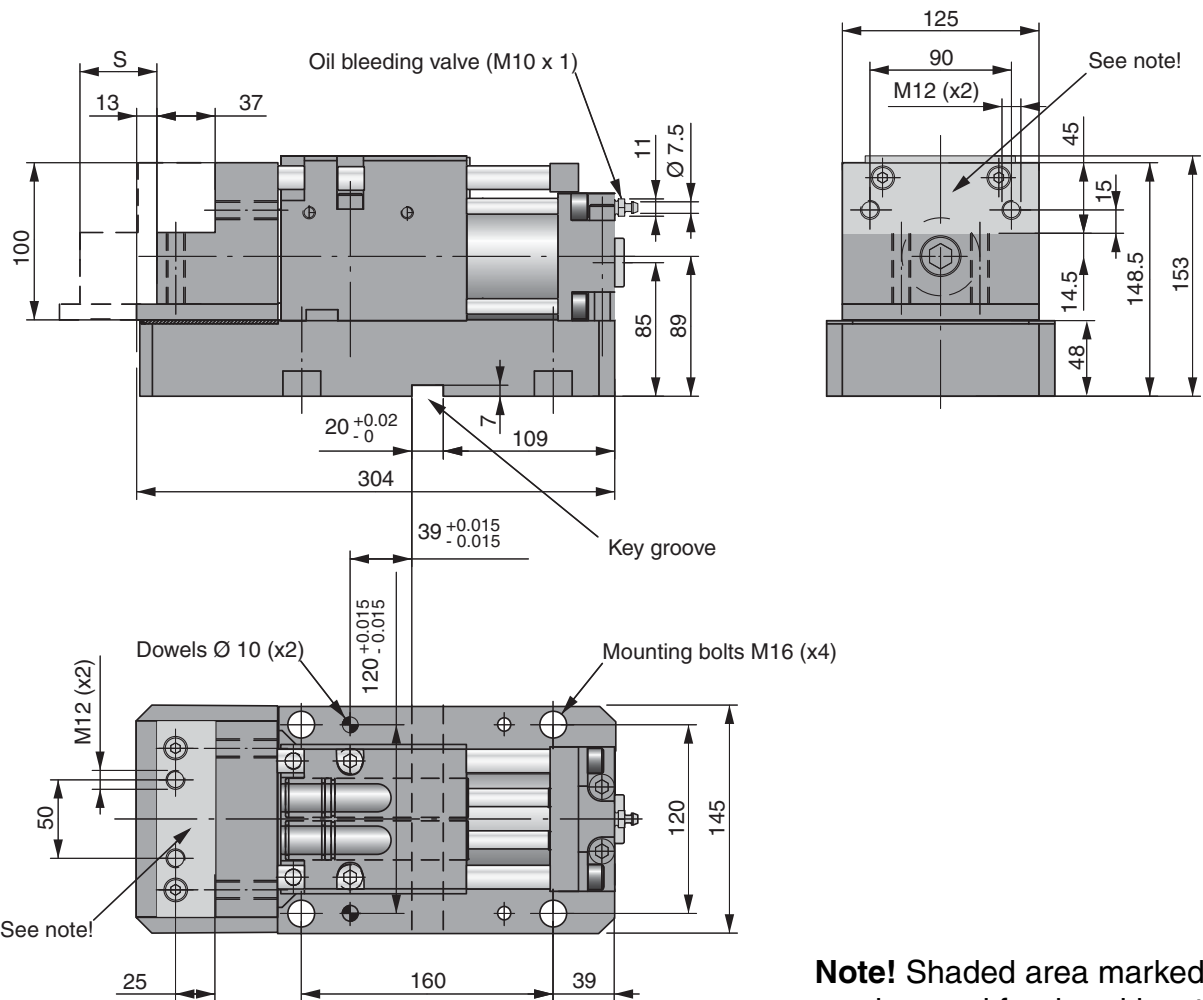
When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit against sideload.

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Weight (kg)
CC-H 040-024	40	4	24	187	135	112	10.7
CC-H 040-049	40	4	49	212	160	162	13.0
CC-H 040-099	40	4	99	262	210	237	15.2

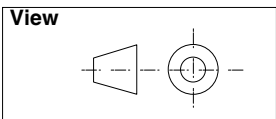
* = Nominal force available for the operation



CCF 040 - 0490 Flange Cam
 Patent No. SE 513031, other patents pending



Note! Shaded area marked can be used for dowel location for the steel insert.



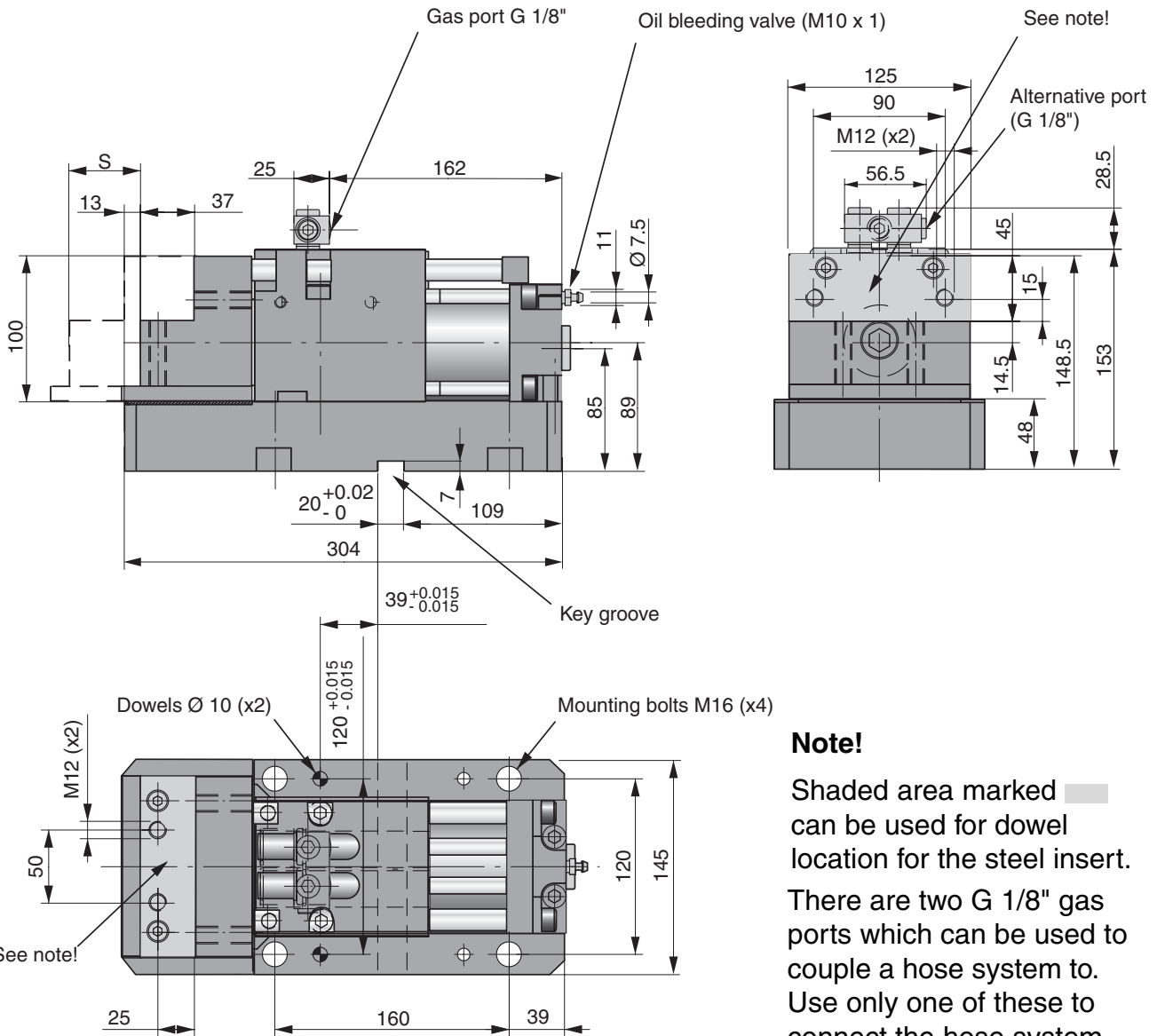
Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	Weight (kg)
CCF 040-0490	40	4	49	34.8

* = Nominal force available for the operation

CCF-H 040 - 0490 Flange Cam

Patent No. SE 513031, other patents pending

This version can only be used together with a hose system as there are no gas charging valves in the springs or adapters

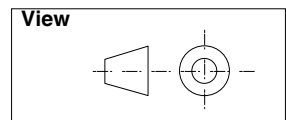


Note!

Shaded area marked can be used for dowel location for the steel insert. There are two G 1/8" gas ports which can be used to couple a hose system to. Use only one of these to connect the hose system, the other should remain plugged.

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	Weight (kg)
CCF-H 040-0490	40	4	49	35

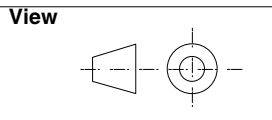
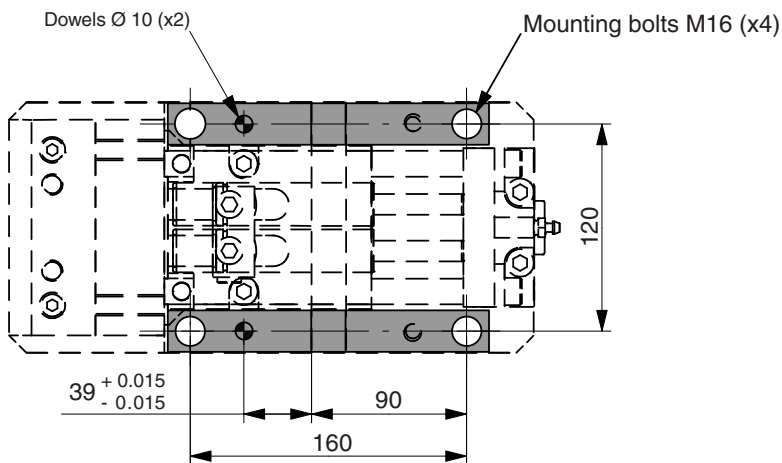
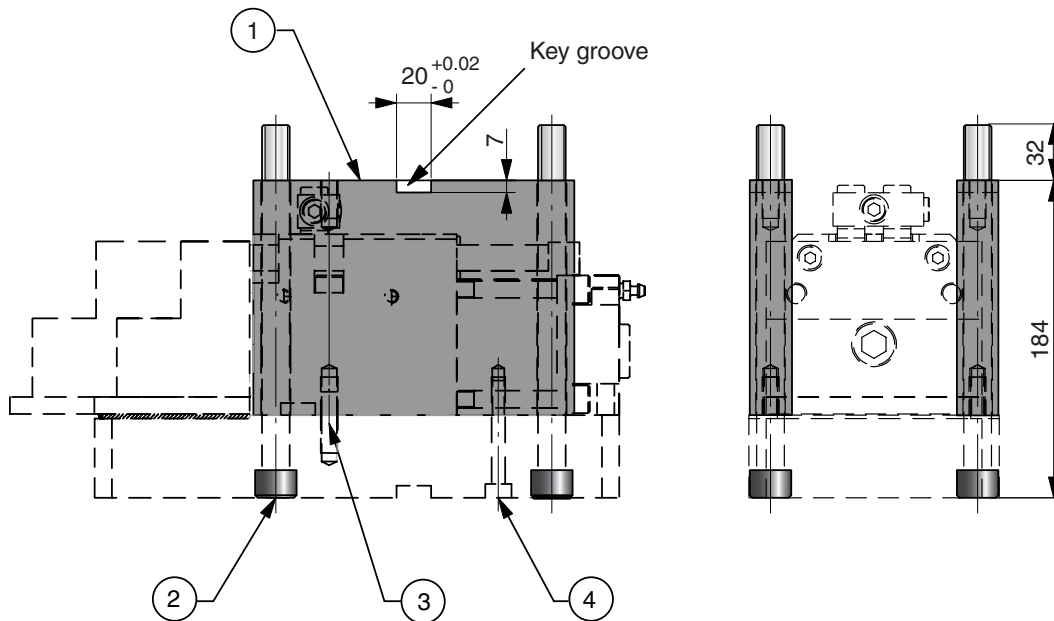
* = Nominal force available for the operation



8

Top mount kit for Flange Cam

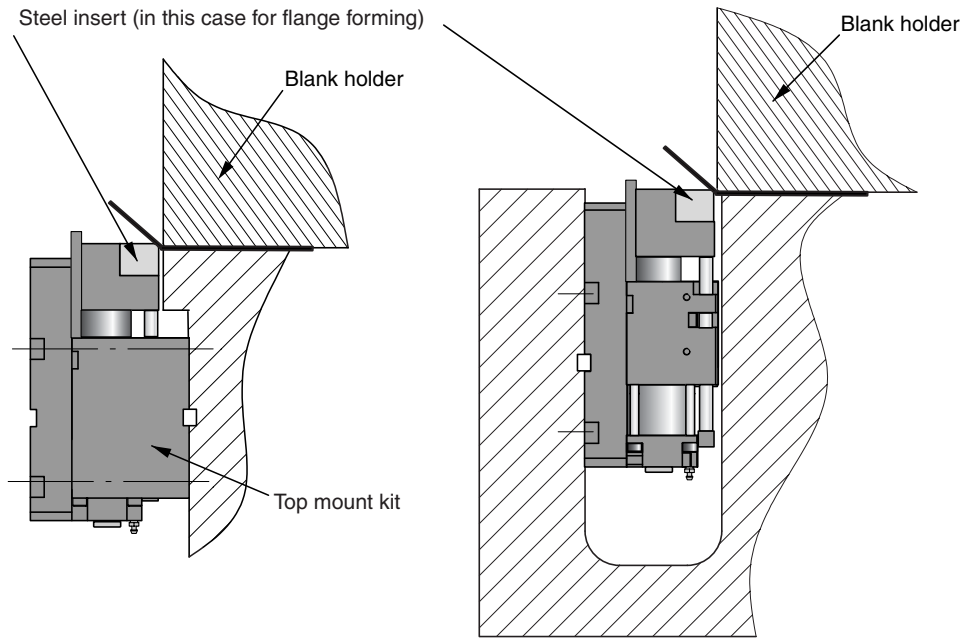
CCF 040-0490 and CCF-H 040-0490 (Order No. 2018393)



Position	Quantity	Description
1	2	Spacer
2	4	Bolt M16 x 200
3	2	Dowel pin Ø 10 x 40
4	2	Bolt M8 x 60

* = Nominal force available for the operation

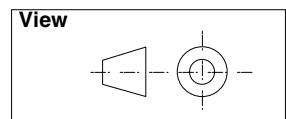
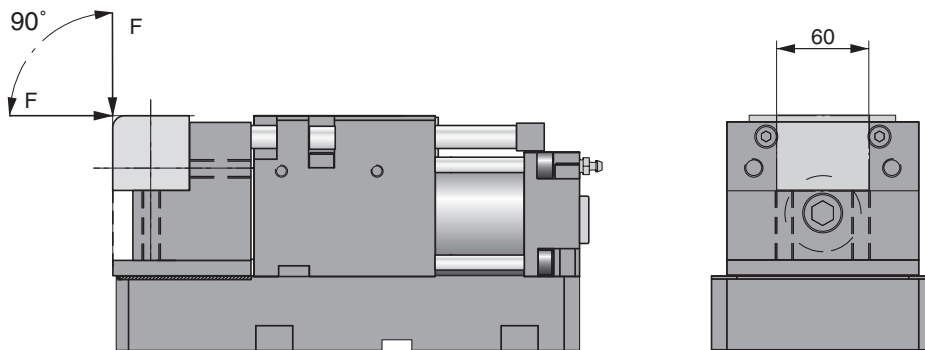
Flange Cam installation possibilities



Top mount

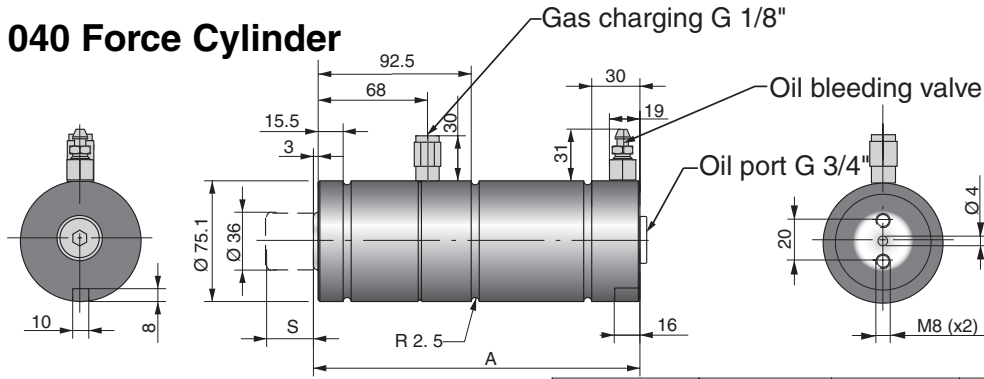
Base mount

Flange Cam force directions and location



Allowable force directions "F" (within ) created by the flanging operation.

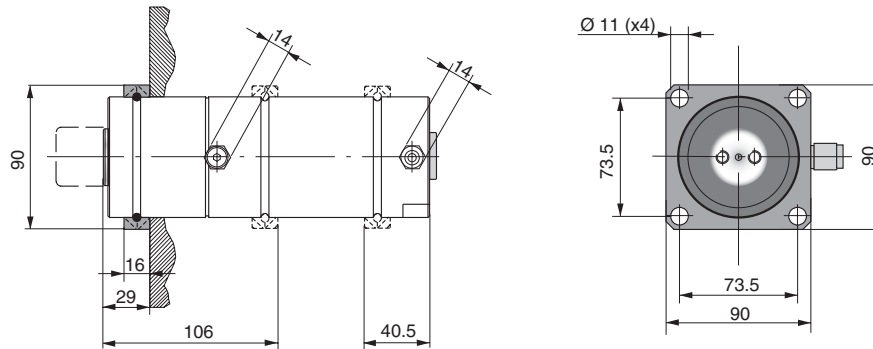
HCF 040 Force Cylinder



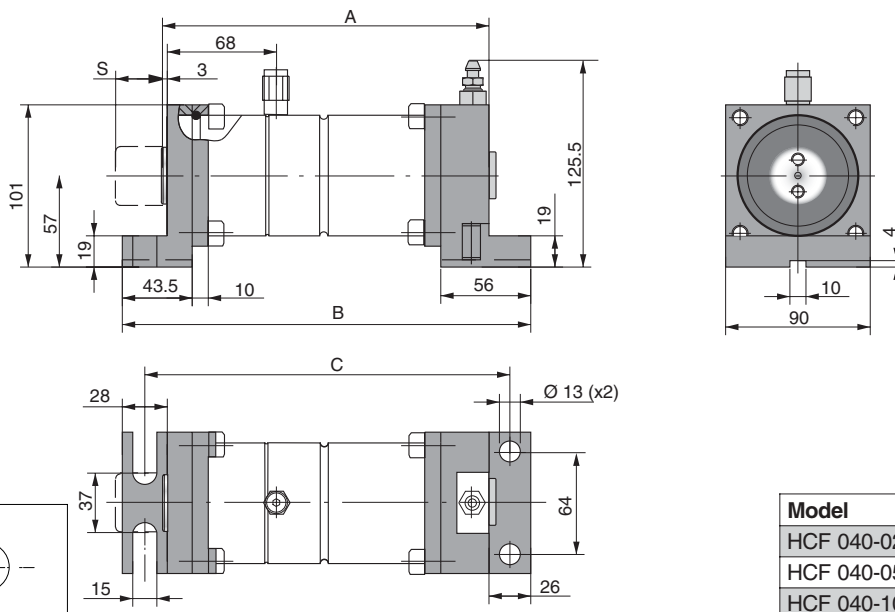
Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force* (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCF 040-025	40	8	25	195	5.5
HCF 040-050	40	8	50	245	6.5
HCF 040-100	40	8	100	345	8.6

*= Nominal force for the operation

Flange mount for HCF 040 Order No. 2014677-0150 (Mount only)

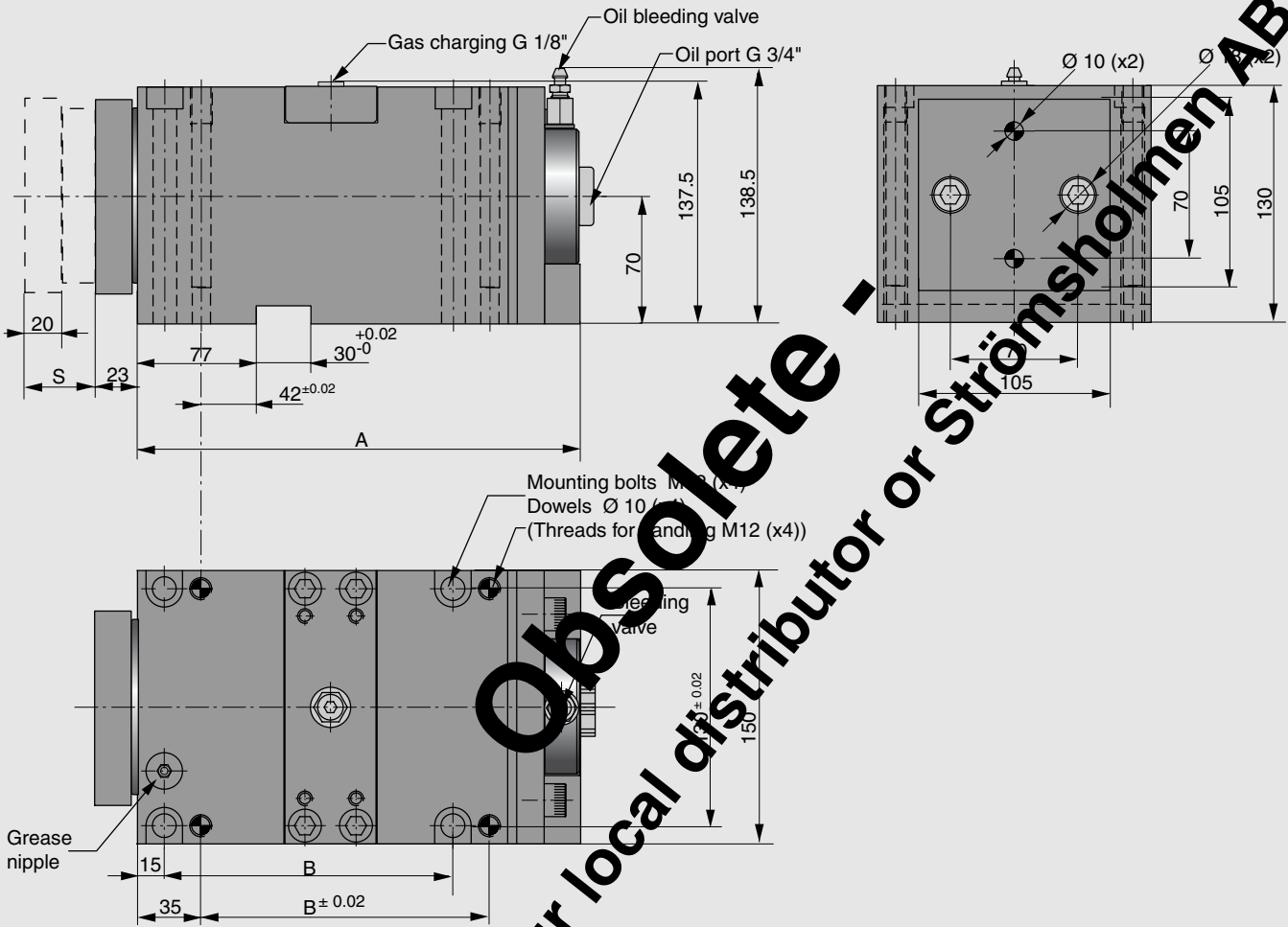


Foot mount for HCF 040 Order No. 3016977-040 (Mounts only)



Model	A	B	C
HCF 040-025	195	246	219
HCF 040-050	245	296	269
HCF 040-100	345	396	369

HCC 040 Cam Unit



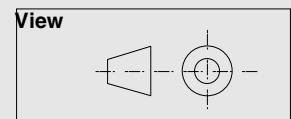
8

Obsoleto - Contact your local distributor or Strömsholmen AB

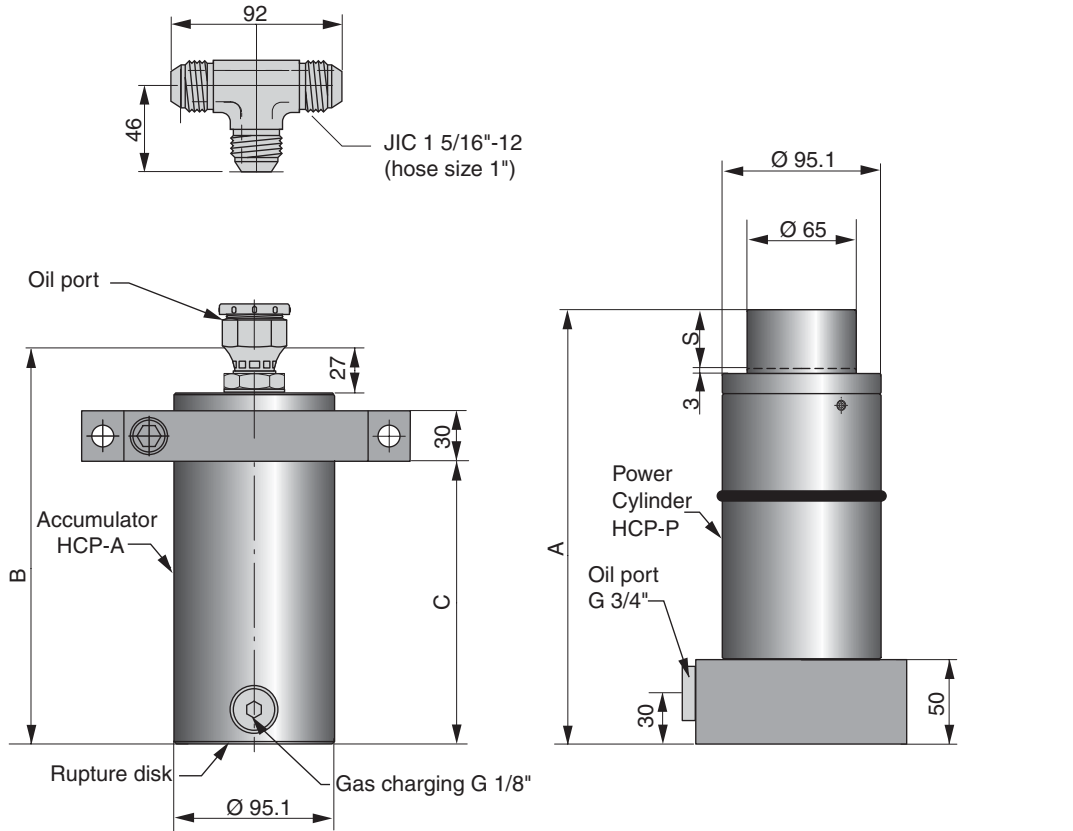
This product is being phased out and will be replaced by CC 040 and CC-H 040

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B
HCC 040-025	40	8	25	217	132
HCC 040-050	40	8	50	267	182
HCC 040-100	40	8	100	367	282

* = Nominal force available for the operation



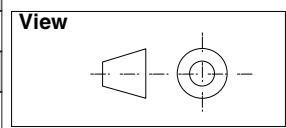
HCP-S 060 Power Unit, with Separate Accumulator



8

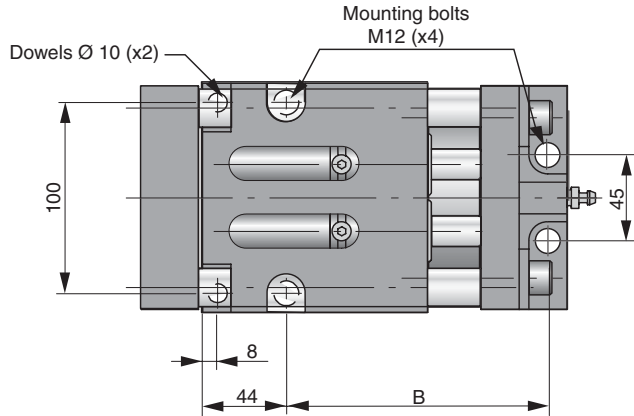
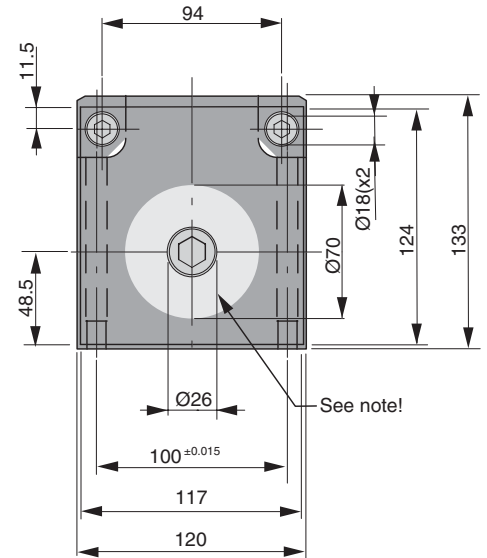
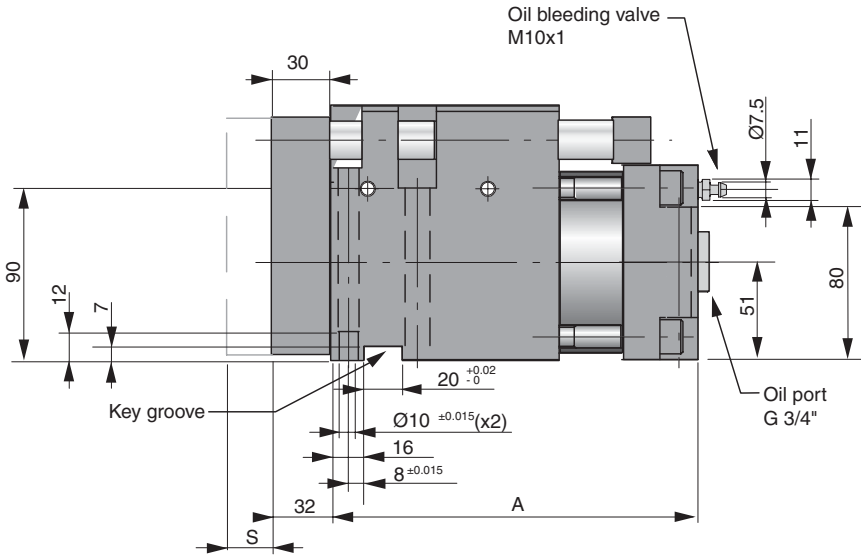
Note! The mounting screw (M12) should be tightened with torque 91Nm

Order No. Complete Power Unit HCP-S	Weight (kg)	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Order No. Separate Power Cylinder HCP-P	Weight (kg)	Order No. Separate Accumulator HCP-A	Weight (kg)
HCP-S 060 -035	23.9	60	35	258	235	168	HCP-P 060 -035	13.9	HCP-A 060 -035	10.0
HCP-S 060 -060	25.7	60	60	308	285	218	HCP-P 060 -060	14.8	HCP-A 060 -060	10.9
HCP-S 060 -110	29.4	60	110	408	385	318	HCP-P 060 -110	16.9	HCP-A 060 -110	12.5
HCP-S 060 -160	33.1	60	160	508	485	418	HCP-P 060 -160	19.0	HCP-A 060 -160	14.1



Note! The Accumulator should always be used in the system.

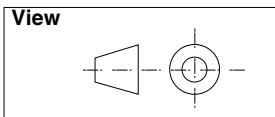
CC 060 Compact Cam



Note! Important installation information:

We recommend locating the punch in the center of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch will create in the operations within the area marked .

When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit against sideload.



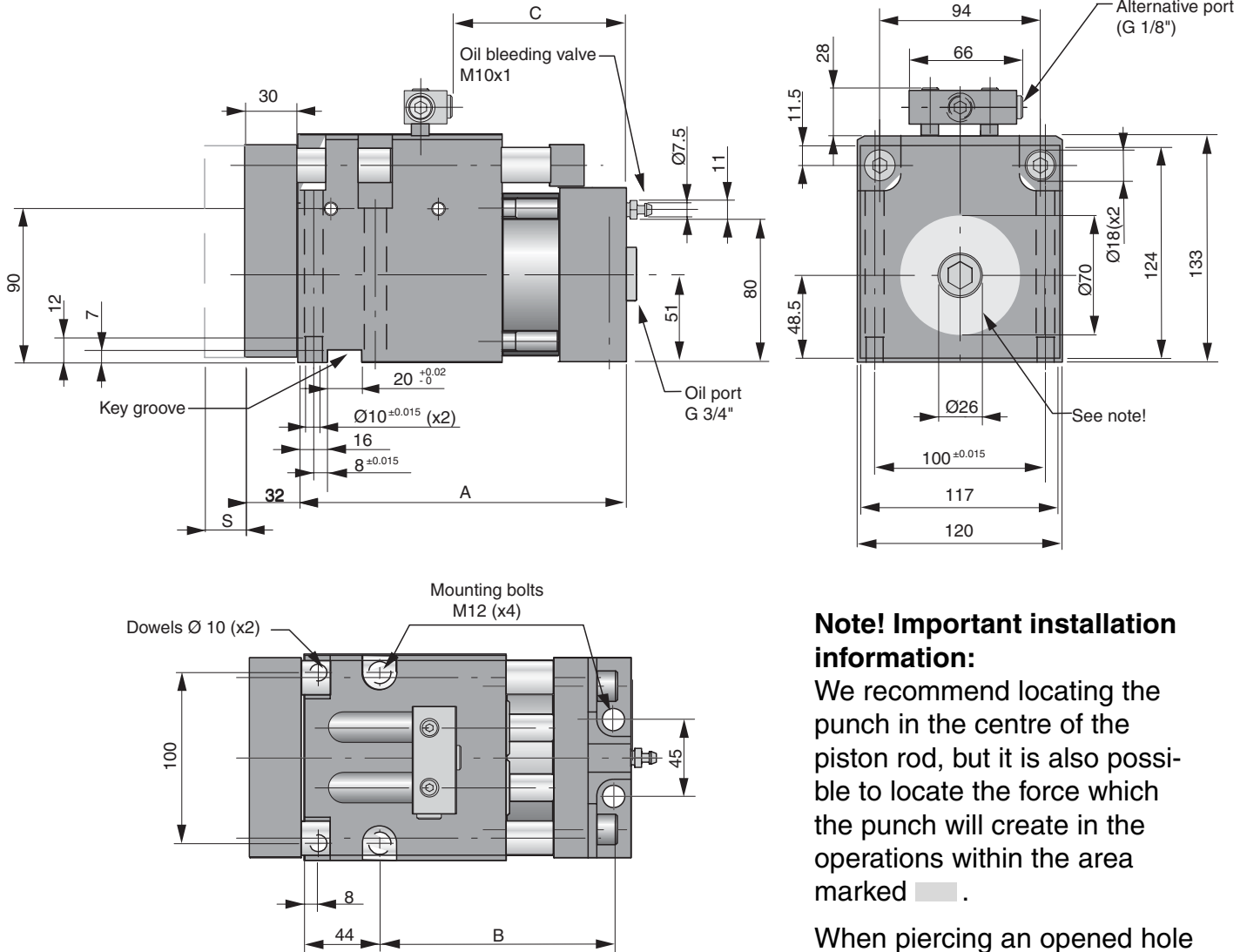
Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	Weight (kg)
CC 060-024	60	7	24	191	137	22.3
CC 060-049	60	7	49	216	162	23.4
CC 060-099	60	7	99	266	212	26.0

* = Nominal force available for the operation

CC-H 060 Compact Cam for hose system



This version can only be used together with a hose system as there are no gas charging valve in the springs or adapters



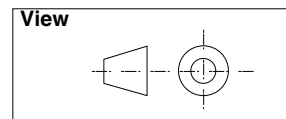
Note! Important installation information:

We recommend locating the punch in the centre of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch will create in the operations within the area marked .

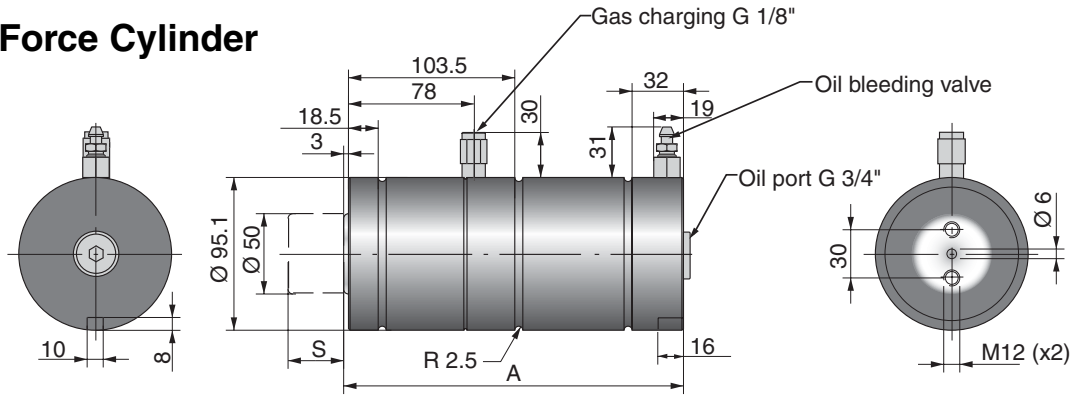
When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Weight (kg)
CC-H 060-024	60	7	24	191	137	103	22.5
CC-H 060-049	60	7	49	216	162	153	23.6
CC-H 060-099	60	7	99	266	212	228	26.2

* = Nominal force available for the operation

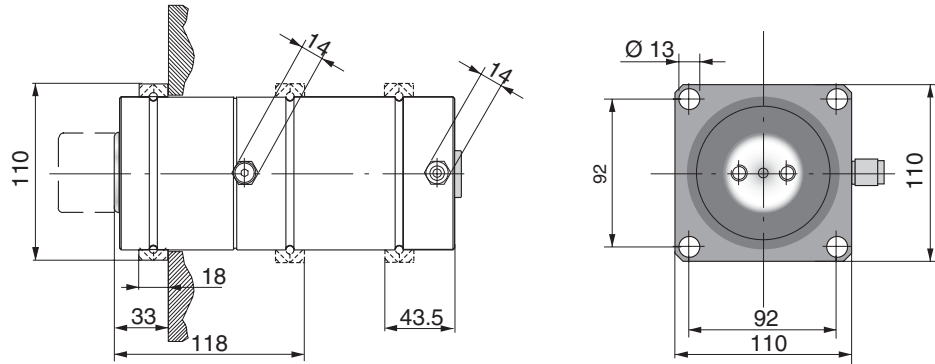


HCF 060 Force Cylinder

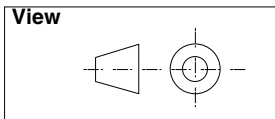
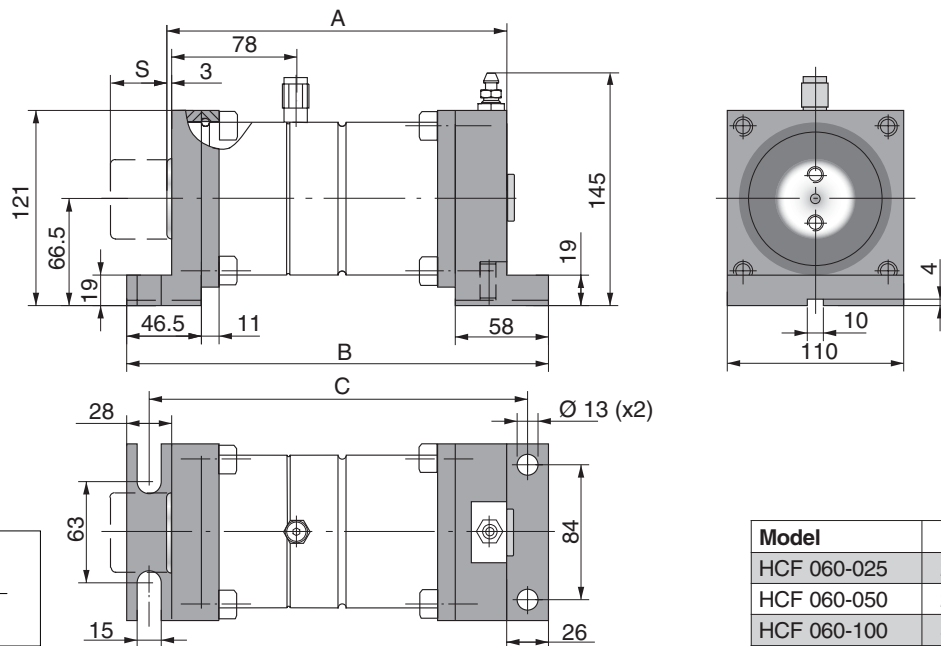


Order No.	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCF 060-025	25	211	9.8
HCF 060-050	50	261	11.6
HCF 060-100	100	361	15.1

Flange mount for HCF 060 Order No. 2014677-3000 (Mount only)

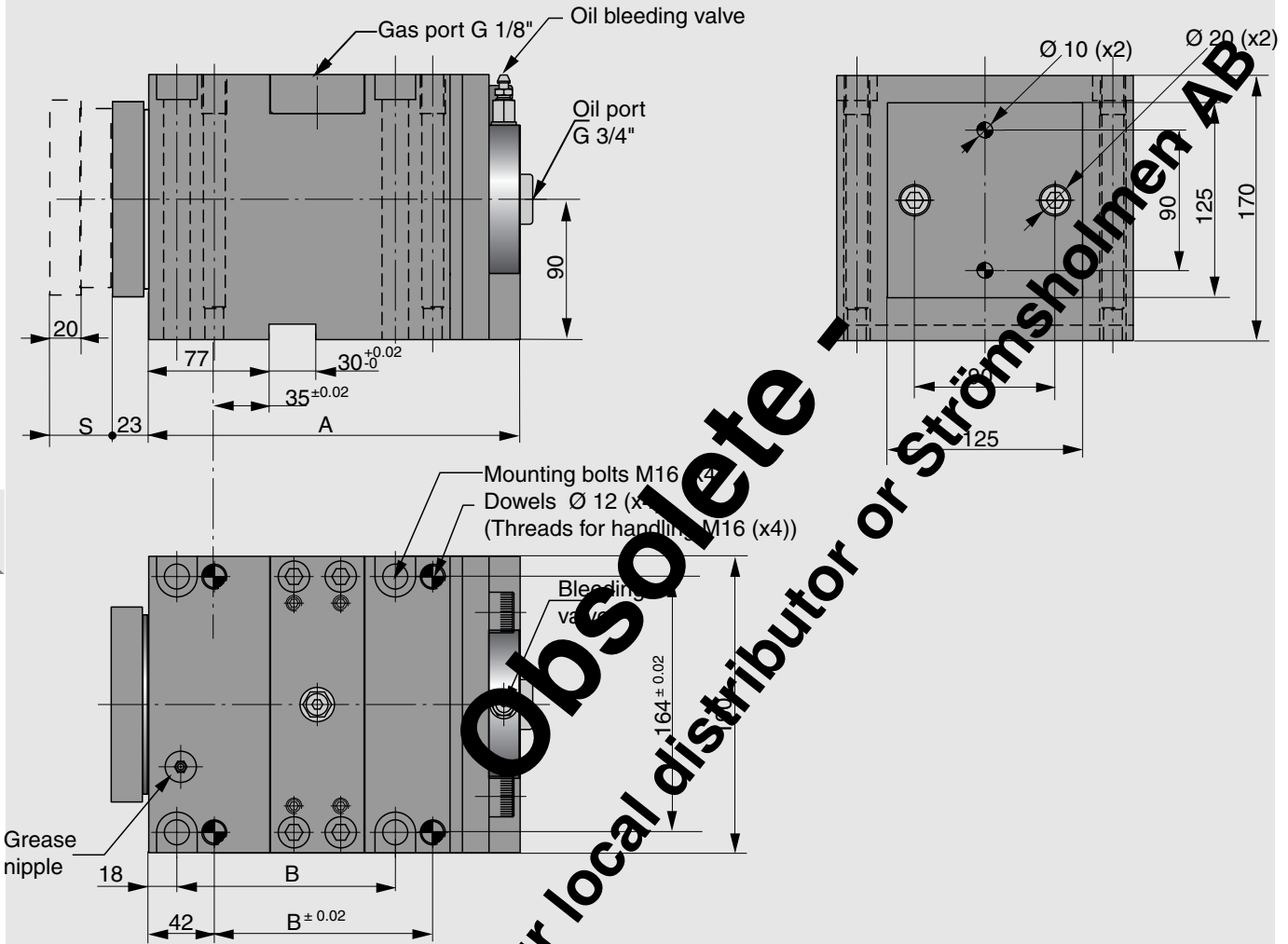


Foot mount for HCF 040 Order No. 3016977-060 (Mounts only)



Model	A	B	C
HCF 060-025	211	262	235
HCF 060-050	261	312	285
HCF 060-100	361	412	385

HCC 060 Cam Unit



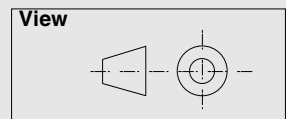
8

Obsolete - Contact your local distributor or Strömsholmen AB

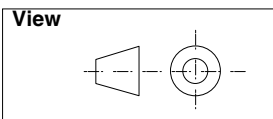
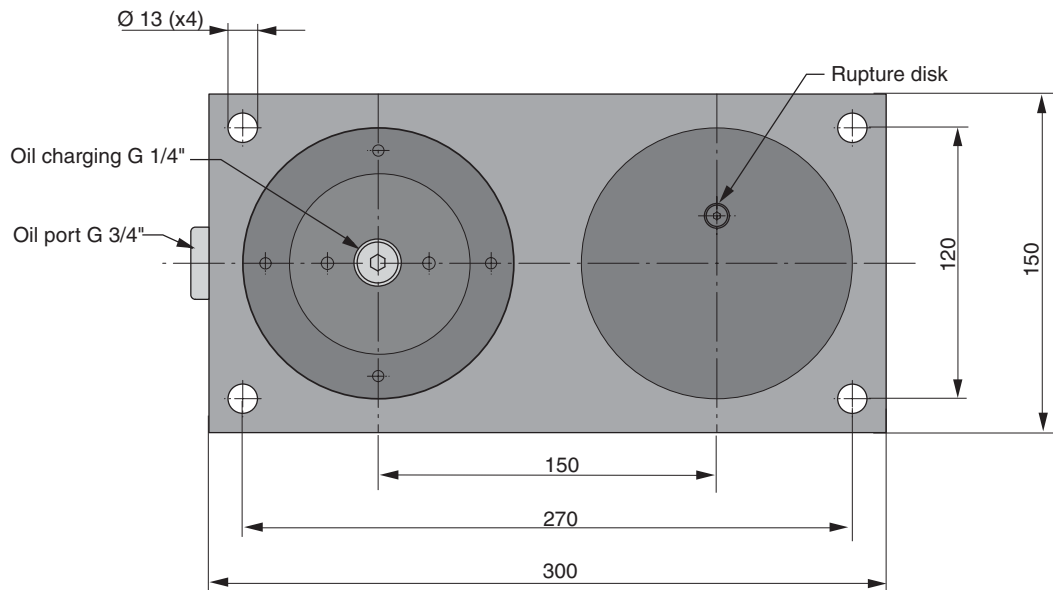
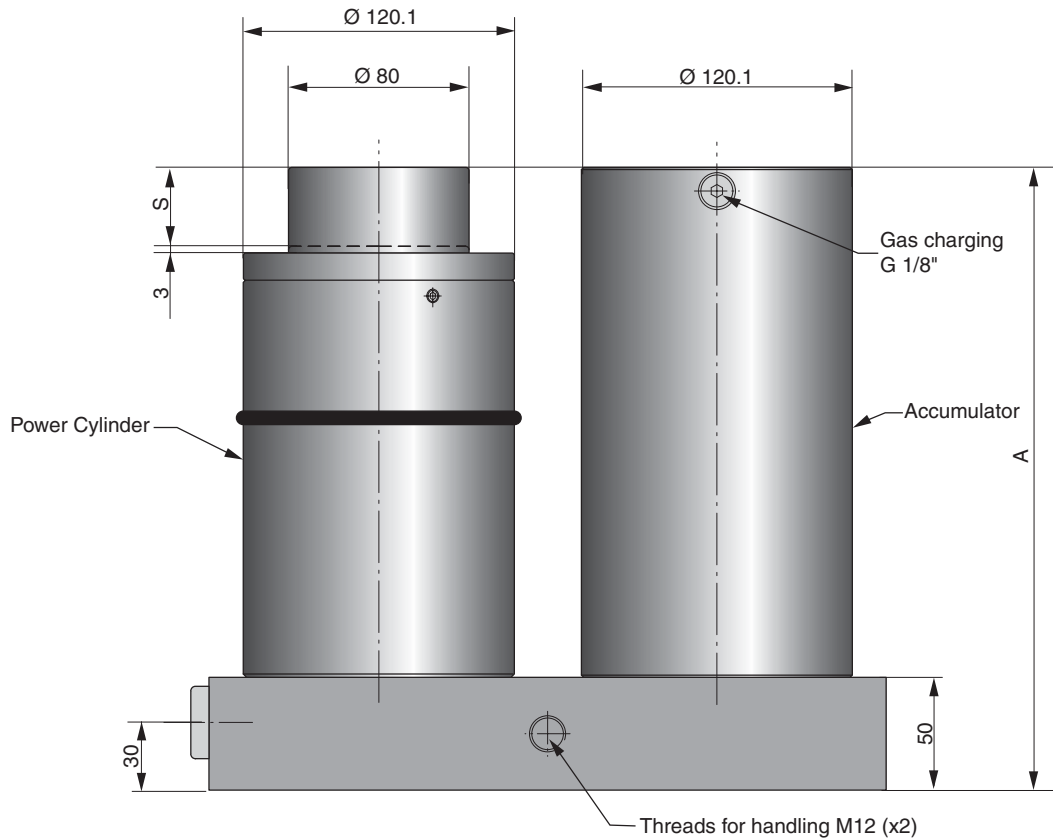
This product will be phased out and replaced by CC 090 and CC-H 090 or CC 040 and CC-H 040

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B
HCC 060-025	60	12	25	238	140
HCC 060-050	60	12	50	288	190
HCC 060-100	60	12	100	388	290

* = Nominal force available for the operation

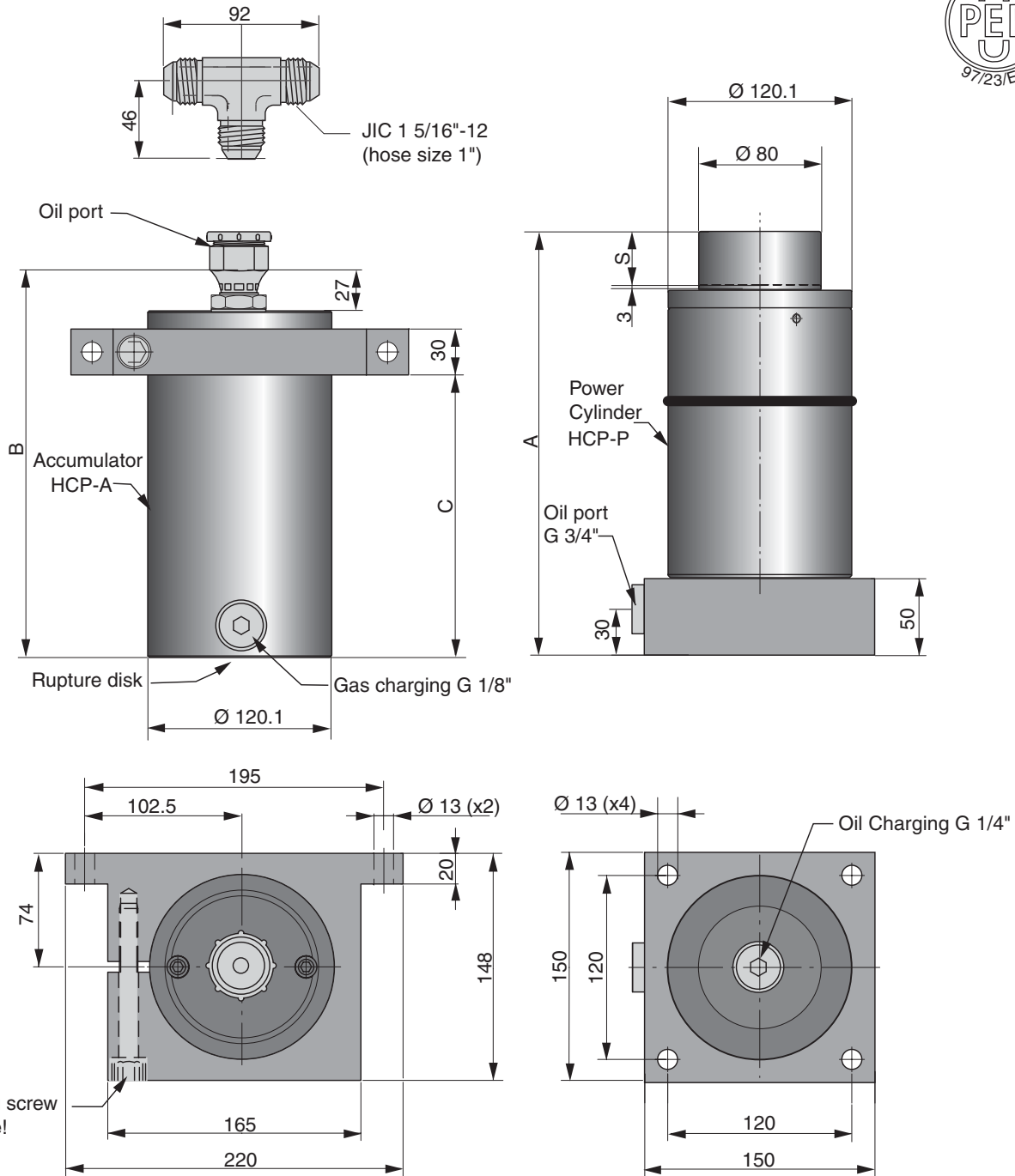


HCP 090 Power Unit



Order No.	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCP 090-035	90	35	276	43.1
HCP 090-060	90	60	326	46.1
HCP 090-110	90	110	426	52.1
HCP 090-160	90	160	526	52.8

HCP-S 090 Power Unit, with Separate Accumulator

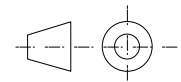


8

Note! The mounting screw (M12) should be tightened with torque 91Nm

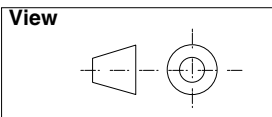
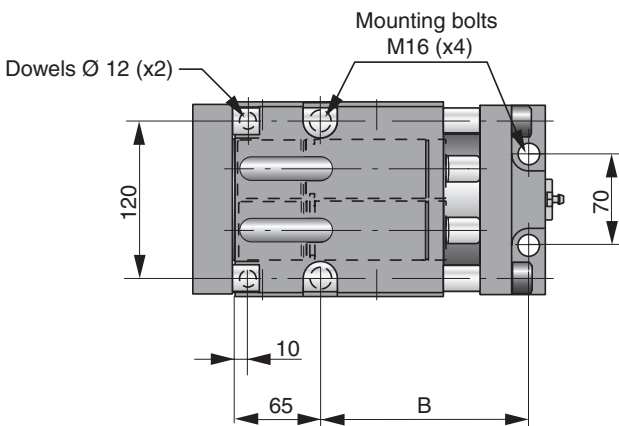
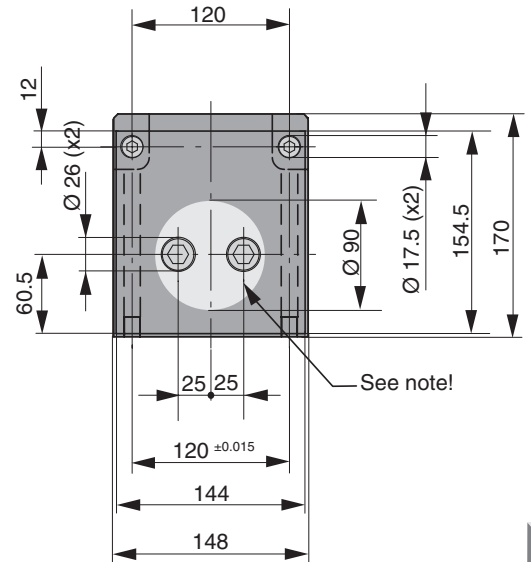
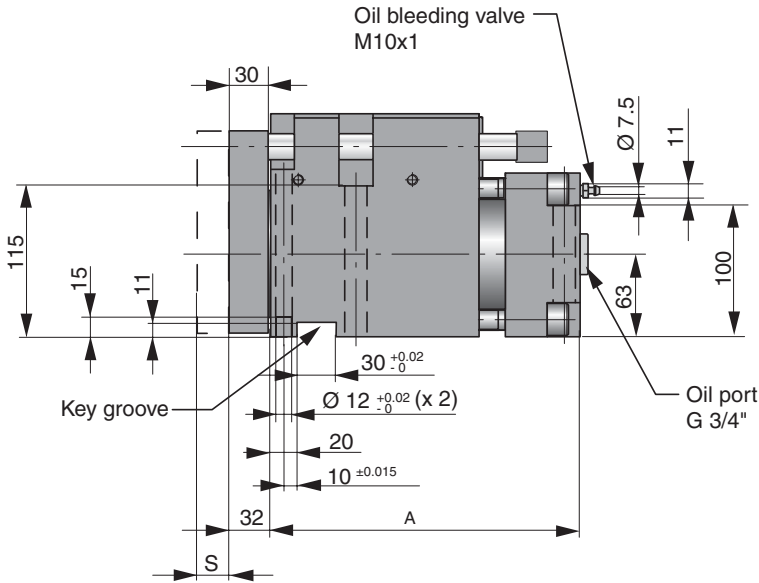
Order No. Complete Power Unit HCP-S	Weight (kg)	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Order No. Separate Power Cylinder HCP-P	Weight (kg)	Order No. Separate Accumulator HCP-A	Weight (kg)
HCP-S 090 -035	38.3	90	35	276	253	186	HCP-P 090 -035	22.6	HCP-A 090 -035	15.7
HCP-S 090 -060	41.2	90	60	326	303	236	HCP-P 090 -060	24.2	HCP-A 090 -060	17.0
HCP-S 090 -110	47.3	90	110	426	403	336	HCP-P 090 -110	27.5	HCP-A 090 -110	19.8
HCP-S 090 -160	53.3	90	160	526	503	436	HCP-P 090 -160	30.8	HCP-A 090 -16	22.5

View



Note! The Accumulator should always be used in the system.

CC 090 Compact Cam



Note! Important installation information:

We recommend locating the punch in the centre of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch will create in the operations within the area marked .

When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit against sideload.

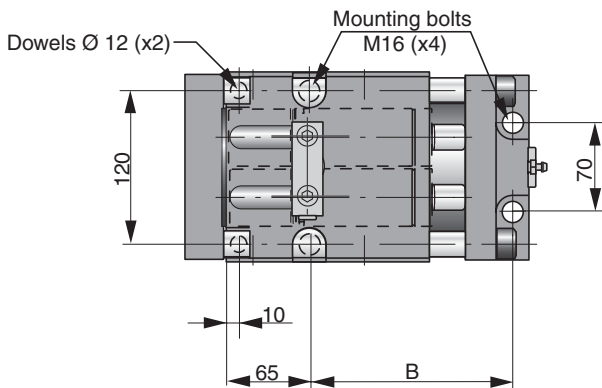
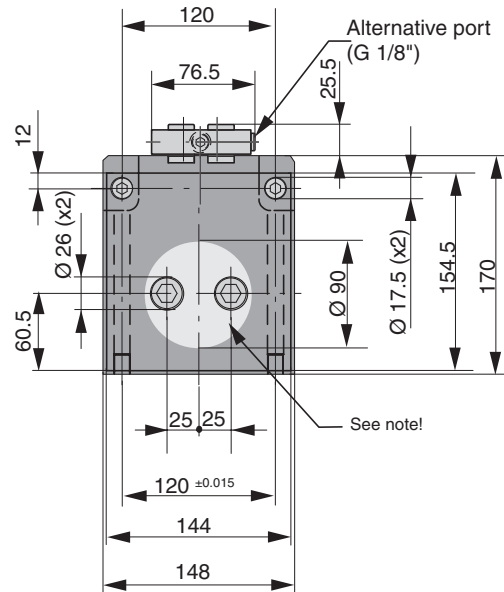
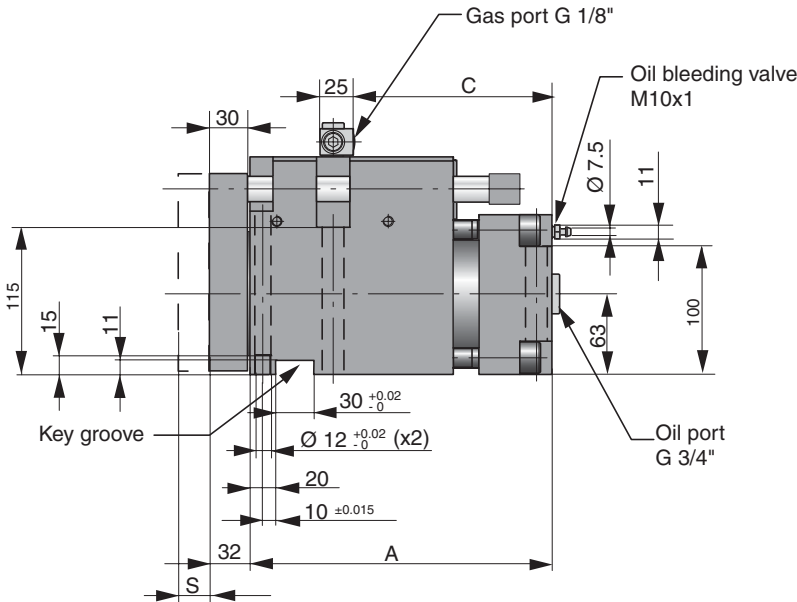
Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	Weight (kg)
CC 090-024	90	18	24	236	159	33.5
CC 090-049	90	18	49	261	184	39.7
CC 090-099	90	18	99	311	234	44.9

* =Nominal force available for the operation

CC-H 090 Compact Cam for hose system



This version can only be used together with a hose system as there are no gas charging valves in the springs or adapters



Note! There are two G1/8" gas ports which can be used to couple to a hose system. Use only one of these to connect the hose system, the other should remain plugged.

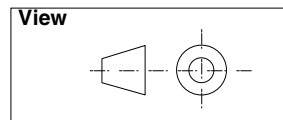
Note! Important installation information:

We recommend locating the punch in the centre of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch will create in the operations within the area marked .

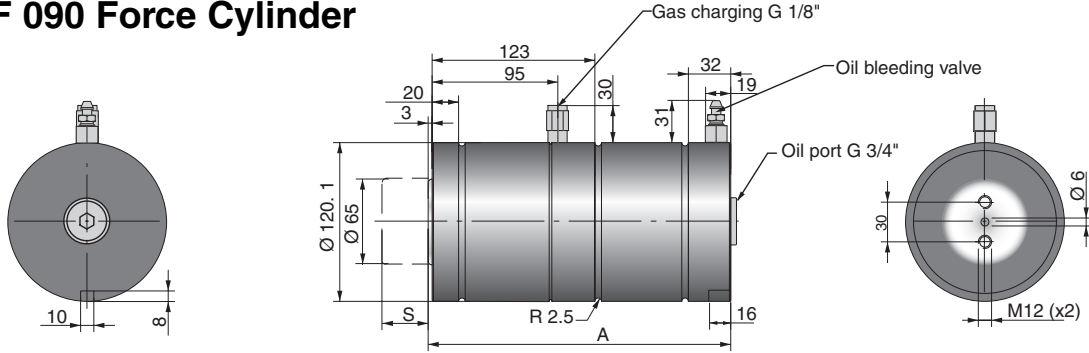
When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit against sideload.

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Weight (kg)
CC-H 090-024	90	18	24	236	159	158	33.7
CC-H 090-049	90	18	49	261	184	208	39.7
CC-H 090-099	90	18	99	311	234	283	44.9

* = Nominal force available for the operation



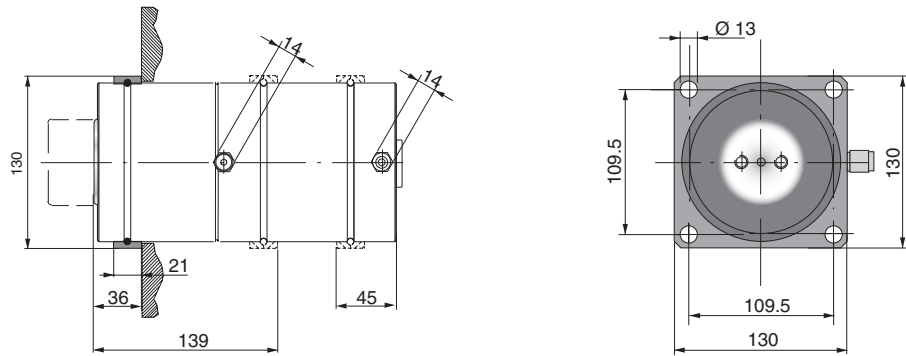
HCF 090 Force Cylinder



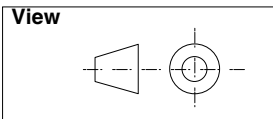
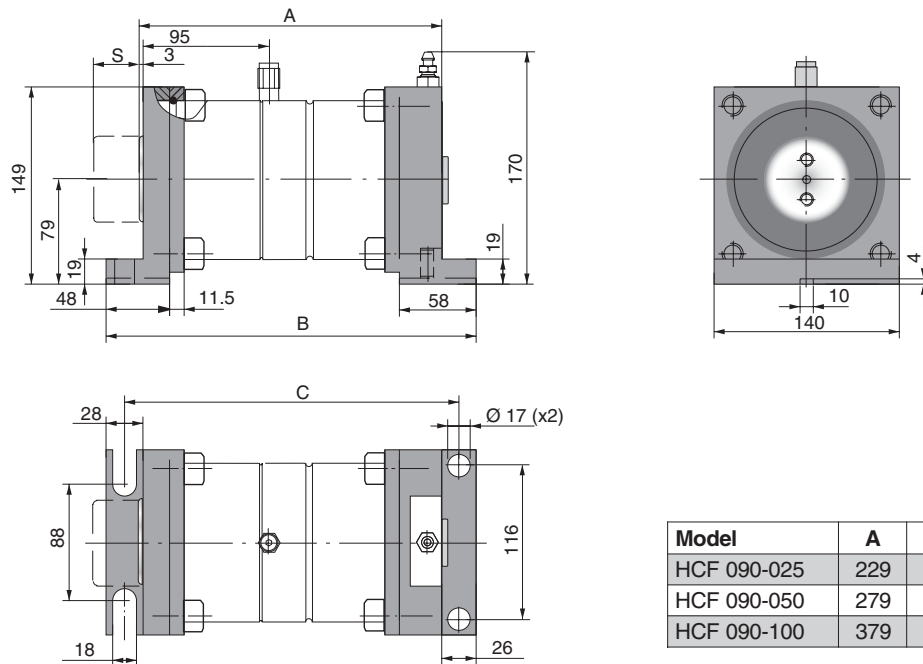
Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force* (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCF 090-025	90	18	25	229	15.8
HCF 090-050	90	18	50	279	18.7
HCF 090-100	90	18	100	379	24.5

*= Nominal force for the operation

Flange mount for HCF 090 Order No. 2014677-5000 (Mount only)

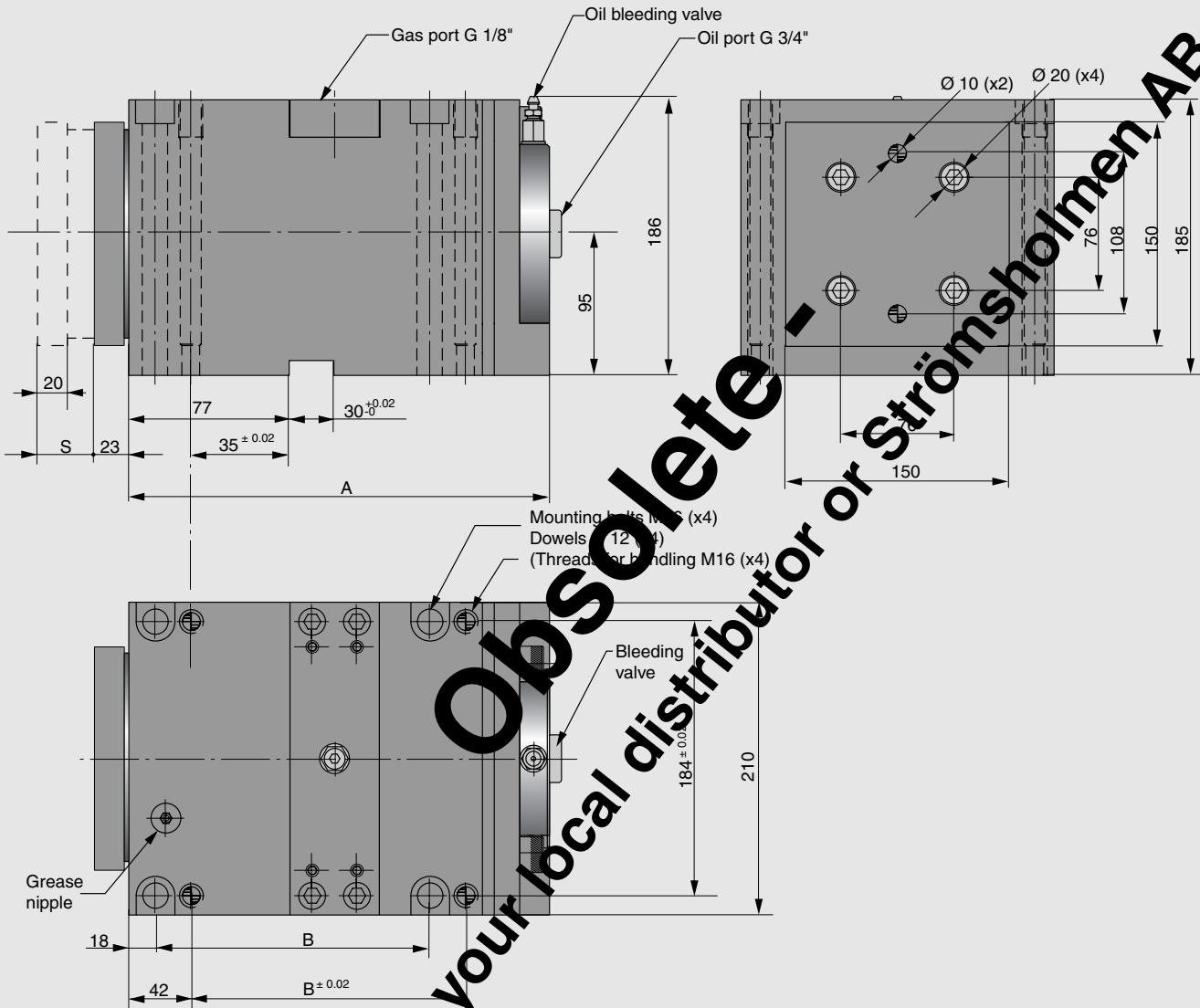


Foot mount for HCF 090 Order No. 3016977-09 (Mounts only)



Model	A	B	C
HCF 090-025	229	280	254
HCF 090-050	279	330	304
HCF 090-100	379	430	404

HCC 090 Cam Unit

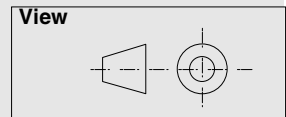


Obsoleto - Contact your local distributor or Strömsholmen AB

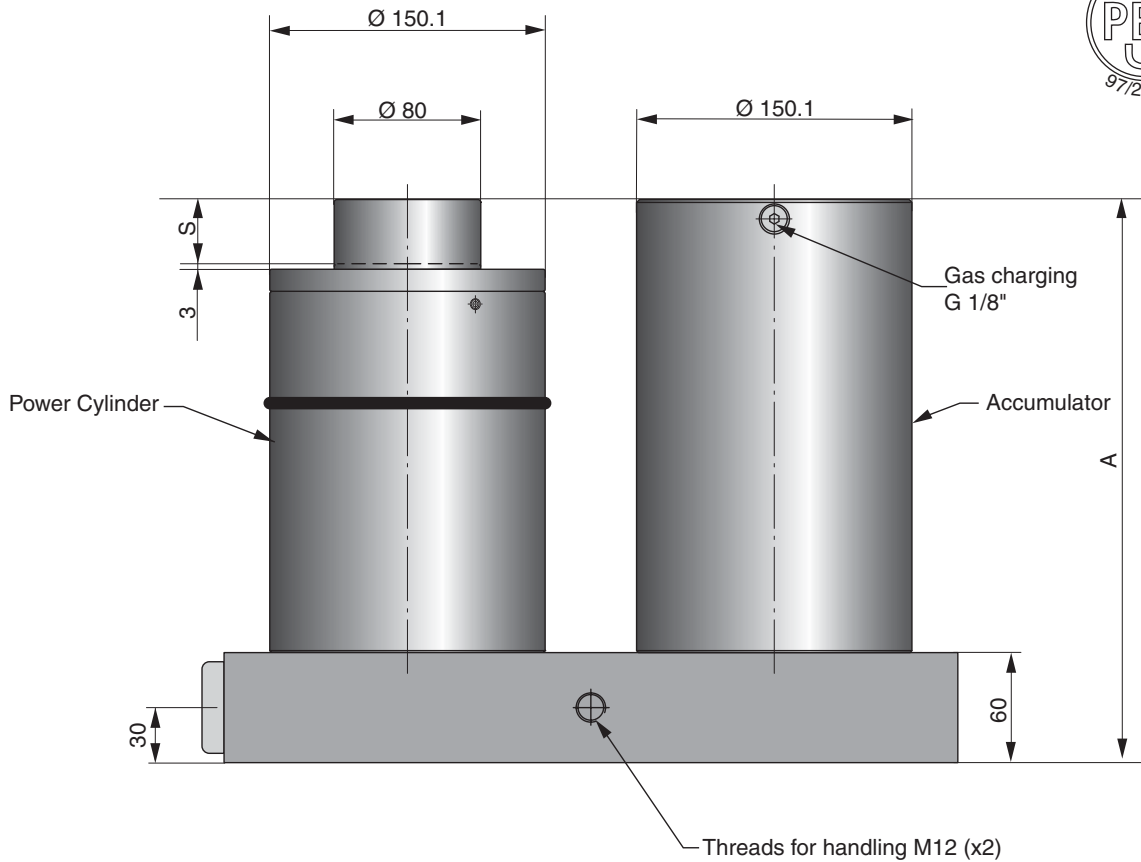
This product is being phased out and will be replaced by CC 090 and CC-H 090

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B
HCC 090-025	90	18	25	256	158
HCC 090-050	90	18	50	306	208
HCC 090-100	90	18	100	406	308

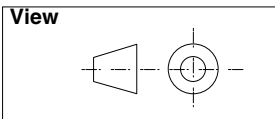
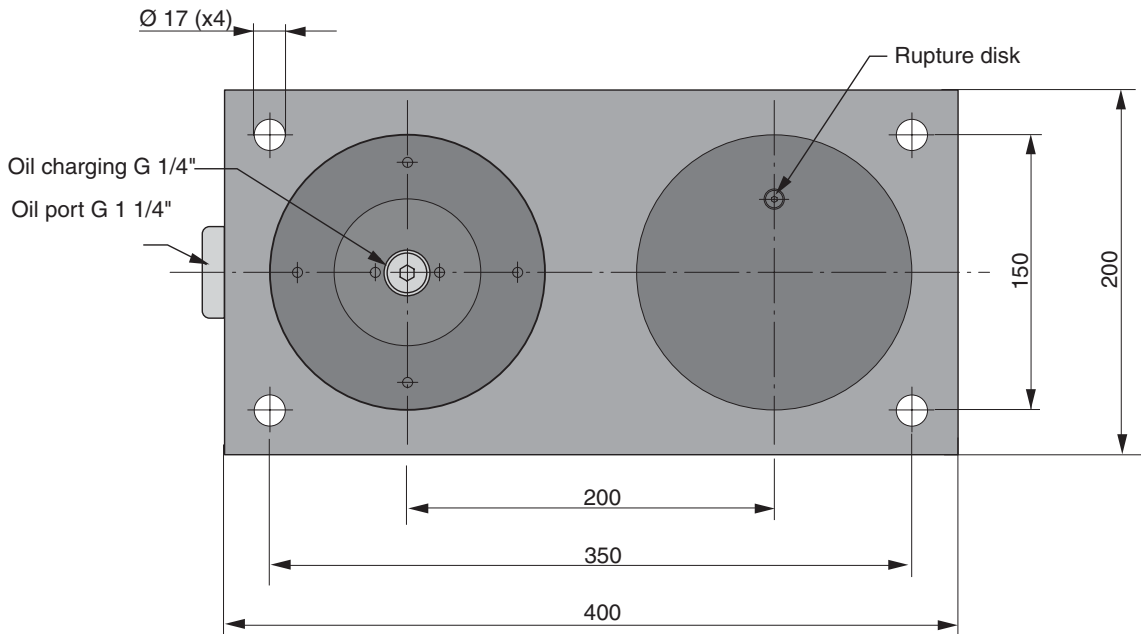
* = Nominal force available for the operation



HCP 150 Power Unit

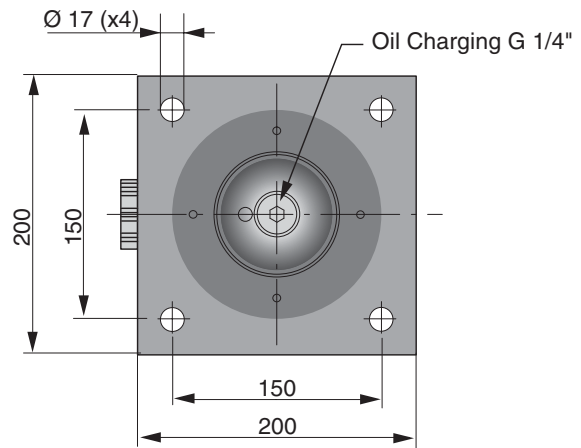
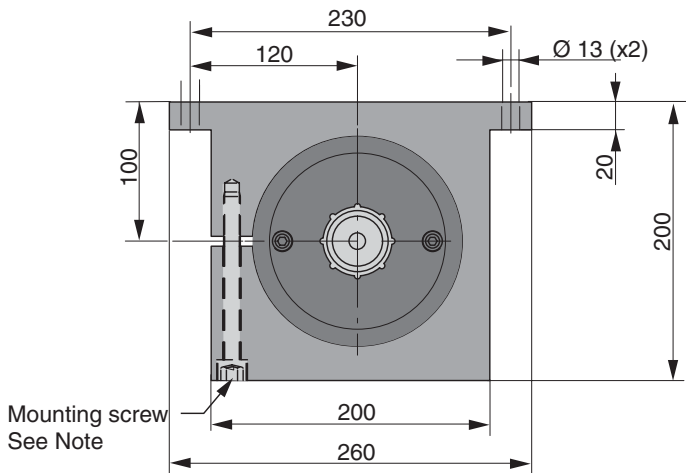
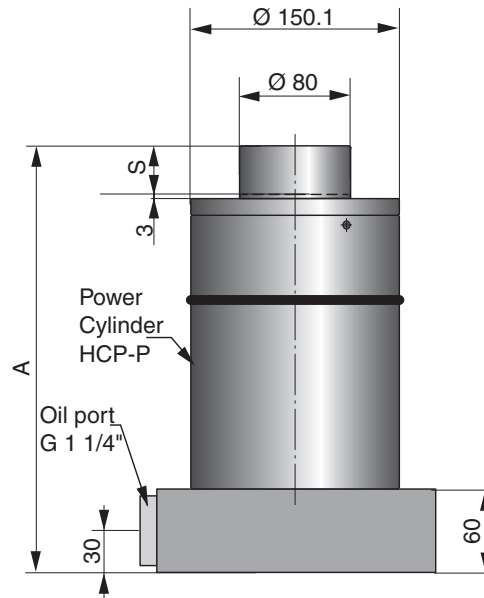
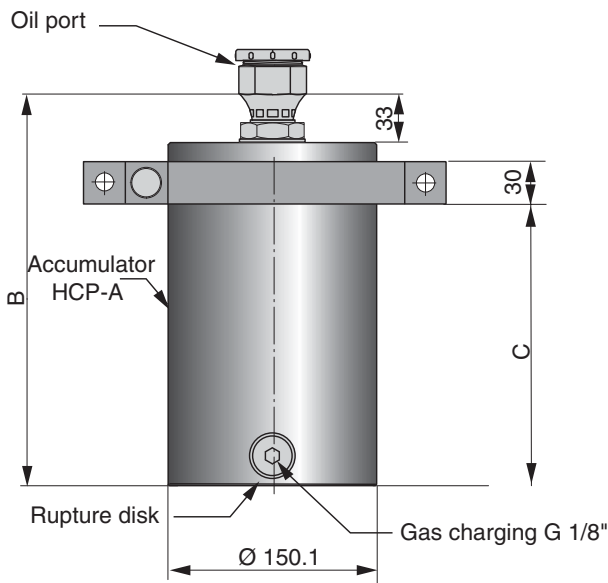
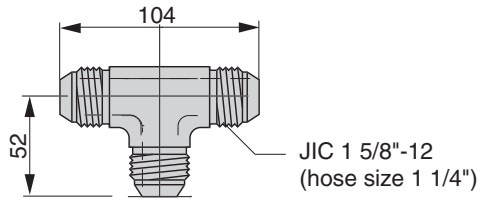


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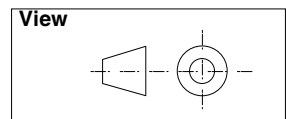
Order No.	Force (kN)	Stroke (mm)	F	Weight (kg)
HCP 150-035	150	35	307	83.1
HCP 150-060	150	60	357	87.7
HCP 150-110	150	110	457	97.0

HCP-S 150 Power Unit, with Separate Accumulator



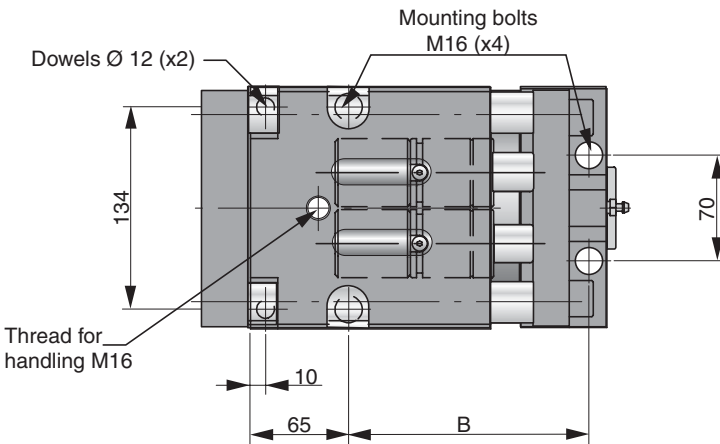
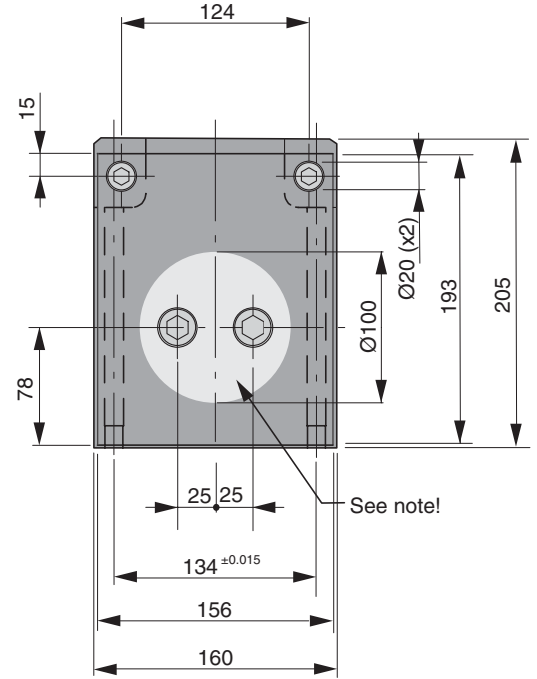
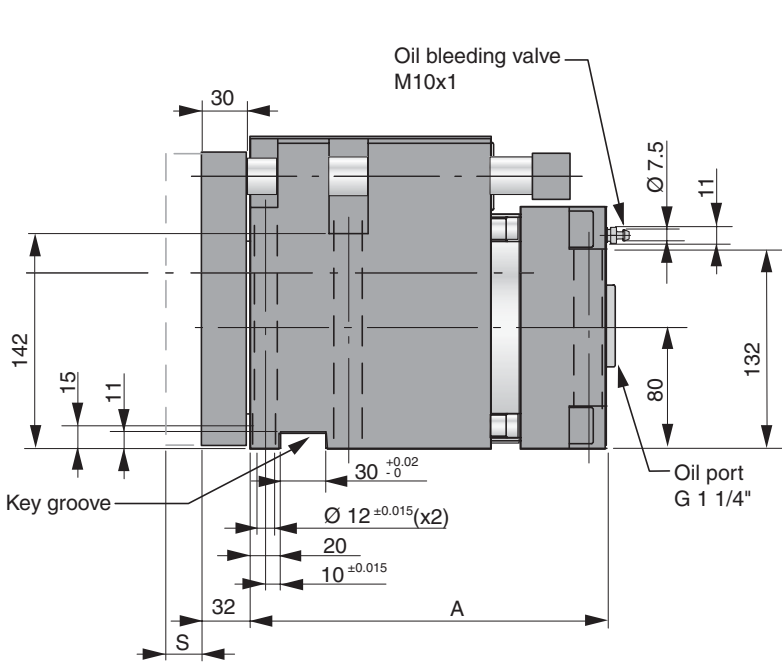
Note! The mounting screw (M12) should be tightened with torque 91Nm

Order No. Complete Power Unit HCP-S	Weight (kg)	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Order No. Separate Power Cylinder HCP-P	Weight (kg)	Order No. Separate Accumulator HCP-A	Weight (kg)
HCP-S 150 -035	71.1	90	35	307	280	207	HCP-P 150 -035	43.6	HCP-A 150 -035	27.7
HCP-S 150 -060	75.5	90	60	357	330	257	HCP-P 150 -060	45.9	HCP-A 150 -060	29.8
HCP-S 150 -110	85.0	90	110	457	430	357	HCP-P 150 -110	50.9	HCP-A 150 -110	34.1



Note! The Accumulator should always be used in the system.

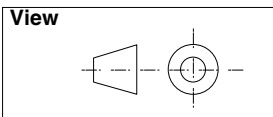
CC 150 Compact Cam



Note! Important installation information:

We recommend locating the punch in the centre of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch will create in the operations within the area marked .

When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit against sideload.

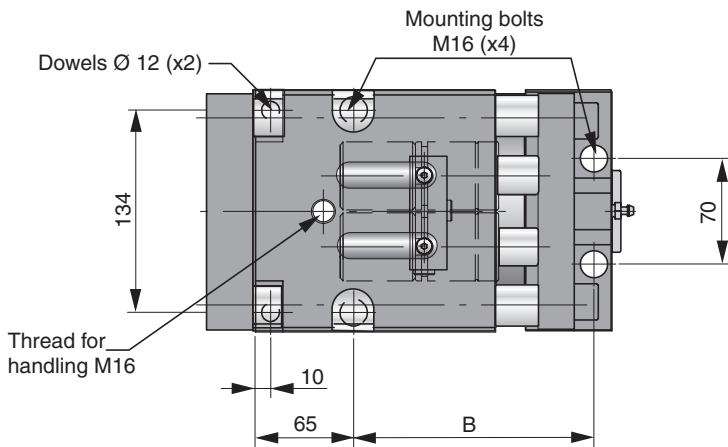
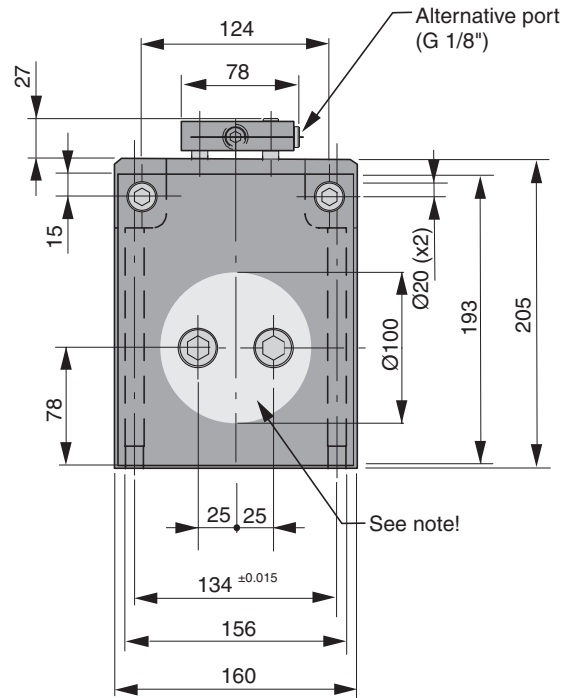
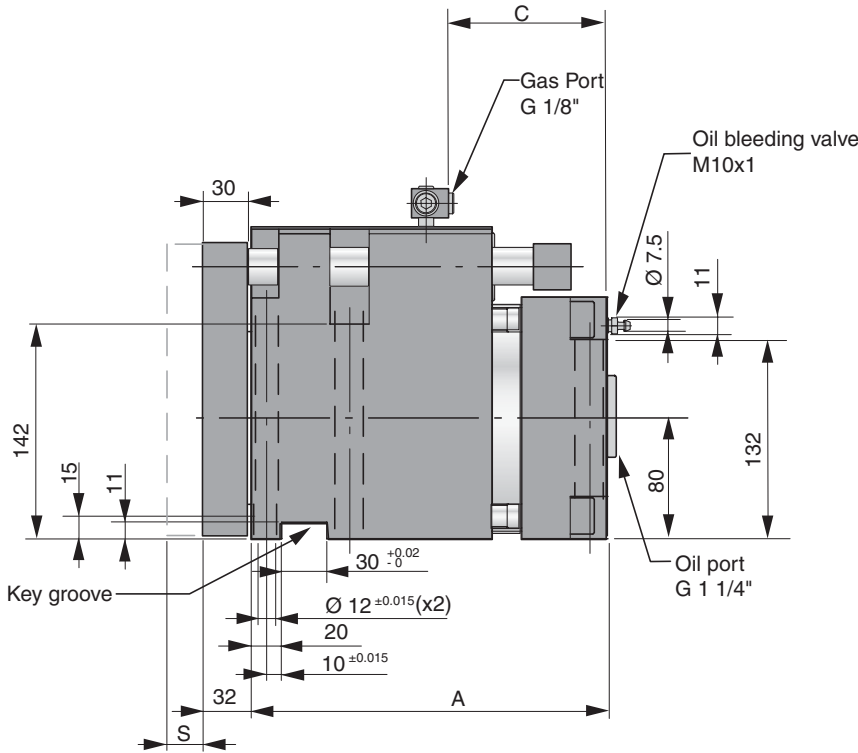


Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	Weight (kg)
CC 150-024	150	15	24	236	159	57.7
CC 150-049	150	15	49	261	184	60.0
CC 150-099	150	15	99	311	234	65.6

* =Nominal force available for the operation

CC-H 150 Compact Cam for hose system

This version can only be used together with a hose system as there are no gas charging valves in the springs or adapters



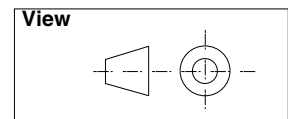
Note! Important installation information:

We recommend locating the punch in the centre of the piston rod, but it is also possible to locate the force which the punch will create in the operations within the area marked .

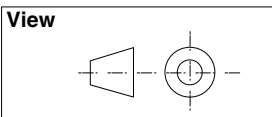
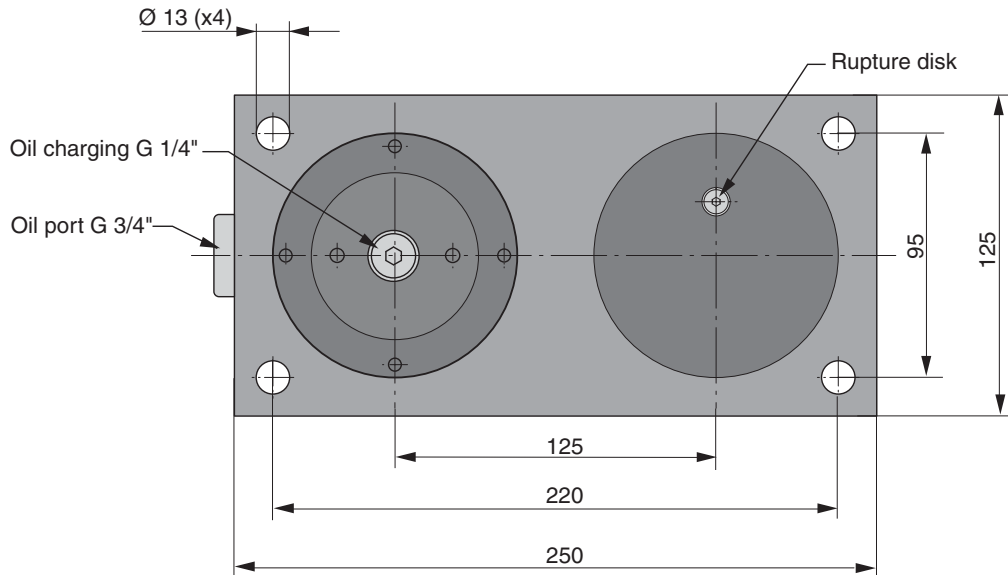
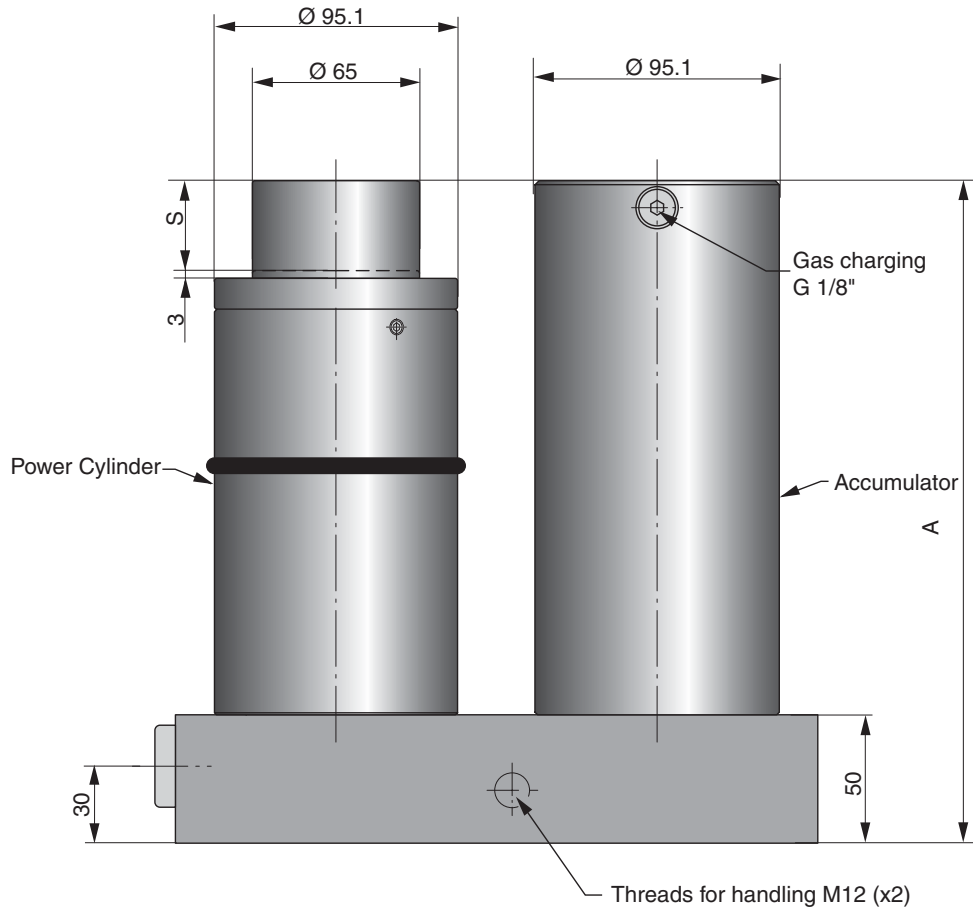
When piercing an opened hole or cutting an edge we recommend that extra guiding is used to prevent the unit against sideload.

Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B	C	Weight (kg)
CC-H 150-024	150	15	24	236	159	109	57.9
CC-H 150-049	150	15	49	261	184	159	60.2
CC-H 150-099	150	15	99	311	234	234	65.8

* = Nominal force available for the operation

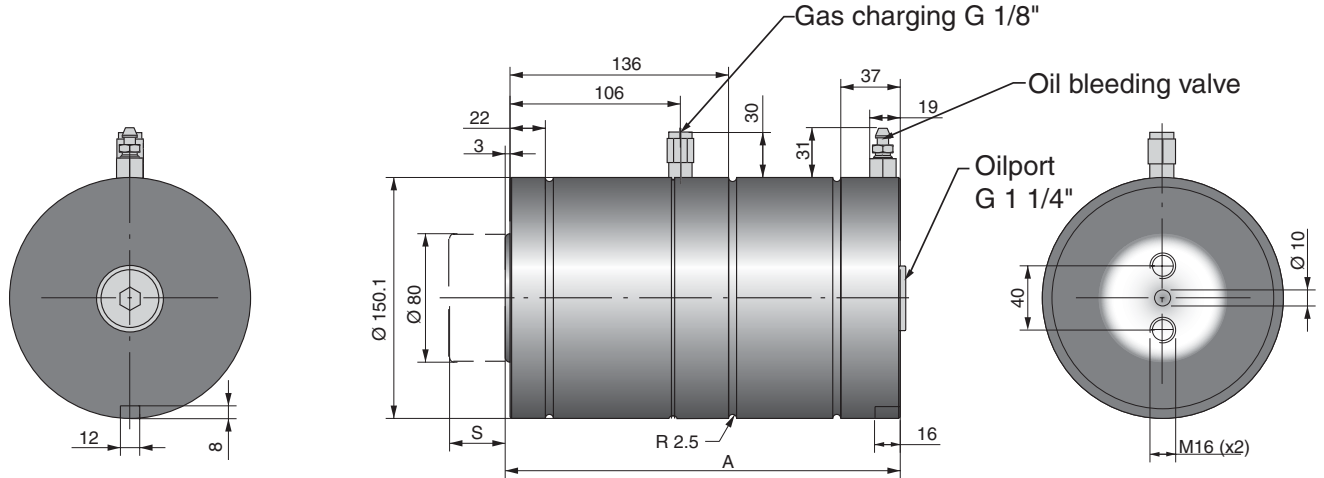


HCP 060 Power Unit



Order No.	Force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCP 060-035	60	35	258	26.7
HCP 060-060	60	60	308	28.4
HCP 060-110	60	110	408	32.2
HCP 060-160	60	160	508	35.9

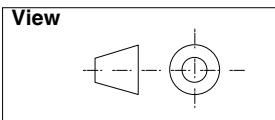
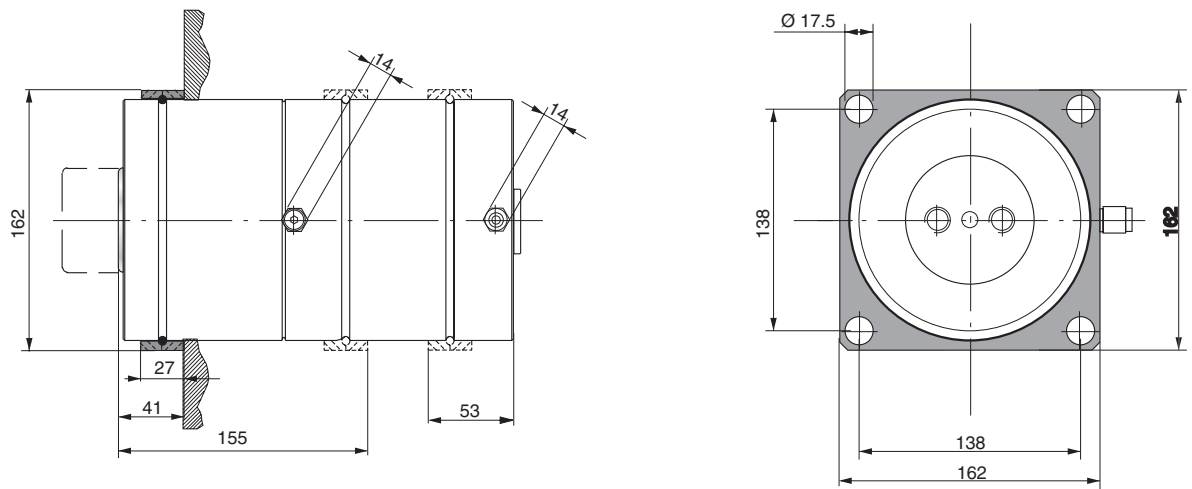
HCF 150 Force Cylinder



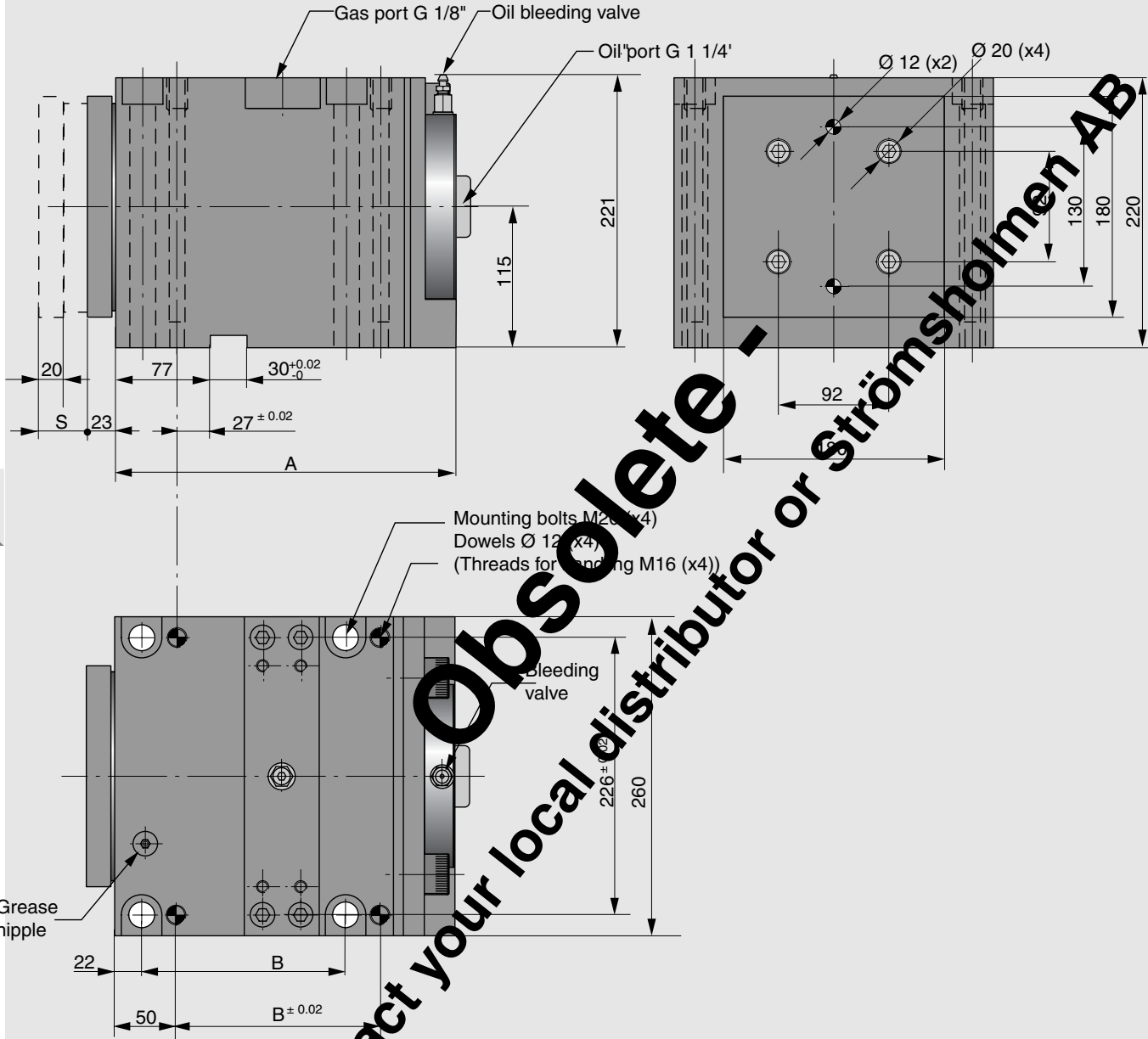
Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force* (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	Weight (kg)
HCF 150-025	150	30	25	250	30.1
HCF 150-050	150	30	50	300	34.7
HCF 150-100	150	30	100	400	43.7

*= Nominal force for the operation

Flange mount for HCF 150 Order No. 2014677-7500



HCC 150 Cam Unit



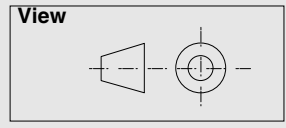
8

Obsolete - Contact your local distributor or Strömsholmen AB

This product is being phased out and will be available for a short time only.

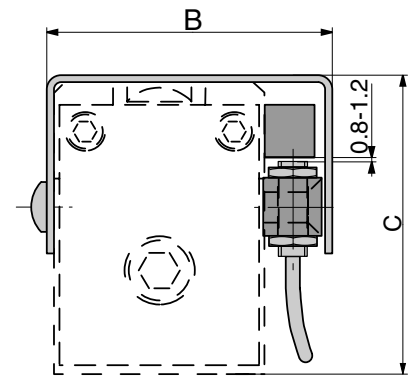
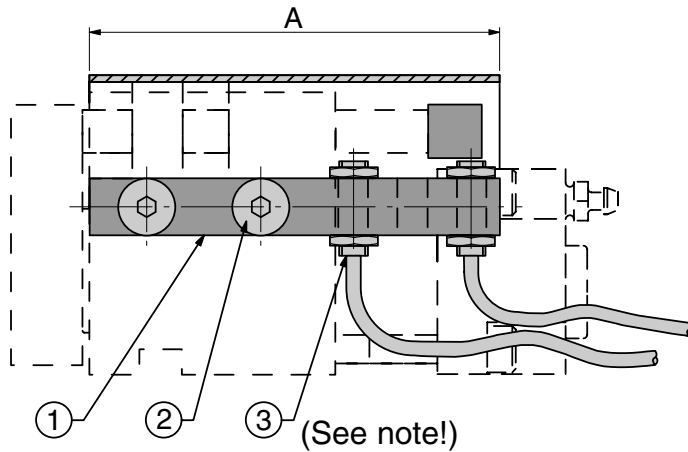
Order No.	Working force* (kN)	Return force (kN)	Stroke S (mm)	A	B
HCC 150-025	150	30	25	256	158
HCC 150-050	150	30	50	306	208
HCC 150-100	150	30	100	406	308

* = Nominal force available for the operation

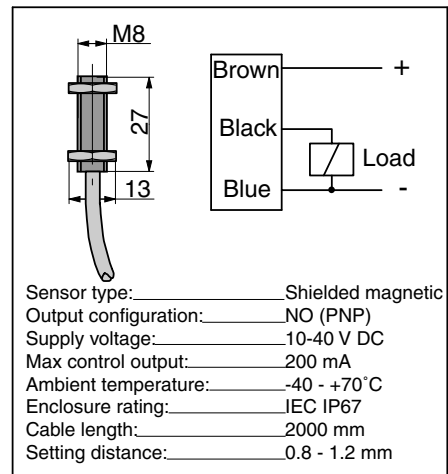
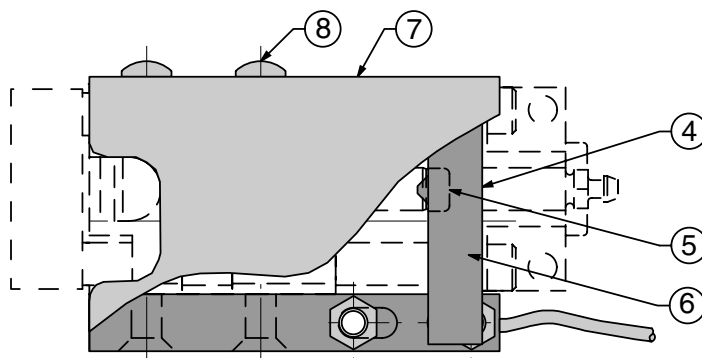


Dimensions for accessories

Sensor kit, option for Compact Cam, CC and CC-H



2 pcs Sensors
Order No. 503550 (sold separately)

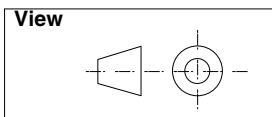


Note!

The 2 pcs Sensors (Order No. 503550) are sold separately and are not included in the Sensor kits themselves.

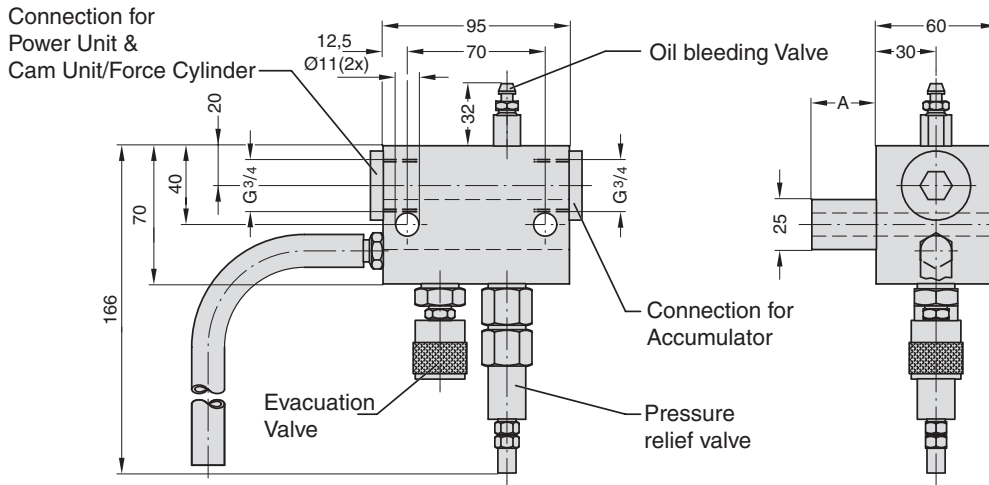
Sensor kit contents list

Position	Quantity	Description
1	1	Fixture
2	2	Screws
3	2	Sensors
4	1	Triggering block
5	1 or 2	Centre location pin (except CC 060, 090, 150)
6	2	Screws
7	1	Cover plate
8	2	Screws



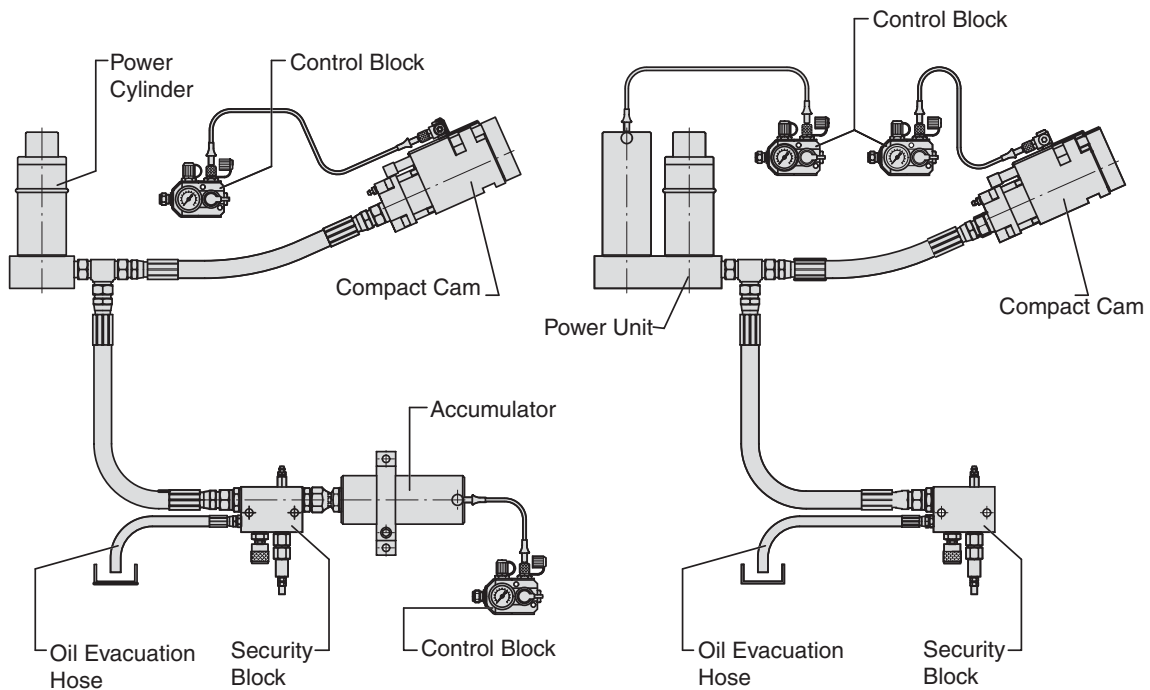
Sensor kit Order No.*	Compact Cam	A	B	C
30 182 08 -01	CC 015-024	115	81	84
30 182 08 -02	CC 015-049	165	81	84
30 182 08 -03	CC 040-024	168	117	107
30 182 08 -04	CC 040-049	193	117	107
30 182 08 -05	CC 040-099	271	117	107
30 182 08 -09	CC 060-024	171	142	135
30 182 08 -10	CC 060-049	196	142	135
30 182 08 -11	CC 060-099	271	142	135
30 182 08 -06	CC 090-024	216	170	172
30 182 08 -07	CC 090-049	241	170	172
30 182 08 -08	CC 090-099	316	170	172
30 182 08 -12	CC 150-024	216	182	207
30 182 08 -13	CC 150-049	241	182	207
30 182 08 -14	CC 150-099	316	182	207

Security Block according to CNOMO-Standard (Renault and Peugeot/Citroen)



Order No.	Size	A*
3020008-015	015	10
3020008-040	040	22.5
3020008-060	060	32.5
3020008-090	090	44
3020008-150	150	70

*To be used when directly connected to the accumulator, see below.

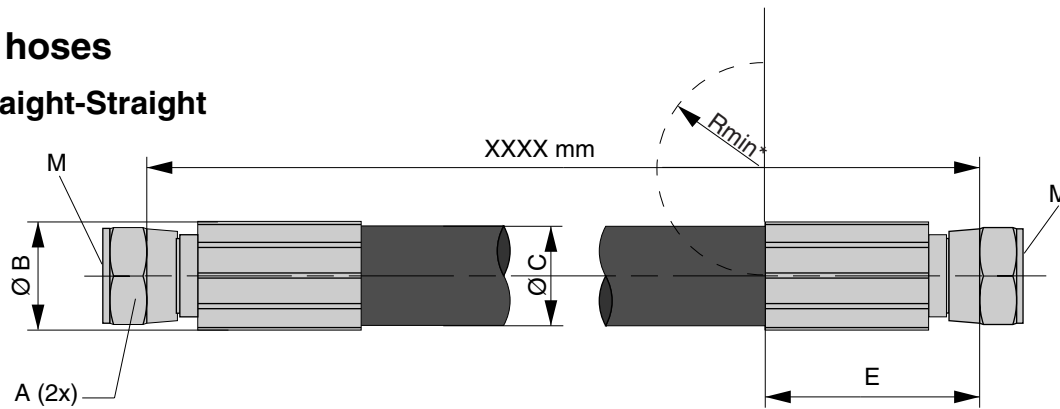


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System hoses

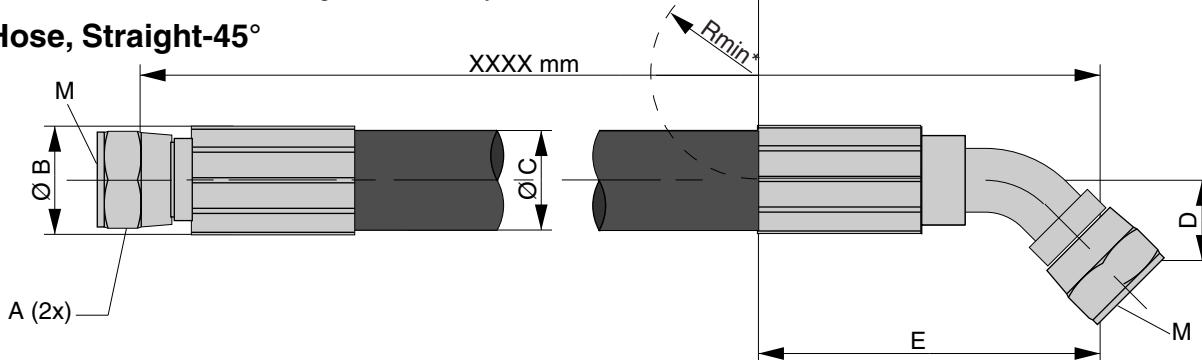
Hose, Straight-Straight



For Power Unit	Hose size	Thread M	Order No.	A	Ø B	Ø C	E	Rmin*
HCP 15	1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	3015970-XXXX	32	28	21	58	145 mm
HCP 40	3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	3015971-XXXX	41	36	28	69	195 mm
HCP 60 and HCP 90	1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	3015972-XXXX	41	46	40	88	310 mm
HCP 150	1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8"-12	3015973-XXXX	50	57	46	97	410 mm

* = Smallest recommended bending radius for the hydraulic hose

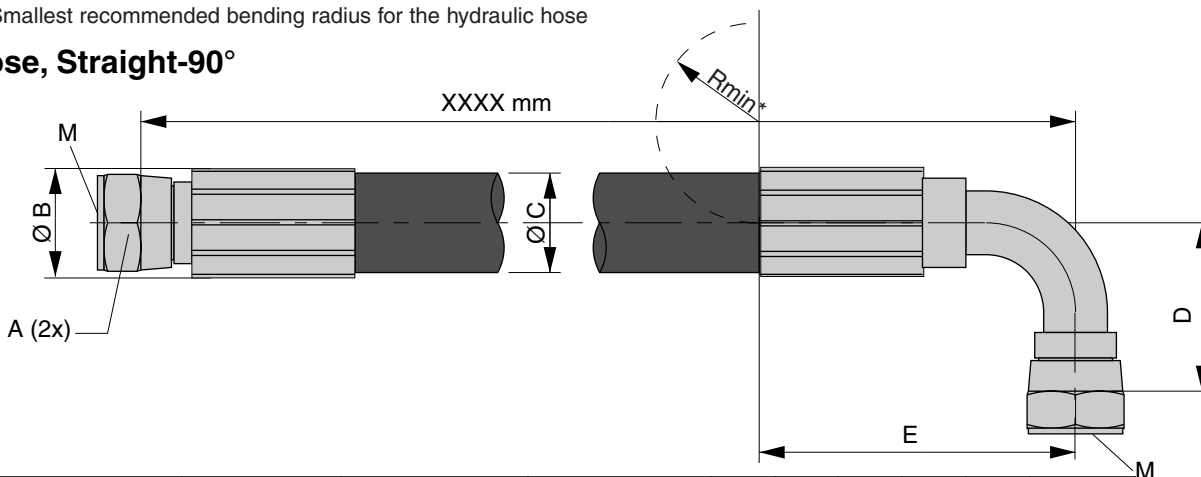
Hose, Straight-45°



For Power Unit	Hose size	Thread M	Order No.	A	Ø B	Ø C	D	E	Rmin*
HCP 15	1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	3015975-XXXX	32	28	21	25	89	145 mm
HCP 40	3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	3015976-XXXX	41	36	28	30	103	195 mm
HCP 60 and HCP 90	1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	3015977-XXXX	41	46	40	30	127	310 mm
HCP 150	1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8"-12	3015978-XXXX	50	57	46	34	143	410 mm

* = Smallest recommended bending radius for the hydraulic hose

Hose, Straight-90°

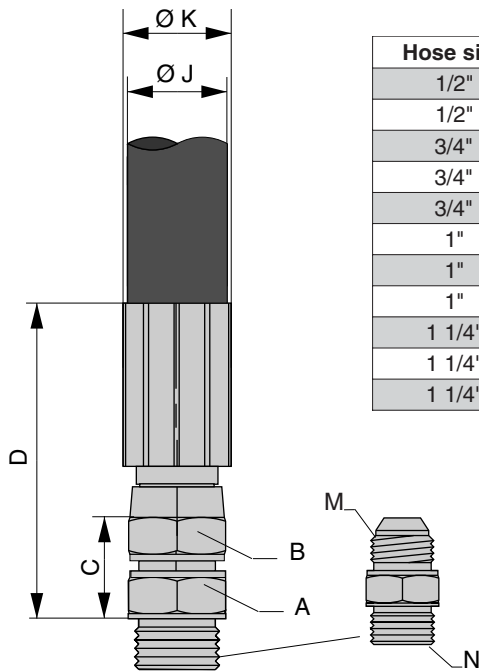


For Power Unit	Hose size	Thread M	Order No.	A	Ø B	Ø C	D	E	Rmin*
HCP 15	1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	3015980-XXXX	32	28	21	46	81	145 mm
HCP 40	3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	3015981-XXXX	41	36	28	64	101	195 mm
HCP 60 and HCP 90	1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	3015982-XXXX	41	46	40	64	120	310 mm
HCP 150	1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8"-12	3015983-XXXX	50	57	46	74	139	410 mm

* = Smallest recommended bending radius for the hydraulic hose

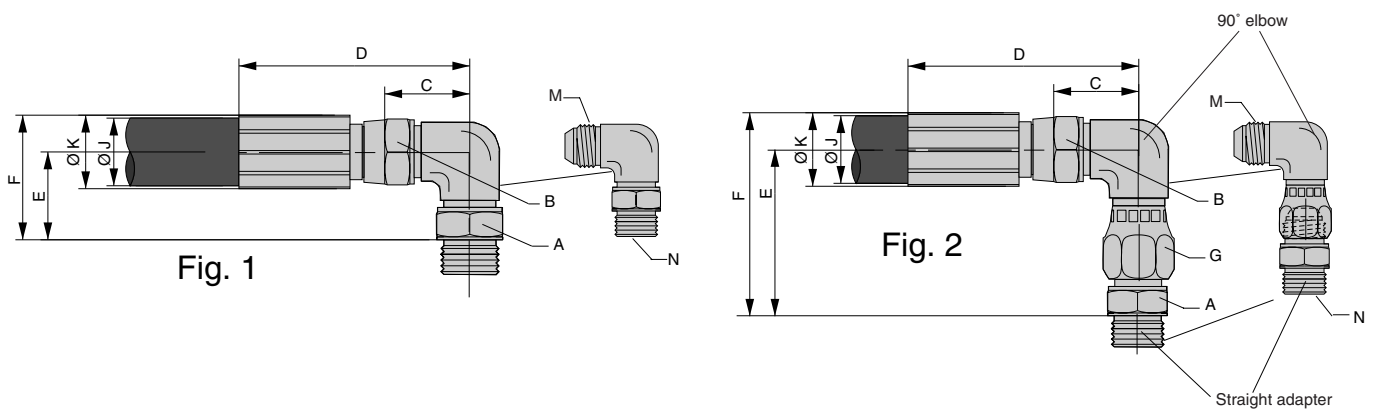
System adapters

Power Unit/Cam Unit adapter, Straight



Hose size	Thread M	Thread N	Order No.	A	B	C	D	Ø J	Ø K
1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	G 1/2"	502755	30	32	34	89	21	28
1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	G 3/4"	502760	36	32	35	89	21	28
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 1/2"	502770	30	41	36	103	28	36
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 3/4"	502775	36	41	36	101	28	36
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 1 1/4"	502780	50	41	40	105	28	36
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 1/2"	502770	30	41	36	122	40	46
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 3/4"	502775	36	41	36	120	40	46
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 1 1/4"	502780	50	41	40	124	40	46
1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8"-12	G 3/4"	502790	36	50	41	131	46	57
1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8"-12	G 1	503555	46	50	39	132	46	57
1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8"-12	G 1 1/4"	502795	50	50	41	134	46	57

Power Unit/Cam Unit adapter, 90° elbow

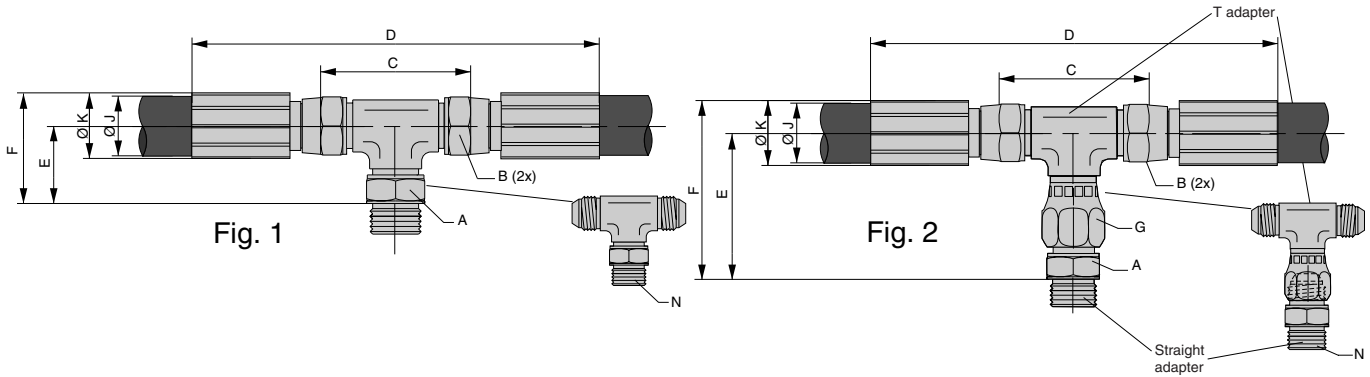


Hose size	Thread M	Thread N	Order No.	Fig. 1	Fig. 2	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Ø J	Ø K
1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	G 1/2"	502756	X		27	32	42	97	37	51	--	21	28
1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	G 3/4"	502761	X		36	32	42	97	37	51	--	21	28
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 1/2"	503251 + 502770		X	30	41	46	112	68	86	38	28	36
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 3/4"	502776	X		36	41	46	112	39	57	--	28	36
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 1 1/4"	502781	X		50	41	46	154	41	59	--	28	36
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 1/2"	503251 + 502770		X	30	41	46	131	68	91	38	40	46
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 3/4"	502776	X		36	41	46	131	39	62	--	40	46
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	G 1 1/4"	502781	X		50	41	46	173	41	64	--	40	46
1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8"-12	G 3/4"	503252 + 502790		X	36	50	52	146	82	111	51	46	57
1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8"-12	G 1 1/4"	503255	X		50	50	52	188	41	70	--	46	57

We reserve the right to add, delete or modify components without notification.

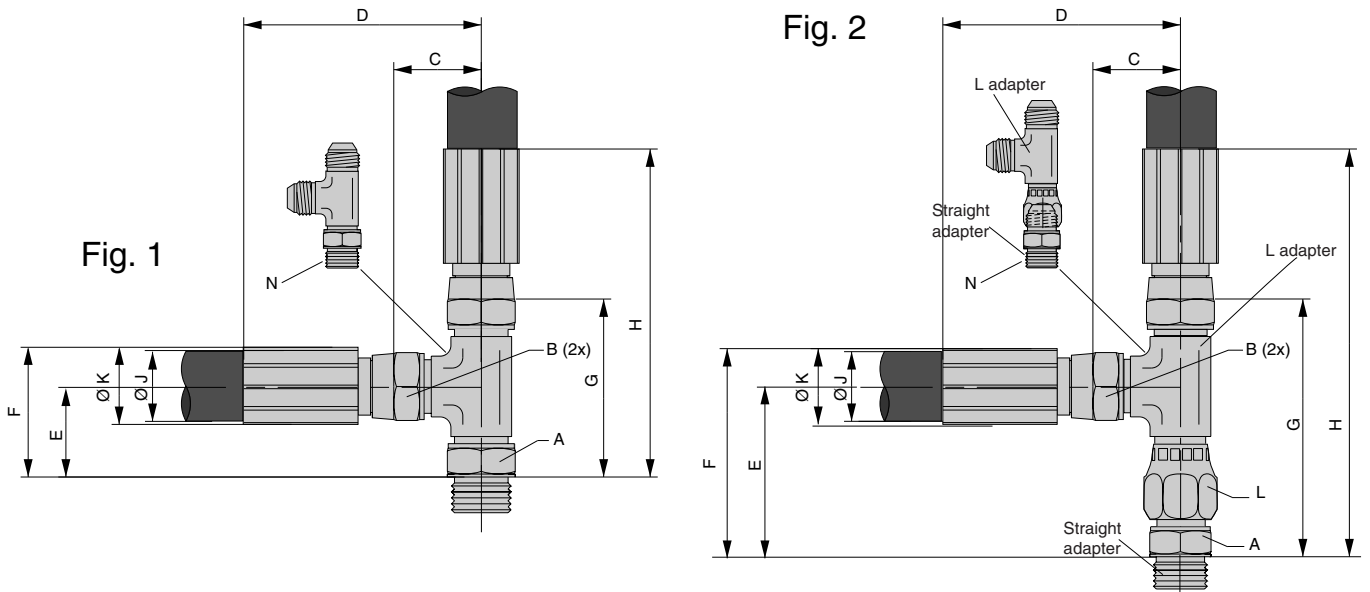
System adapters

Power Unit/Cam Unit adapter, T



Hose size	Thread N	Order No.	Fig. 1	Fig. 2	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Ø J	Ø K
1/2"	G 3/4"	502762	X		36	32	84	194	37	51	--	21	28
3/4"	G 1/2"	503253 + 502770		X	30	41	92	223	68	86	38	28	36
3/4"	G 3/4"	503253 + 502775		X	36	41	92	223	68	86	38	28	36
1"	G 1/2"	503253 + 502770		X	30	41	92	262	68	91	38	40	46
1"	G 3/4"	503253 + 502775		X	36	41	92	262	68	91	38	40	46
1 1/4"	G 1 1/4"	502797	X		50	50	104	292	41	70	--	46	57

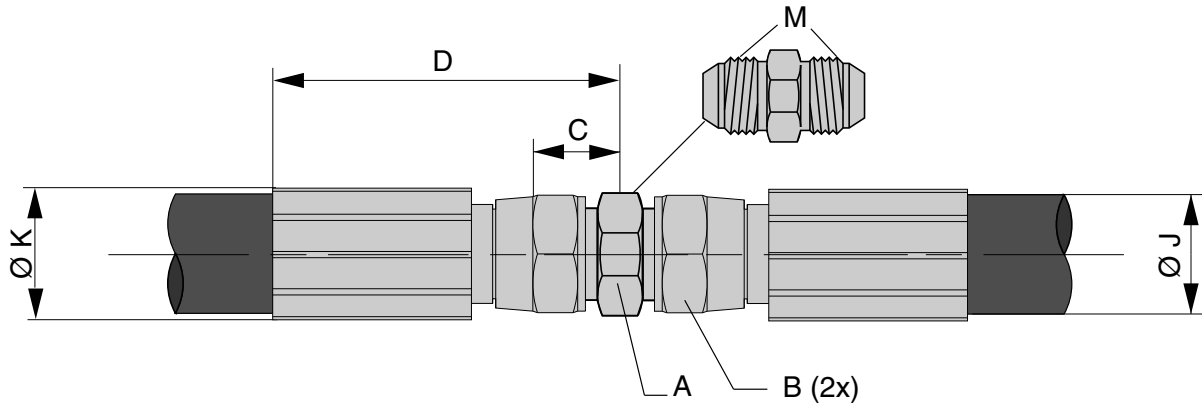
Power Unit/Cam Unit adapter, L



Hose size	Thread N	Order No.	Fig. 1	Fig. 2	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	Ø J	Ø K	L
1/2"	G 3/4"	502763	X		36	32	42	97	37	51	79	134	21	28	--
3/4"	G 1/2"	503254 + 502770		X	30	41	46	112	68	86	114	180	28	36	38
3/4"	G 3/4"	503254 + 502775		X	36	41	46	112	68	86	114	180	28	36	38
1"	G 1/2"	503254 + 502770		X	30	41	46	131	68	91	114	199	40	46	38
1"	G 3/4"	503254 + 502775		X	36	41	46	131	68	91	114	199	40	46	38
1 1/4"	G 1 1/4"	502798	X		50	50	52	144	41	70	93	187	46	57	--

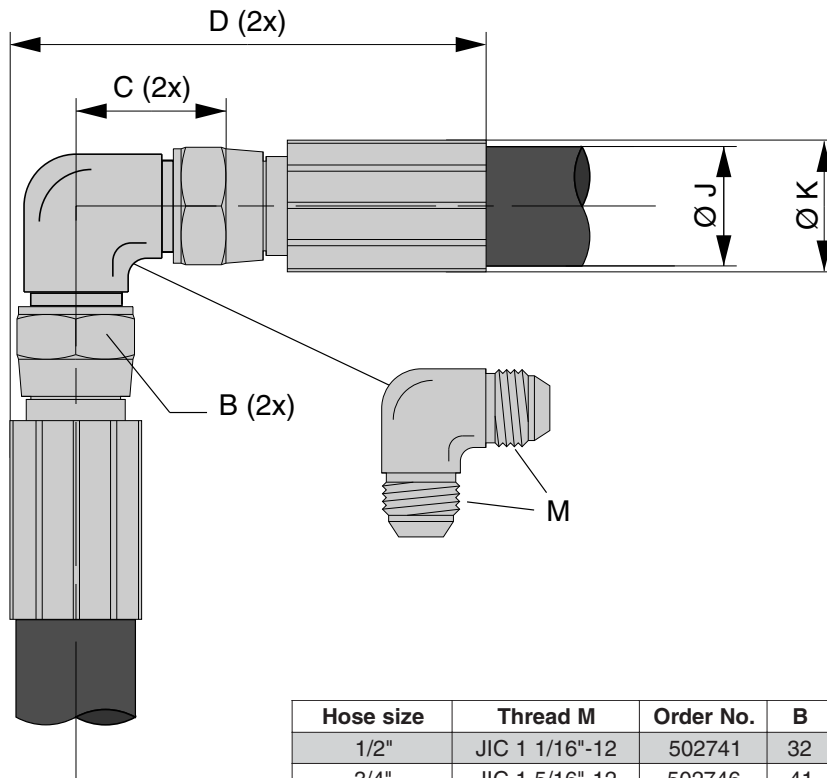
System adapters

Hose connector, Straight

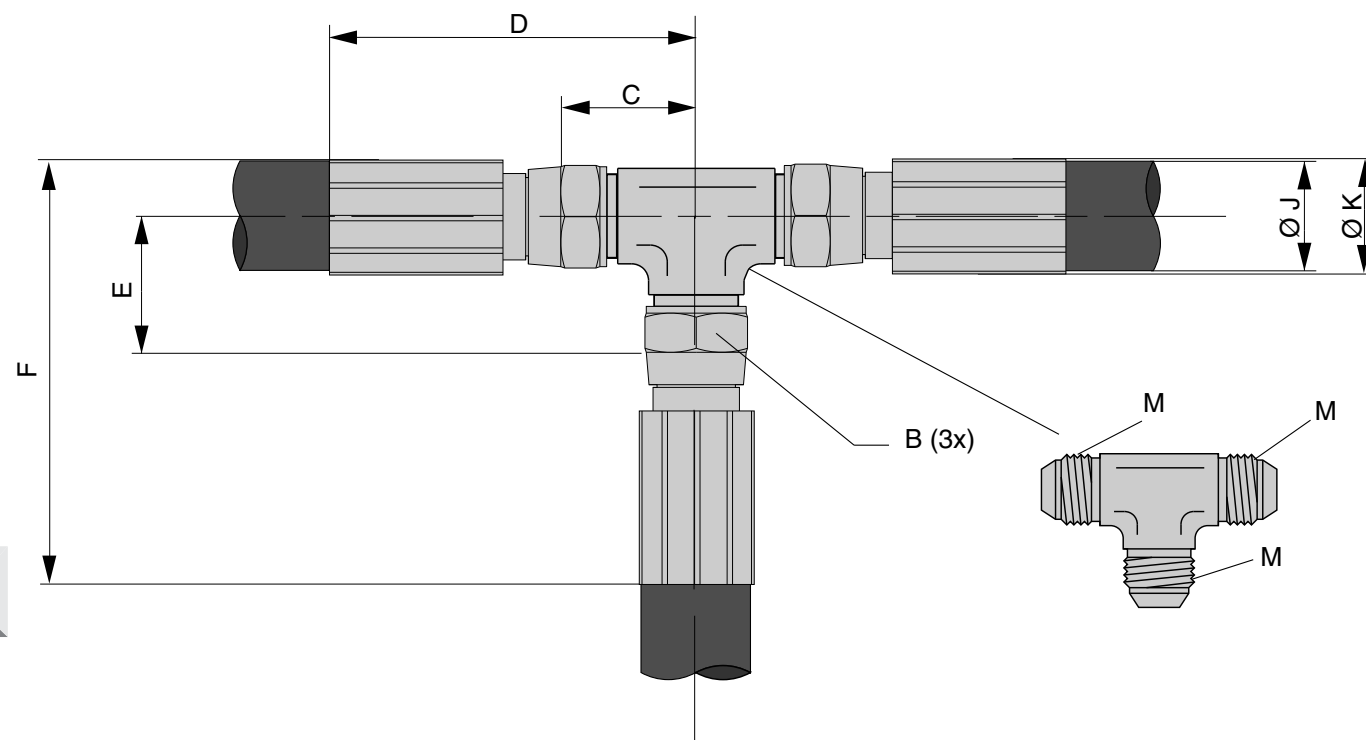


Hose size	Thread M	Order No.	A	B	C	D	Ø J	Ø K
1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	502740	27	32	28	83	21	28
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	502745	36	41	29	94	28	36
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	502745	36	41	29	114	40	46
1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8" -12	502750	46	50	31	124	46	57

Hose connector, 90° elbow



Hose size	Thread M	Order No.	B	C	D	Ø J	Ø K
1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	502741	32	42	97	21	28
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	502746	41	46	112	28	36
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	502746	41	46	131	40	46
1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8" -12	502751	50	52	146	46	57

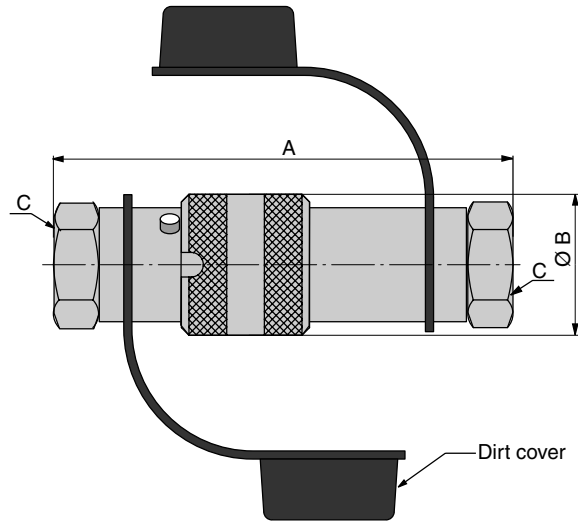
System adapters**Hose connector, 3-way (T)**

Hose size	Thread M	Order No.	B	C	D	E	F	Ø J	Ø K
1/2"	JIC 1 1/16"-12	502742	32	42	97	42	97	21	28
3/4"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	502747	41	46	112	46	112	28	36
1"	JIC 1 5/16"-12	502747	41	46	131	46	131	40	46
1 1/4"	JIC 1 5/8" -12	502752	50	52	144	52	146	46	57

System adapters

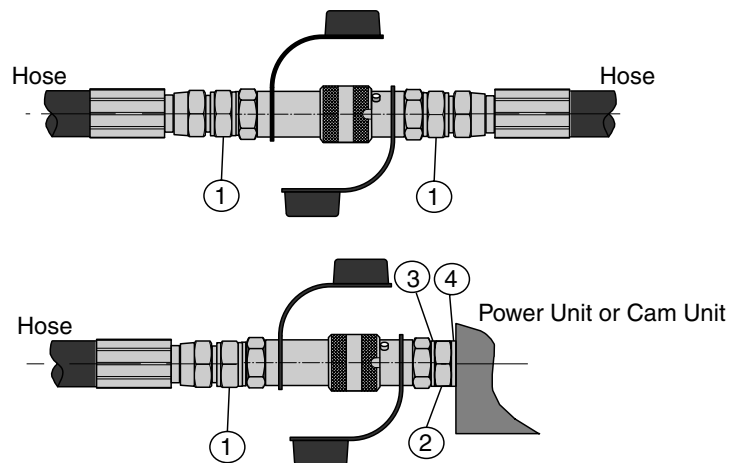
Quick coupling

The quick coupling can be used to separate the Power Unit and the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder without refilling and bleeding the system.



Ordering No.	A	ØB	C	Max oil flow	Power Unit / Cam	Max velocity Power Unit / Cam
3018084-01	132	40	G 1/2"	100 l/min	015	0.8
3018084-02	162	50	G 3/4"	300 l/min	040, 060, 090	0.8 (090=0.6)
3018084-03	176	57	G 1	500 l/min	150	0.6

Installation possibilites



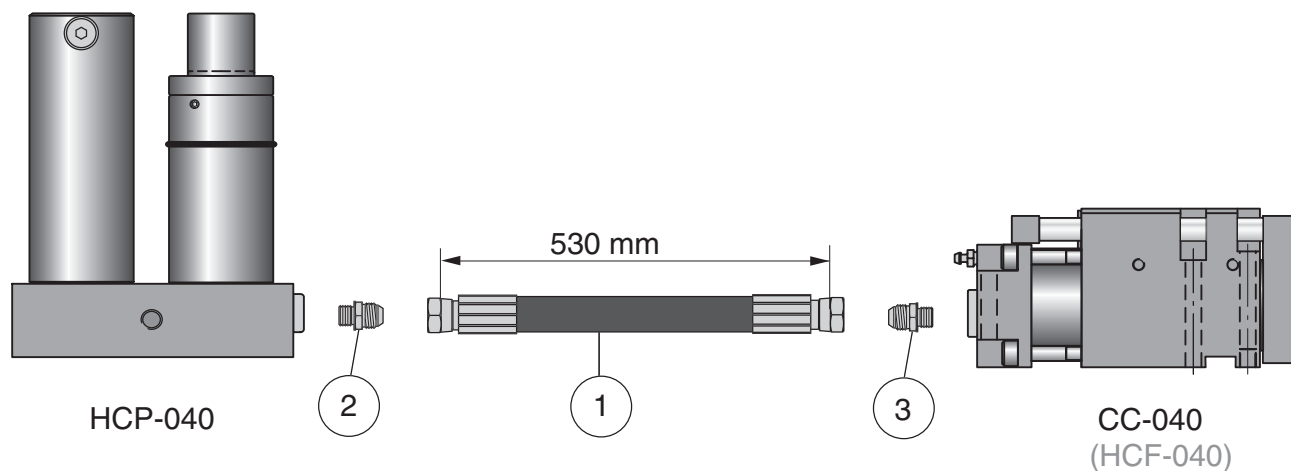
Ordering number adapter and washers				
Quick coupling	Position 1	Position 2	Position 3	Position 4
3018084-01	502755	503551	501271	501271
3018084-02	502775	503552	501270	501270
3018084-03	503555	503553	500282	503554

Designing your hose system

How to design your hose system

1. Choose the right hose size and style from page 9.8/28 (the hose size is always dictated by the Power Unit size).
2. Choose the right size/style adaptor between hose and Power Unit using page 9.8/29-9.8/30. The oil connection is found on the respective Power Unit dimension page.
3. Choose the right size/style adapter between hose and Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder (CC or HCF) using page 9.8/29-9.8/30. The oil connection is found on the respective Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder dimension page. You can also connect one hose to another using adapters (see page 9.8/31-9.8/32).

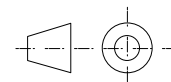
8



Example above showing how to connect a HCP-040 to a CC-040 (the same principal applies when connecting an HCF).

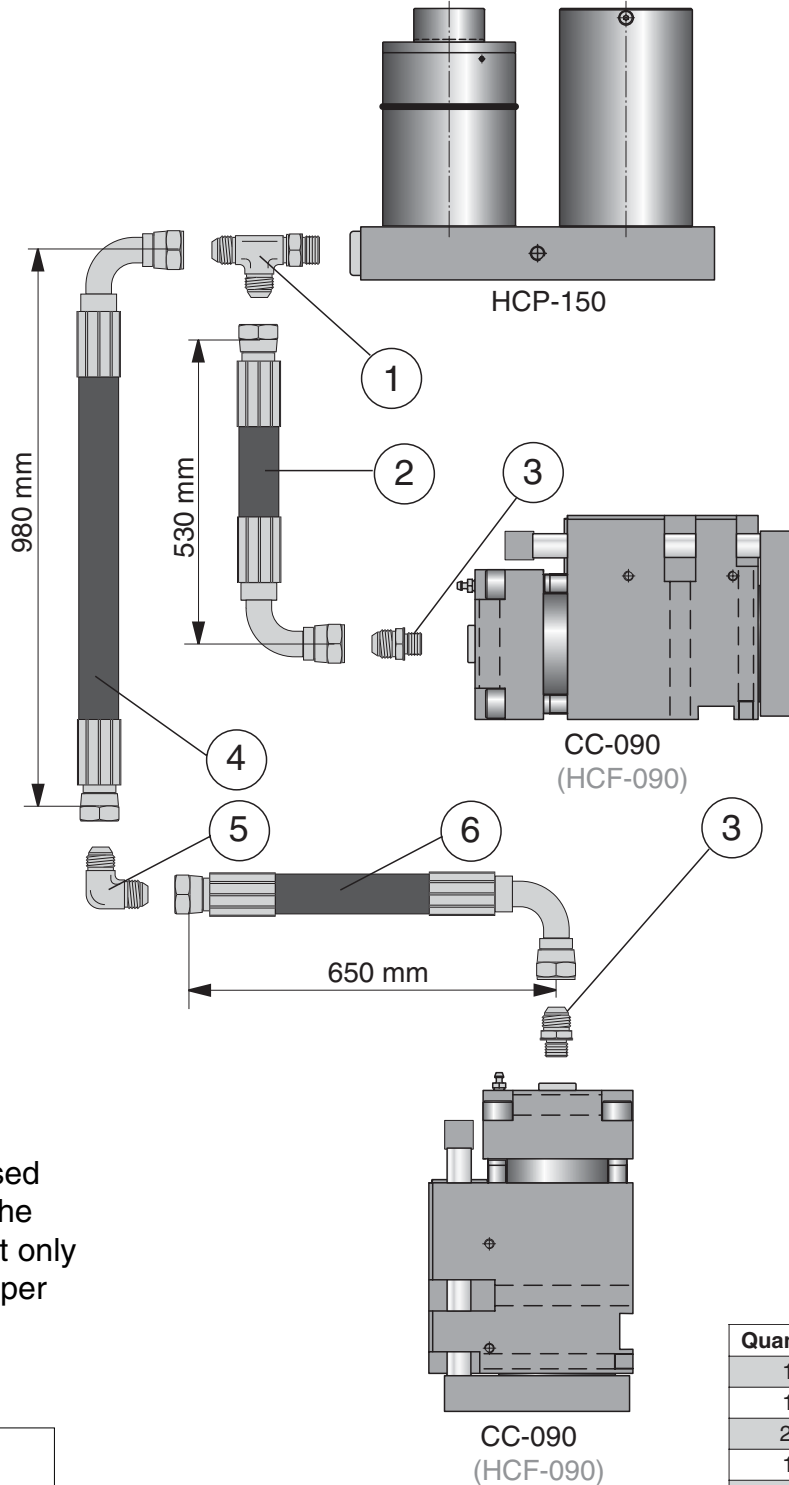
Position	Order No.
1	3015971-0530
2	502775
3	502775

View

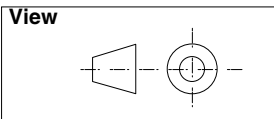


Designing your hose system

Example below showing how to connect a HCP-150 unit for two Cam Units CC-090 (the same principal applies when connecting an HCF).



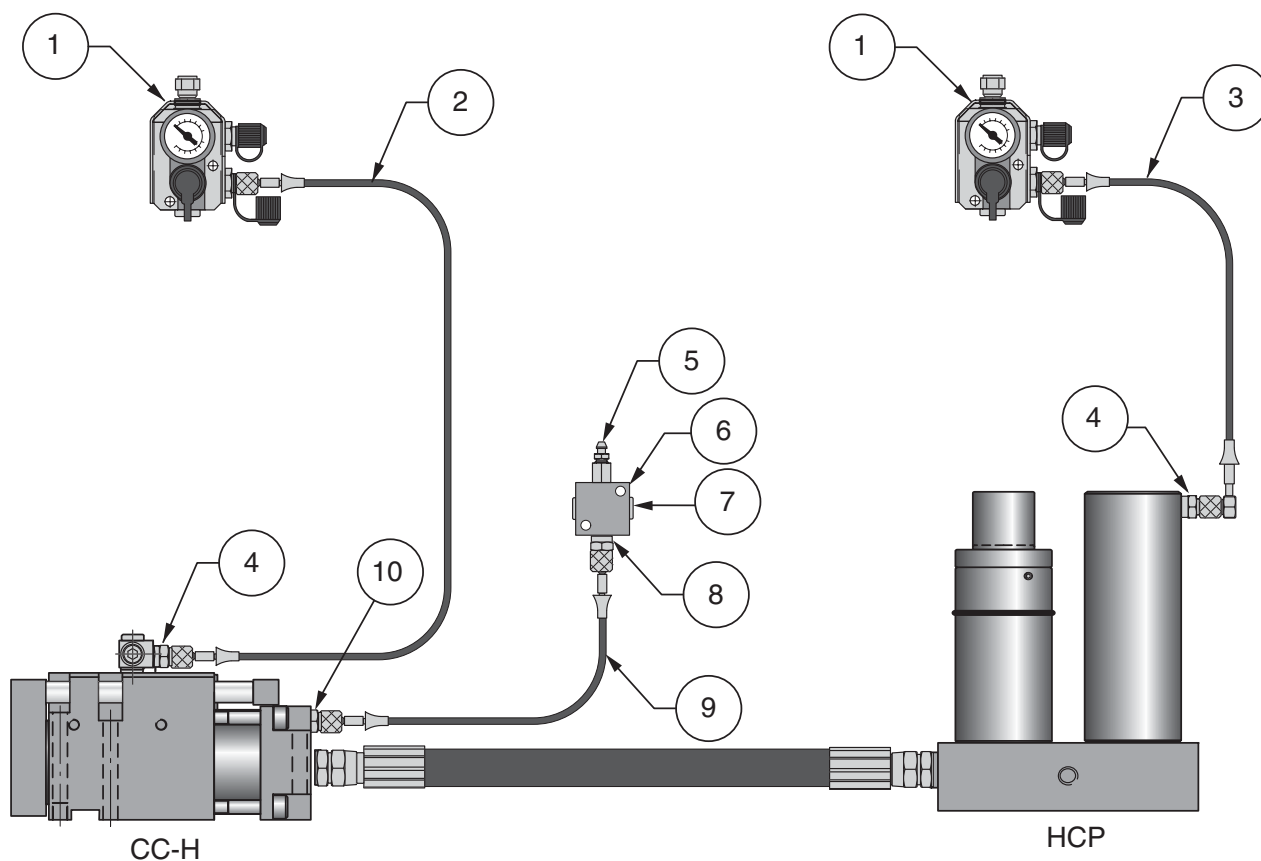
Remember!
For synchronised movement of the Cams, connect only one Cam Unit per Power Unit



Quantity	Position	Order No.
1	1	502798
1	2	3015983-0530
2	3	502790
1	4	3015983-0980
1	5	502751
1	6	3015983-0650

Hose systems for Control Units and oil bleeding

CC-H Compact Cam/ HCP Power Unit (example)



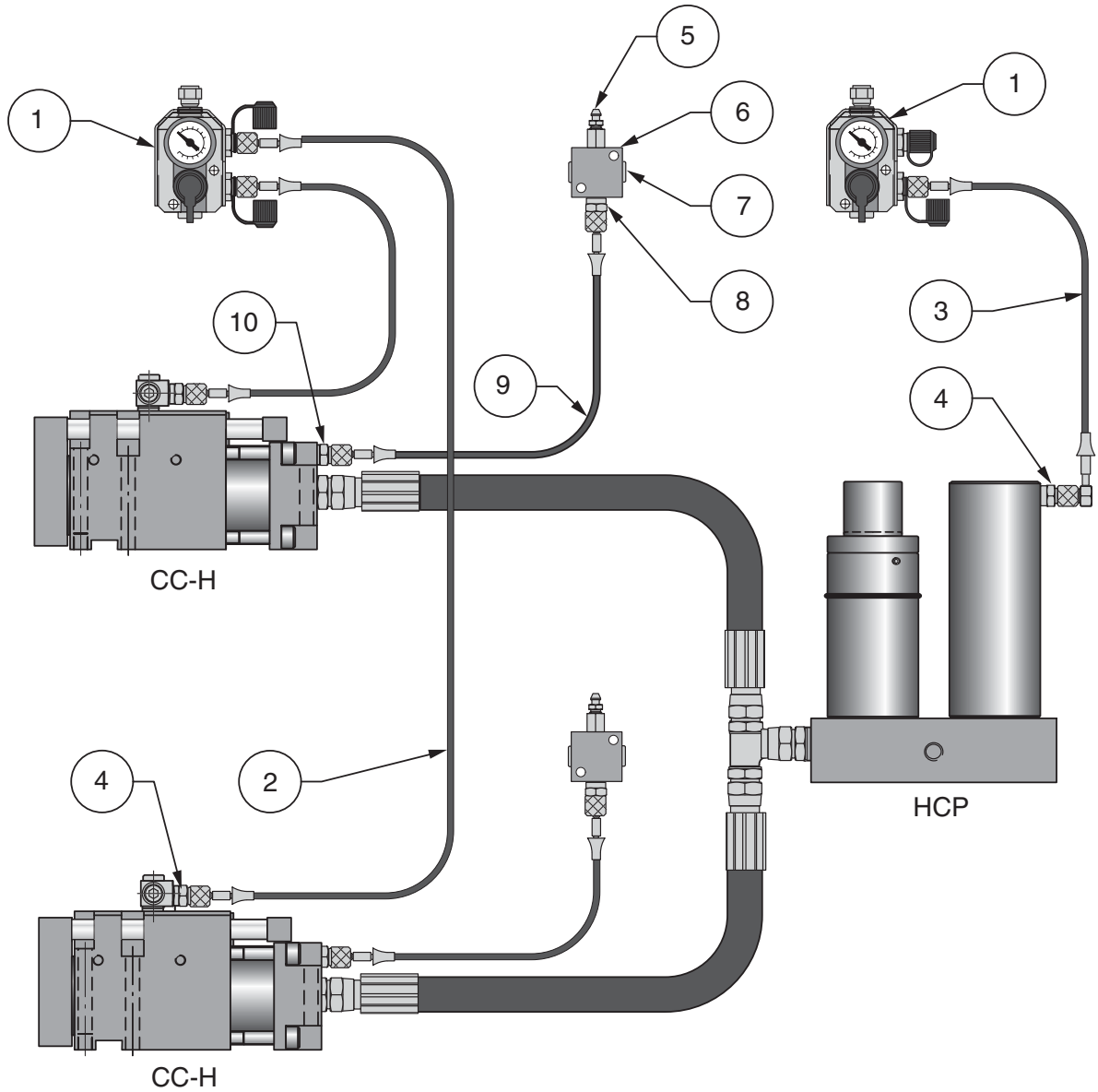
8

Hose system for Control Units			
Position	Quantity	Description	Order No.
1	2	Control Unit	3116114
2	1	EZ-hose	4014974-xxxx
3	1	EZ-hose	4017568-xxxx
4	2	Adapter	4114973-G 1/8"

Hose system for oil bleeding			
Position	Quantity	Description	Order No.
5	1	Bleed nipple	4014007
6	1	Coupling Unit	4017032
7	1	Plug G 1/8"	500343
8	1	Adapter	4114973-G 1/8"
9	1	EZ-hose	4014974-xxxx
10	1	Adapter M10x1	503533

Hose systems for Control Units and oil bleeding

Two CC-H Compact Cams / HCP Power Unit (example)



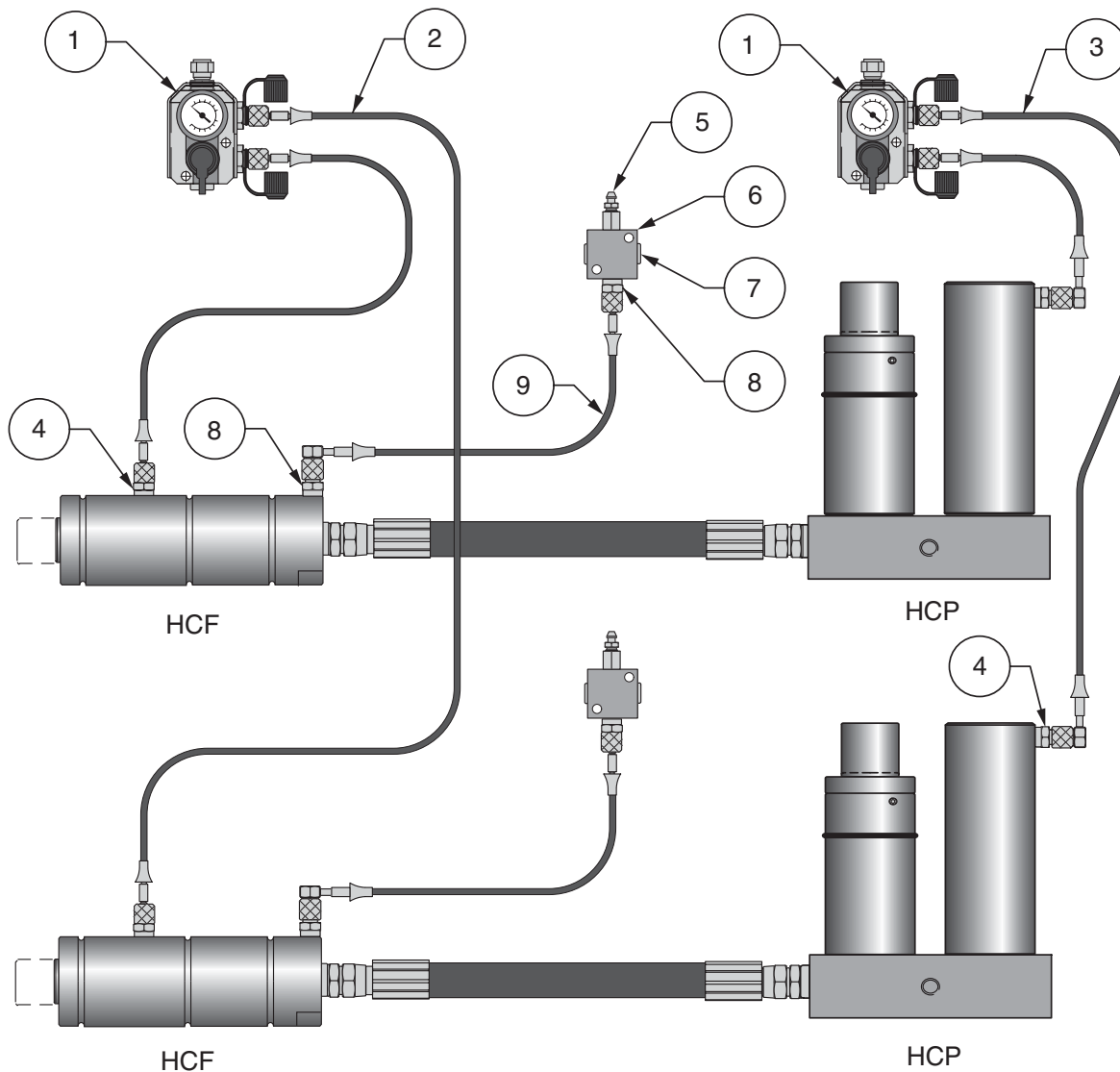
Hose system for Control Units			
Position	Quantity	Description	Order No.
1	2	Control Unit	3116114
2	2	EZ-hose	4014974-xxxx
3	1	EZ-hose	4017568-xxxx
4	3	Adapter	4114973-G 1/8"

Hose system for oil bleeding			
Position	Quantity	Description	Order No.
5	2	Bleed nipple	4014007
6	2	Coupling Unit	4017032
7	2	Plug G 1/8"	500343
8	2	Adapter	4114973-G 1/8"
9	2	EZ-hose	4014974-xxxx
10	2	Adapter M10x1	503533

We reserve the right to add, delete or modify components without notification.

Hose systems for Control Units and oil bleeding

Two HCF Force Cylinders / to two HCP Power Units (example)



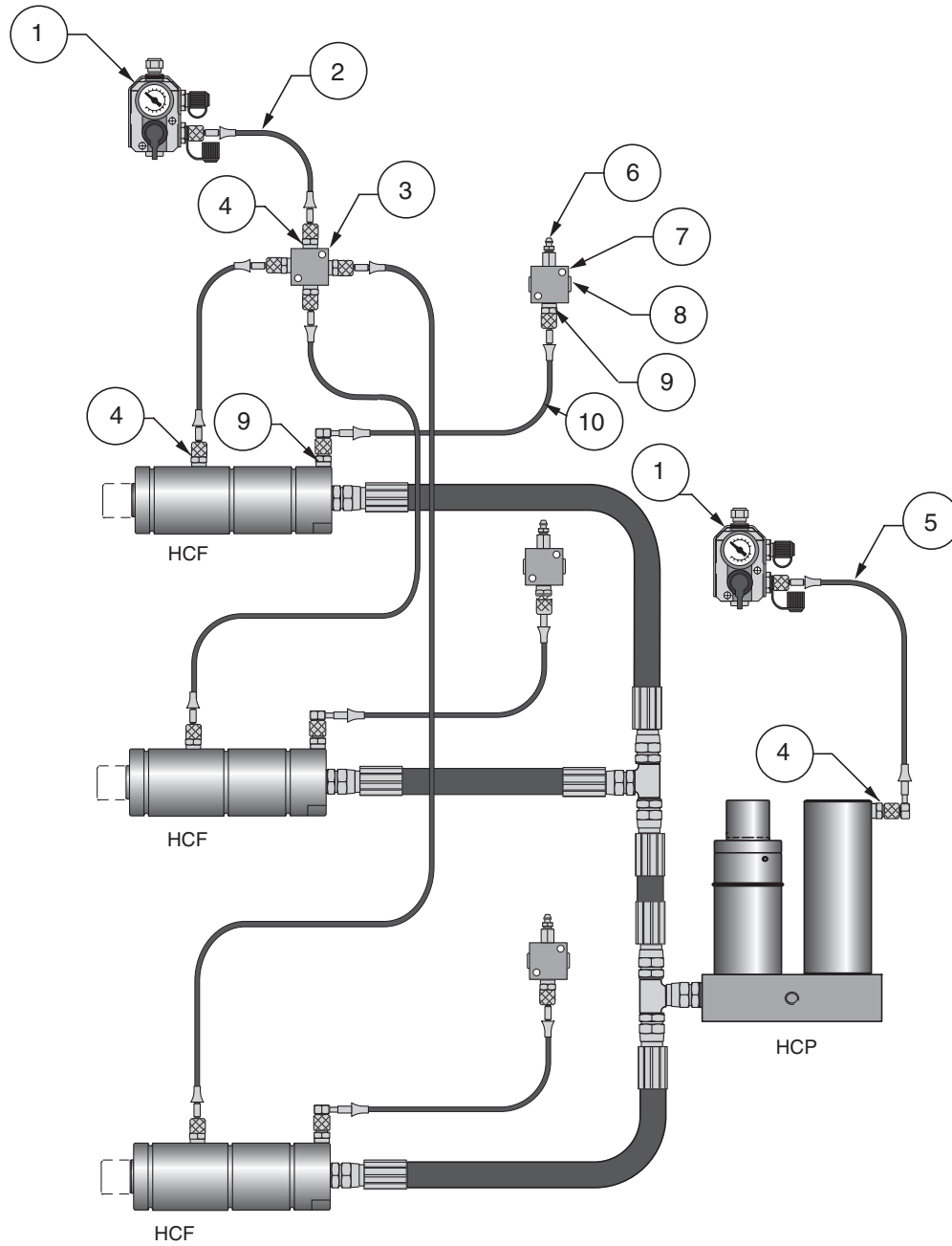
8

Hose system for Control Units			
Position	Quantity	Description	Order No.
1	2	Control Unit	3116114
2	2	EZ-hose	4014974-xxxx
3	2	EZ-hose	4017568-xxxx
4	4	Adapter	4114973-G 1/8"

Hose system for oil bleeding			
Position	Quantity	Description	Order No.
5	2	Bleed nipple	4014007
6	2	Coupling Unit	4017032
7	2	Plug G 1/8"	500343
8	4	Adapter	4114973-G 1/8"
9	2	EZ-hose	4017568-xxxx

Hose systems for Control Units and oil bleeding

Three HCF Force Cylinders to one HCP Power Unit (example)



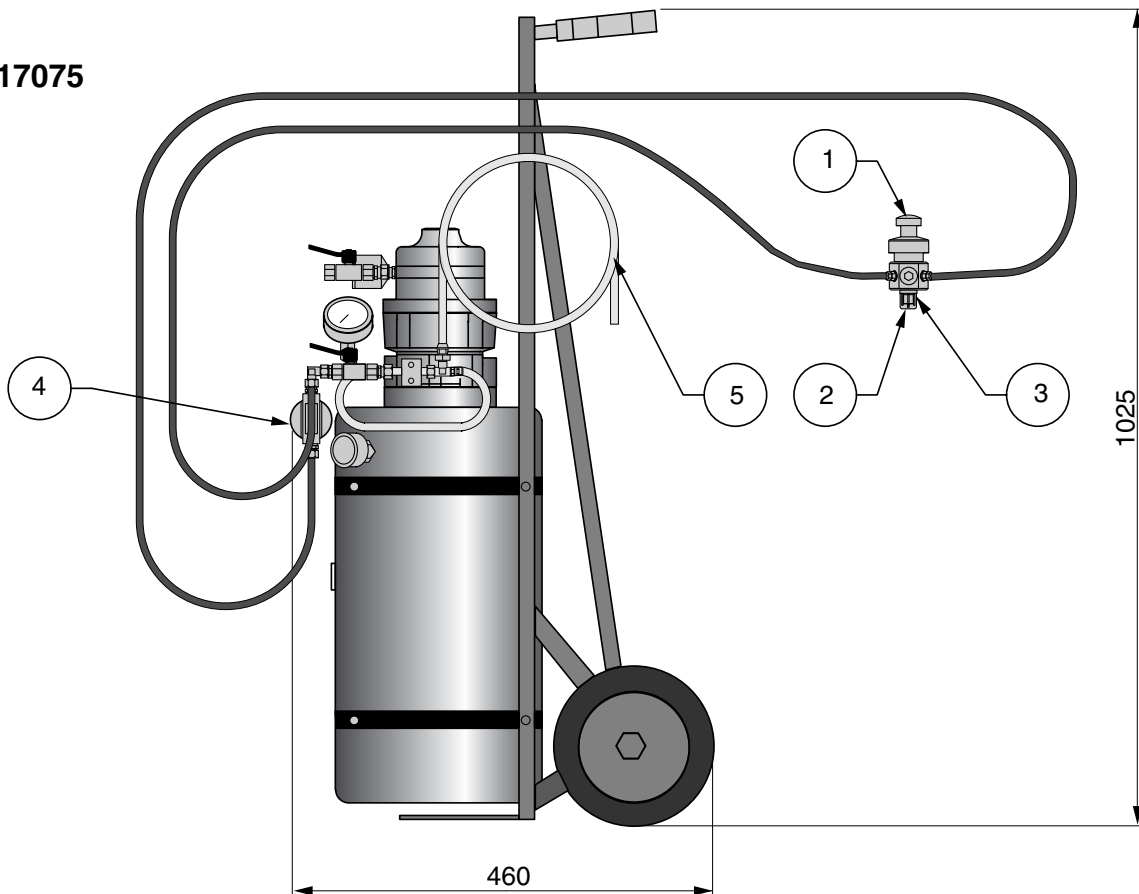
8

Hose system for Control Units			
Position	Quantity	Description	Order No.
1	2	Control Unit	3116114
2	4	EZ-hose	4014974-xxxx
3	1	Coupling Unit	4017032
4	8	Adapter	4114973-G 1/8"
5	1	EZ-hose	4017568-xxxx

Hose system for oil bleeding			
Position	Quantity	Description	Order No.
6	3	Bleed nipple	4014007
7	3	Coupling Unit	4017032
8	3	Plug G 1/8"	500343
9	6	Adapter	4114973-G 1/8"
10	3	EZ-hose	4017568-xxxx

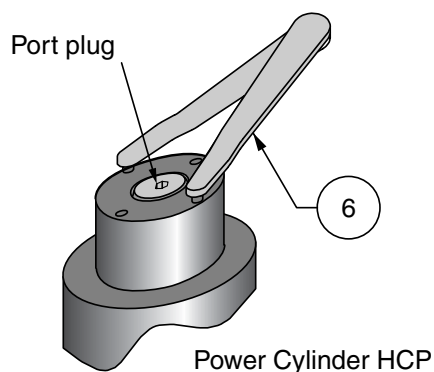
Pump Unit

Order No. 3017075



Technical specifications	
Oil flow:	2.4 l/min at 1500 rpm
Max oil pressure:	55 bar
Tank volume:	18 litres
Oil filter:	10 µm
Air pressure:	5-7 bar

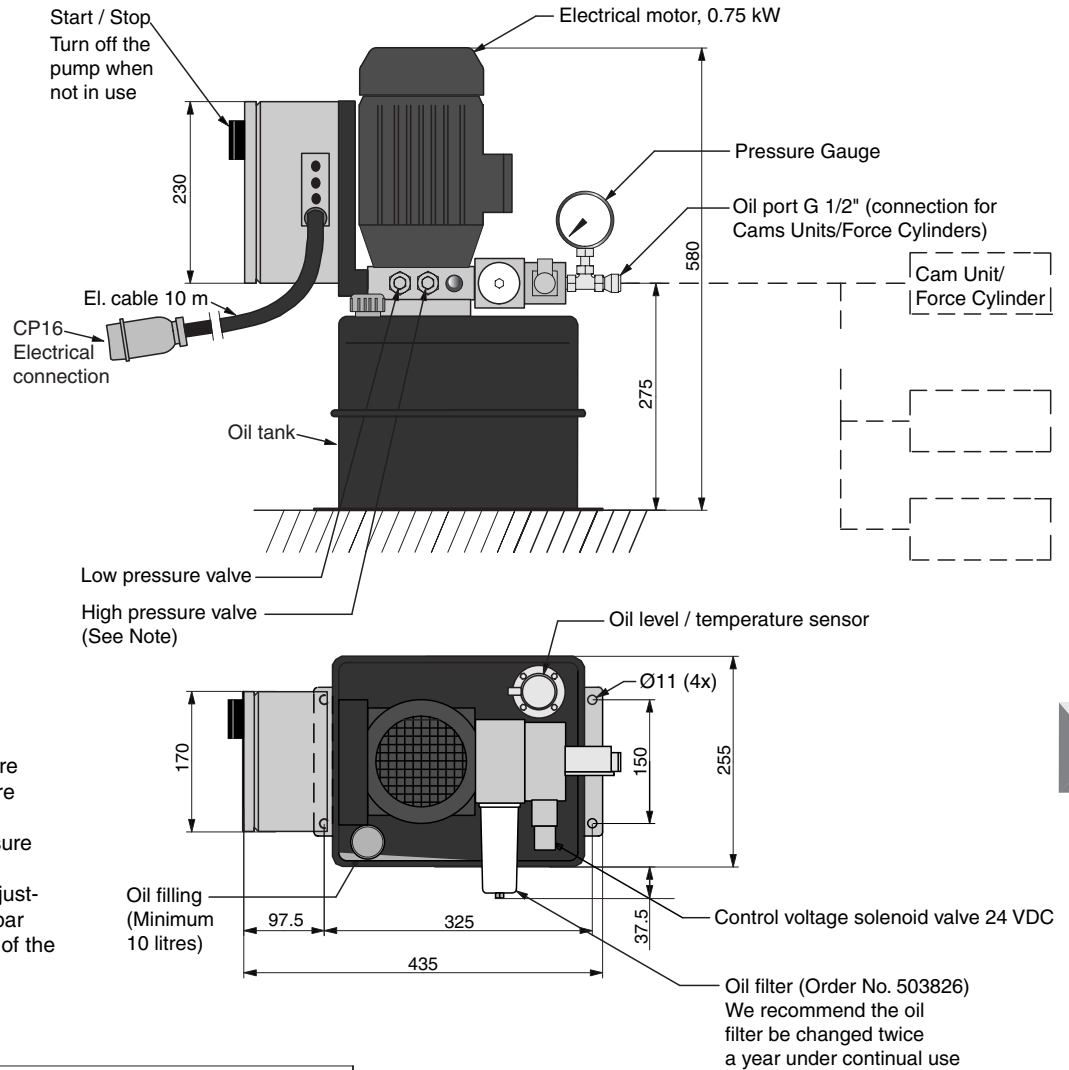
The hook spanner below is used to hold the piston in place when loosening/tightening the port plug.



Spare parts etc.		
Position	Description	Order No.
1	Armature (include position 2 and 3)	3013941
2	Plastic plug	502446
3	Rubber-steel washer	502160
4	Filter	503419
5	Transparent hose	503116
6	Hook spanner (HCP 015)	503417
6	Hook spanner (HCP 040 - 150)	503418

EHC Electrical Pump Unit

Order No. 503708



Note!
Both the Low and High Pressure valves have adjustable pressure settings. We recommend the Low pressure valve is set to 25 bar. The High Pressure Valve is adjustable up to a maximum of 180 bar depending on the requirement of the operation being performed

Technical data - hydraulic system	
Oil tank volume	15 l
Hydraulic oil ISO VG 32	DIN 51524 HVLP (or equivalent)
Min oil flow at 120 bar	1.6 l/min
Max oil flow at 25 bar	8.7 l/min
Oil pressure during cam travel	10-20 bar
Oil pressure during cam operation	Max 180 bar
Low and High pressure valves	(See Note)

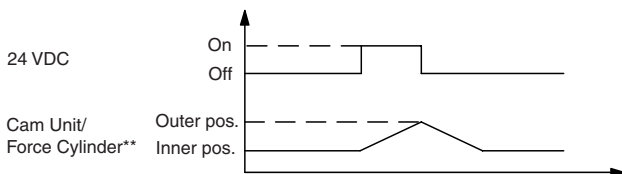
Technical data - electrical system	
Main voltage electrical pump	3x220-440 VAC 50-60Hz
Control voltage solenoid valve	24 VDC
Overtemp sensor max oil temp.	70+5°C
Overtemp sensor restart temp.	50°C

Cam Unit/Force Cylinder size	Cam Unit/Force Cylinder velocity*	
	Forward + return (Low pressure)	During operation (High pressure)
015	115 mm/s	21 mm/s
040	47 mm/s	9 mm/s
060	29 mm/s	5 mm/s
090	18 mm/s	3 mm/s
150	12 mm/s	2 mm/s

*The table shows approximate values based on a single Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder connected to a single EHC Electrical Pump Unit. When using more Cam Units/Force Cylinders connected to one EHC Unit divide the velocity by the number of Cam Units/ Force Cylinders. Ex: 115/3 Cam Units/Force Cylinders = 38 mm/s

**Cam Units/Force Cylinders forward: Activated by the control signal (24 VDC)

**Cam Units/Force Cylinders return: Activated by the inbuilt gas return in the Cam Unit/Force Cylinder



Installation and Service

Safety guidelines

Symbol to observe



This symbol means that special attention is required.

Personnel

All personnel whom operate or maintain this equipment must fully understand how it works. Always wash your hands after working with hydraulic systems.

Work place

The work place must be kept absolutely clean during installation or maintenance of the Flex Cam.

Equipment

Use only clean and functional tools and proper protection for your eyes and skin.

Adapters for hoses

Upon delivery, all connections on the units are plugged. To reduce the risk of contamination from foreign bodies, remove the plugs only when absolutely necessary.

Nitrogen products

Be very careful when working with nitrogen products. See special instructions for gas springs, because wrong handling could cause personal injury. Make sure that there is enough room for the Accumulator in the tool.

Hoses

The hoses are washed and plugged to protect them from dirt as this could damage the system. Make sure that the hoses are protected against sharp edges and external damage. The hoses will move a little depending on the oil pressure pulsation during operation.

Torque settings for screws

Always use a torque wrench when tightening screws. See Table 1 which is valid for oiled screws of 12.9 quality.

Screw dim	Allen key	Torque (Nm)
M 6	5	15
M 8	6	40
M10	8	75
M 12	10	135
M 16	14	330
M 20	17	640

Table 1



Installation

The following information describes only the most important recommendations. If there are any questions about the installation do not hesitate to contact your local distributor or Strömsholmen AB.

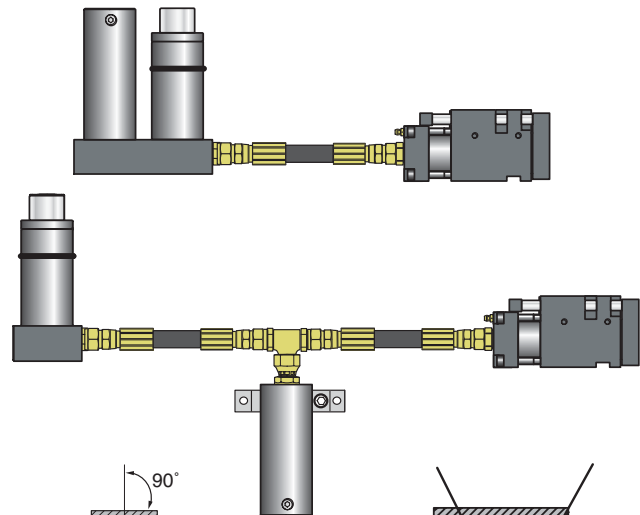
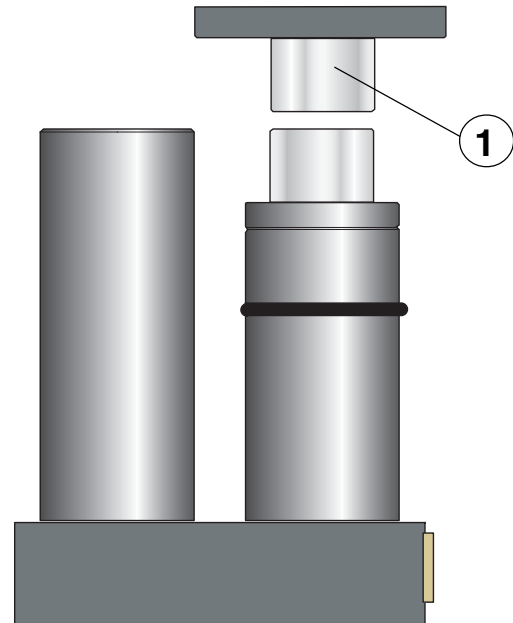
Tel +46 140-571 00 Fax +46 140-571 98
Home page: www.kaller.com

Power Unit

The Power Unit can be mounted in any position in the tool, including upside-down (valid for all units). A driver (1) is often used and adapted to give the right stroke length of the Power Cylinder.

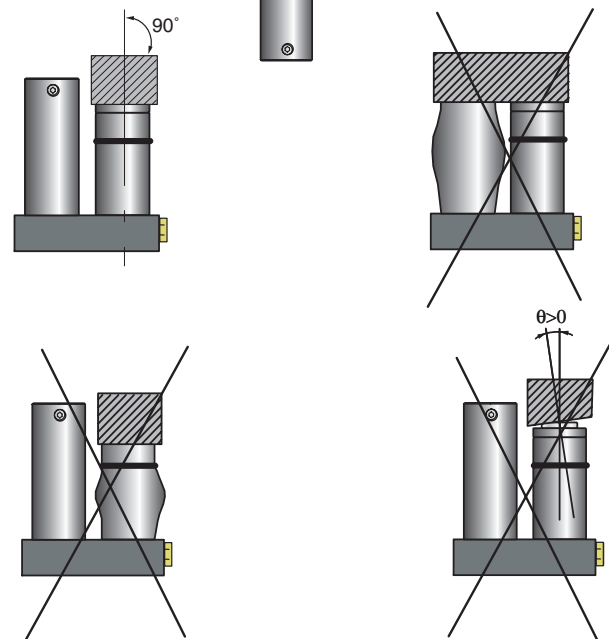


Make sure the surface which makes contact with the piston on the top of the Power Cylinder is parallel and even. Make sure there is enough room for the Accumulator in the tool.



Power Unit Mounting Instructions (HCP, HCP-S)

Mount the Power Unit to a flat surface using four screws, either upright or upside down. To ensure the Cam Unit/Force Cylinder always travels the same stroke length it is customary to stroke the Power Unit an extra 10 mm, which also causes the Accumulator's piston to rise ca. 10 mm.



Compact Cam

Use dowel pins and a key to locate the position of the Cam Unit in the tool.

The punch plate (1) can be removed for machining by first removing all three screws (2) from the plate.

The reaction force, created as a result of the forming/piercing operation being performed by the Cam Unit, can be located within any part of the shaded area (3).

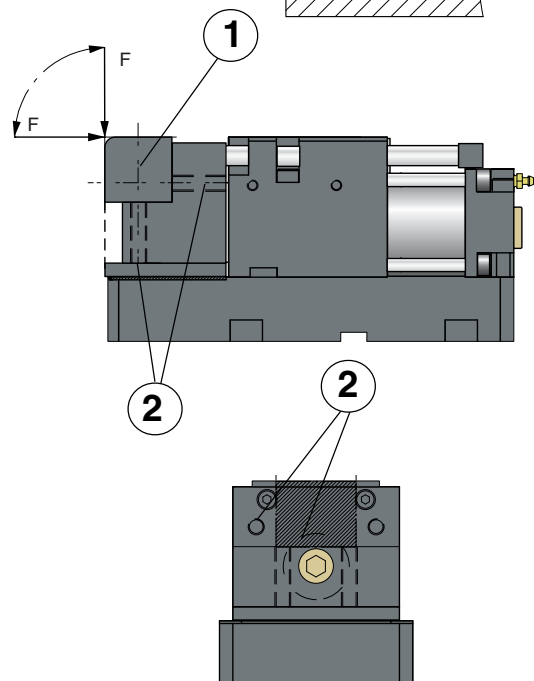
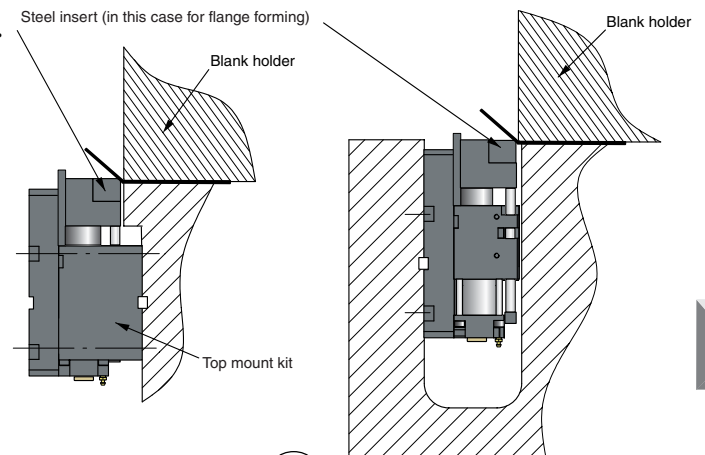
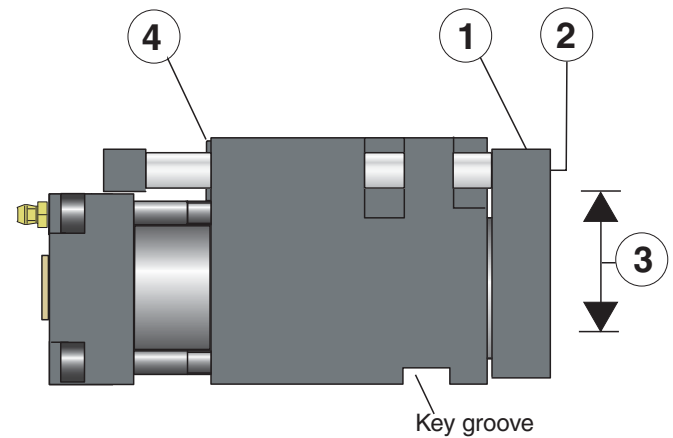
However, it is recommended to position this force directly in the centre of the shaded area (3). For more information, see the respective Cam Unit dimensions page.

Please note, it is not recommended to put any turning moment on the punch plate (1).

When mounting a punch directly onto the punch plate (1), or via a ball lock punch retainer, the gas spring (4) should be in place before any final adjustments are made.

Use the Pump Unit (see page 9.8/44) together with a thin metal plate or thick piece of paper to check the punch is positioned correctly.

For Installation Examples, please see page 9.4/1.




Flange Cam installation possibilities

The Flange Cam can be mounted at any position in the die.

For the top mount, a "top mount kit" is needed but not for the base mount.

Flange Cam force direction and location

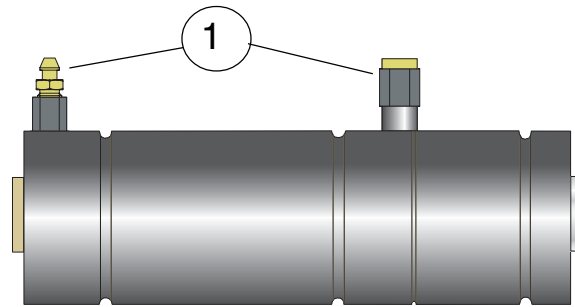
The customised tool (1) (for flanging etc.) should be mounted using two or four bolts (2) within the designated area.

The force created by the flanging is allowed in directions "F" within the area marked .

Force Cylinder

Use only flanges or fittings intended for the Force Cylinder. See also page 9.7/1 for "Technical data". The threaded holes at the top of the piston rod can be used to mount the fitting for the tool in a pushing- and pulling application.

Note that it is not possible to load any force in an off centre position or as a side load.

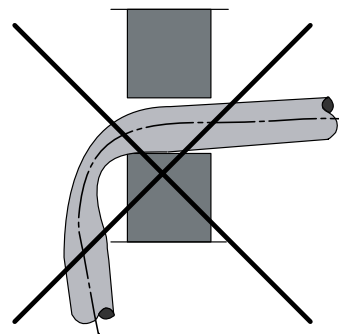
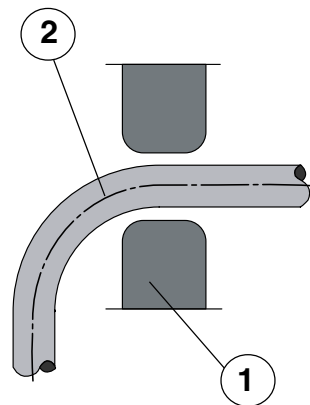


"Make sure there is enough room to fill and bleed the force cylinder in the dic (1)". See also page 9.8/42-43.

Hydraulic hose and adapters

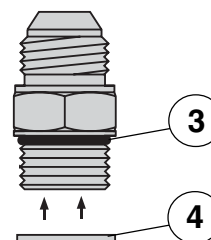


See page 9.8/27 to choose the adapters and the hose. Use as few adapters as possible and note that the hose is available with an elbow fitting.



The hoses are washed and plugged to protect them from dust as this could damage the system. Make sure the hoses are protected from sharp edges and external damage. Sharp edges must be rounded (1). Hoses will move a little depending on the oil pressure pulsation during the operations. Do not use a smaller bending radius than specified (2).

Adapters for the units have an O-ring (3) and a support washer (4) which must always be used. Check also that no movable parts can touch the units or the hoses. See also DIN 20066 for hose installations.



Filling of gas and oil

Gas charging for / Force Cylinder and Accumulator

Equipment needed:

Nitrogen bottle with at least 180 bar

Charging armature P/N 3015075-2000

Allen key 5 mm

Step 1 Connect the nitrogen bottle

Connect the Charging armature to the nitrogen bottle which should have at least 180 bar pressure.

Step 2 Gas charging of the Force Cylinder (Not valid for Compact Cam)

Turn the small knob (1) anticlockwise until the release pin is inside the thread. Connect the adapter (2) to the armature. Remove the plug on the Force Cylinder and connect the armature by turning knob (3) clockwise. Open the gas valve carefully anticlockwise using knob (4). Charge gas until the manometer (5) shows 20 bar (max 40 bar). Remove the armature and fit the plug.

To empty, open knob (6) and the gas valve of the Force Cylinder by carefully turning knob (1) clockwise.

Step 3 Charging of gas in the Compact Cam CC-H.

If the Compact Cam is connected to a hose system the filling pressure is:

CC 015 180 bar

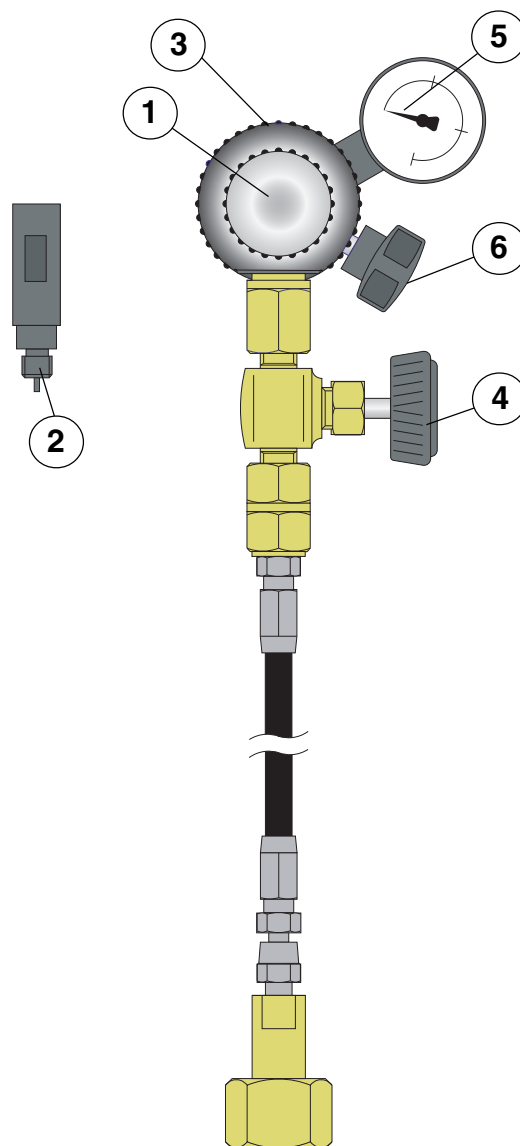
CC 040 180 bar

CC 060 150 bar

CC 090 150 bar

CC 150 150 bar

If there is no hose system then, gas charging is not required.

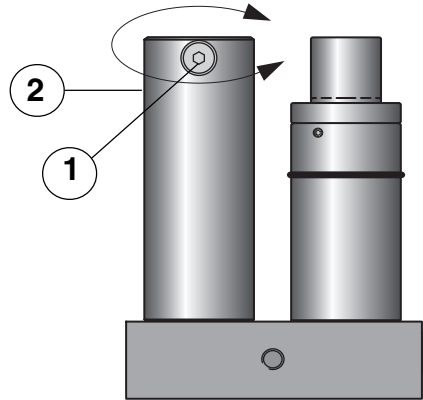


Step 4 Charging of gas in the Accumulator

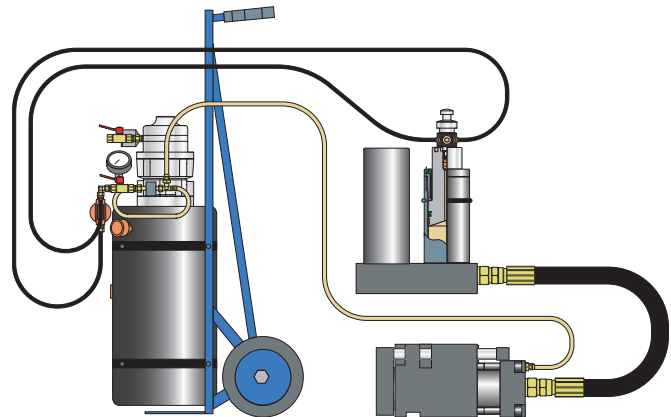
! Charge the Accumulator with 25 bar as per the procedure above. The Accumulator must be charged with 150 bar or to a pressure suitable for the operation after the oil filling procedure. See also page 9.7/1.

It is possible to change the gas port location (1) by first emptying the gas pressure then twisting the accumulator tube to position (2).

When not using the charging armature empty the gas by closing the nitrogen bottle valve and opening the gas valve (4) anticlockwise. (See page 9.11/1)

**Oil filling and bleeding**

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Order. no</u>
Pump Unit		30 170 75
Hook spanner (-015)	3 mm	503 417
Hook spanner(-040-150)	5 mm	503 418
Allen key	6 mm	
Open-ended spanner	11 mm	
Open-ended spanner	14 mm	
18 litres of oil as per specification on page 9.7/1.		

**Compressed air information**

Pressure between 5-7 bars.

Moisture trap, filter and automatic air line lubricator must be installed in the air line to feed the air motor of the pump.

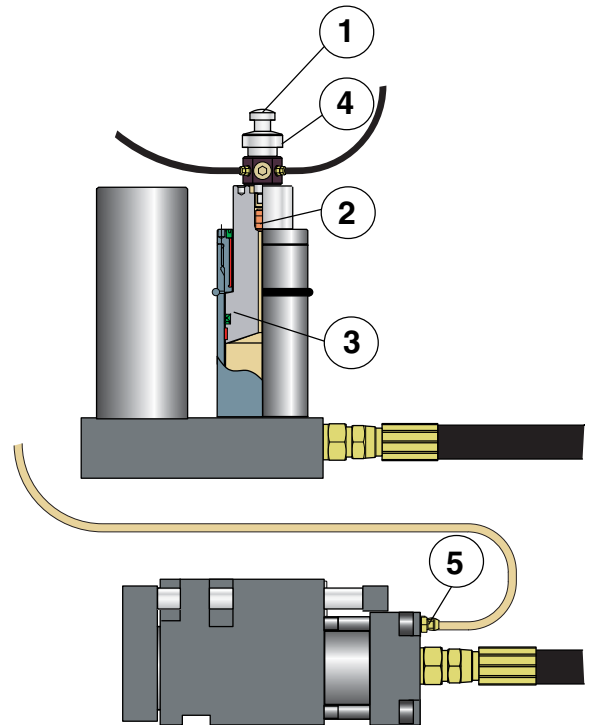
Step 1 Check the nitrogen pressure

! Charge the Cam Unit/Force Cylinder and Accumulator according to this table. Make sure that the area around the units is kept clean and dry.

Cam unit/ Force cylinder					Accumulator	
CC-H					HCF	HCP
015	040	060	090	150		
180 bar			150 bar		20 bar	25 bar

Step 2 Connect the Pump Unit

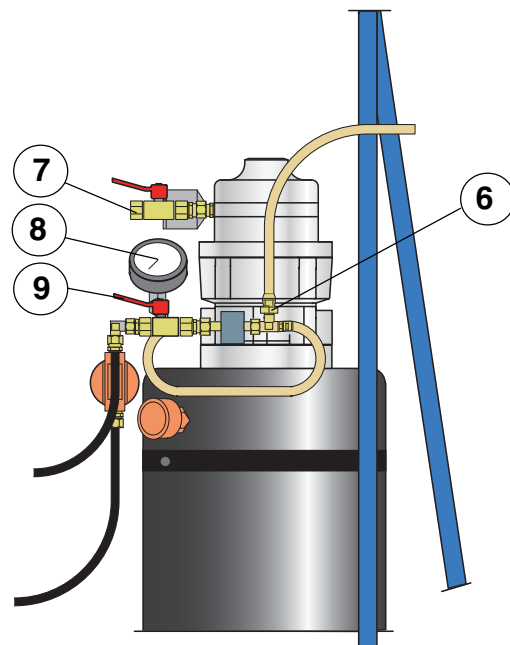
Turn knob (1) anticlockwise until the release pin for the valve (2) is inside the thread. Remove the plug and connect the oil armature on the top of the piston (3) by turning knob (4) clockwise. Open the valve (2) by turning knob (1) clockwise carefully until the stop is reached. Connect the transparent hose between the bleed nipple (5) and the Pump Unit (6). Connect compressed air to the valve (7) (thread G 1/4").

**Step 3 Check the clearance of the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder**

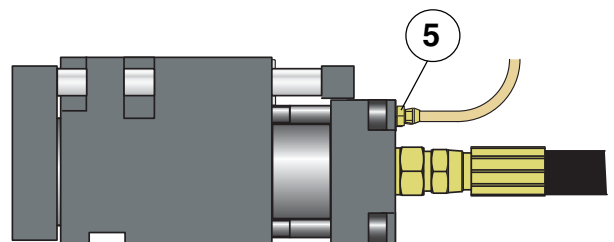
Check the clearance of the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder and make sure that there is enough room for a full stroke.

Step 4 Pump oil

Open the bleed nipple (5) and close the valve (9). Pump the oil by opening valve (7) until the oil is free from air bubbles. Close the bleed valve (5).

**Step 5 Bleeding the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder**

Pump oil until 50 bar oil pressure (8), open bleed nipple (5) and bleed the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder. Have a cloth at the ready to collect any oil that may leak out. Note that the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder will move the full stroke. Close the bleed nipple (5). Repeat this until the oil is free from air bubbles.



Step 6 Bleeding the Power Unit

Pump until the oil pressure is 50 bar, open the valve (9) and bleed the Power Unit. Close the valve (9). Repeat this until the oil is free from air bubbles.

Step 7 Check that the oil is free from air

First make sure that the oil pressure is 0 bar, ie. pressureless. Try to push the piston down by hand. If it is possible to push it down a little there is some air left in the system. Repeat step 5 and 6 until the oil is totally free from air.

Step 8 Check for any leakage

Pump until oil pressure is 50 bar and look for any leakage from the adapters and the units. Make sure that the oil pressure is 0 bar by opening the bleed valve (9).

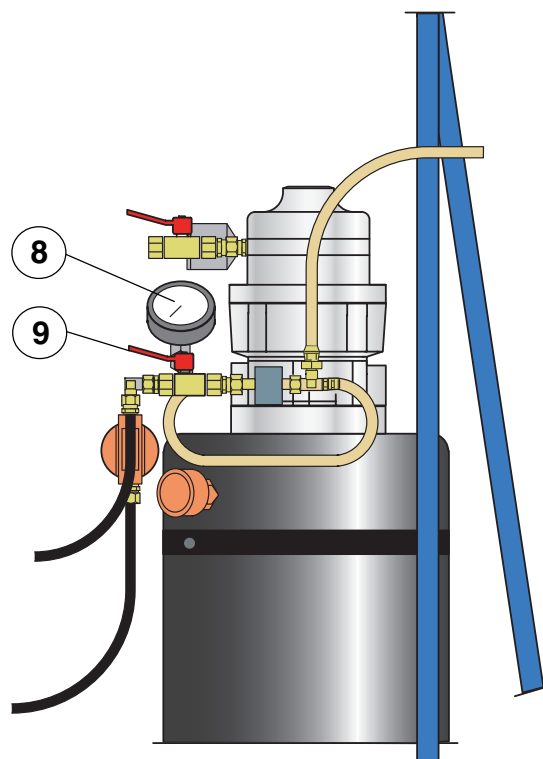
Step 9 Disconnect the pump unit

Uncouple the oil filling armature and the transparent hose. Fit the plug on the top of the Power Cylinder by using the hook spanner to hold the piston. Tighten the bleed valve on the Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder and clean the area.

Step 10 Charge the Accumulator with nitrogen

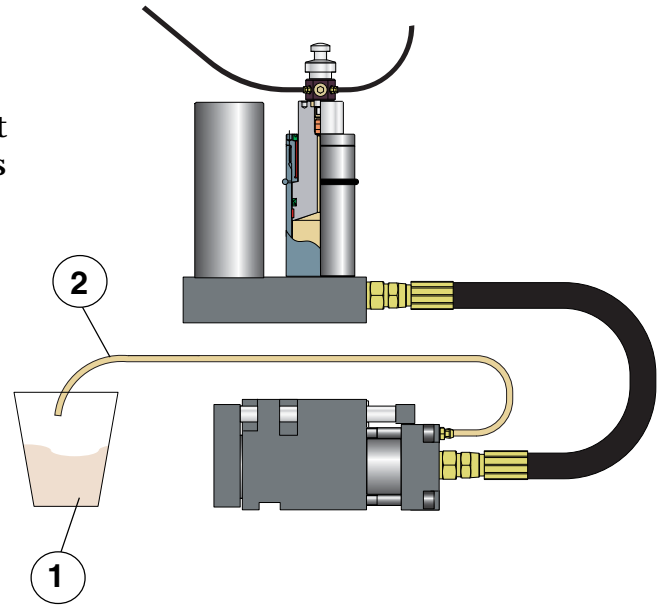
After the oil filling procedure, the Accumulator has to be charged with nitrogen up to 150 bar or to the required gas pressure for the operation. Maximum pressure is 180 bar. See also page 9.7/2.

The system is now ready for operation.



Changing the oil

Follow step 1 to 11 as before but connect the transparent hose to a reservoir for used oil, not to the pump unit. Pump oil until new oil comes out through the transparent hose.



Service and maintenance



The life time of the products is normally 1 million operations provided the installation and maintenance is performed correctly. In special conditions or environments the life time may be shorter or longer.

Power Unit and Force Cylinder (HCP, HCP-S, HCF)

Check the nitrogen pressure in the Accumulator and the Force Cylinder every 200'000 strokes or alternatively twice a year. See also page 9.7/1 and 9.11/1.

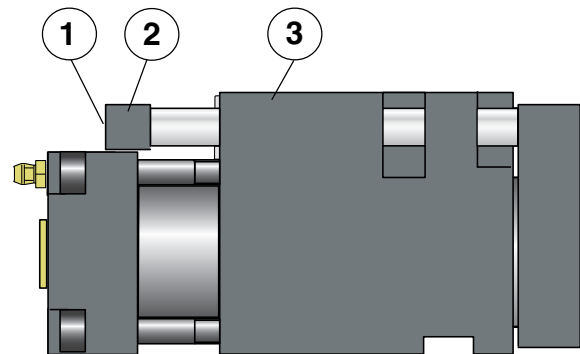
Compact Cam (CC)/ Flange Cam (CCF)

Check the force of the return springs every 200'000 strokes or twice a year by removing the screws (1) and the spacer (2). Pull out the gas springs and use a test rig to measure the force of the gas springs.

The table below shows the type of gas springs and force for each Cam Unit

Cam Unit	Gas spring for return	Gas spring force	Min gas spring force*
CC 015	1x M2 200 - stroke	200 daN	140 daN
CC 040	2 x M2 200 - stroke	200 daN	140 daN
CCF 040	2 x M2 200 - stroke	200 daN	140 daN
CC 060	2 x X 350 - stroke	350 daN	250 daN
CC 090	2 x TU 500 - stroke	500 daN	350 daN
CC 150	2 x X 750 - stroke	750 daN	530 daN

* If the gas spring force is lower than minimum the gas spring has to be replaced



Compact Cam (CC-H) and Flange Cam (CCF-H) for Hose Systems

Check the nitrogen pressure in the Compact Cam every 200'000 strokes or twice a year. See also page 9.11/1.

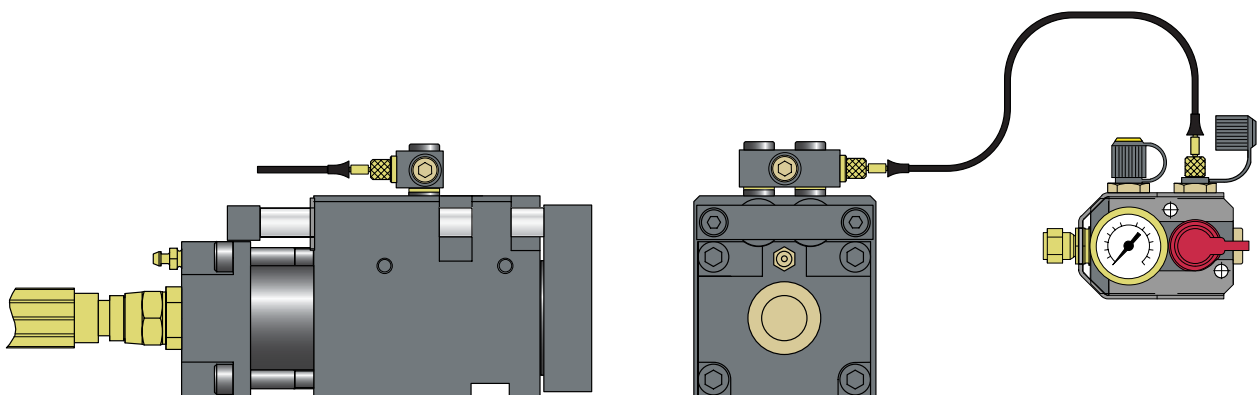
When changing the gas spring, do not allow the oil within the spring to escape.

The table below shows the type of gas springs used for each cam unit.

Cam Unit	Gas spring for return	Gas spring pressure	Min gas spring pressure**
CC-H 015	1x MH 200 - stroke	180 bar	125 bar
CC-H 040	2 x MH 200 - stroke	180 bar	125 bar
CCF-H 040	2 x MH 200 - stroke	180 bar	125 bar
CC-H 060	2 x X 350 - stroke*	180 bar	125 bar
CC-H 090	2 x TU 500 - stroke*	150 bar	105 bar
CC-H 150	2 x X 750 - stroke*	150 bar	105 bar

* Be sure to remove the nitrogen charging valve in the springs when connecting to a hose system. The MH has no valve.

** If the pressure is lower than minimum check the hose system and if necessary change the gas springs.=



Oil

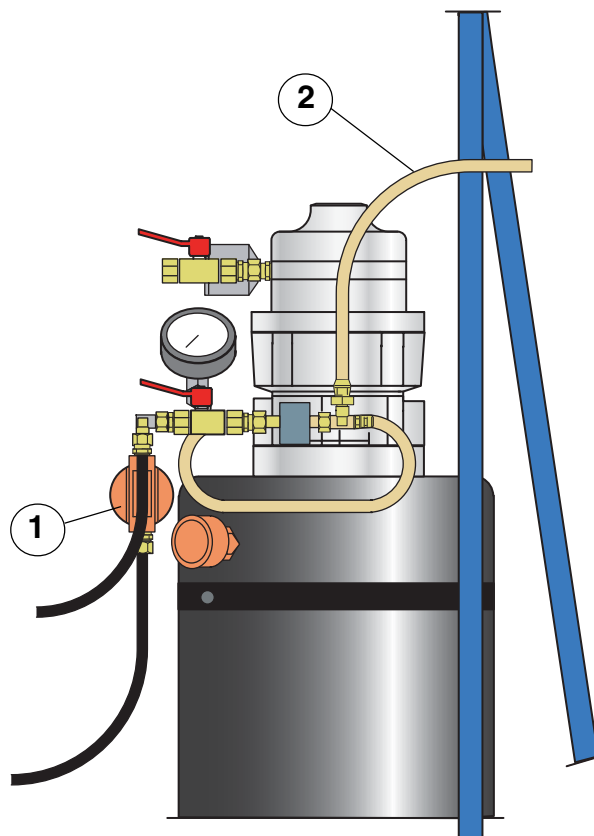
It is recommended to change the oil after a running-in time of approximately 100-1000 operations. After that the oil is recommended to be changed after 500'000 operations or every two years. When changing the oil, the old oil must be pumped out from the system. See also page 9.7/1 and 9.11/5.

Pump Unit

Change the filter (1) and the transparent hose (2) every 200 working hours or every two years. Remove the complete filter by loosening the adapter and the hose. Put the filter in a vice and remove the bottom by turning it anticlockwise. Replace the filter and put the new filter in position together with the washer.

Filter order.no.: 503 419

Transparent hose order.no.: 503 116



Service

This high precision equipment containing high pressure nitrogen must only be maintained or serviced by authorised fully qualified personnel. For any advice about this equipment contact your local Kaller distributor.

Fault diagnosis and solutions

Description of fault	Possible cause	Measure taken
1. Cam Unit/Force Cylinder does not perform a full stroke	1:1 Low gas pressure in the Accumulator	Charge up the gas pressure, see page 9.11/1. (max 180 bar)
	1:2 Power Cylinder does not perform a full stroke	Adjust the stroke length
	1:3 Oil leakage in Power Cylinder A: The port plug has come loose B: Damage on the seal and/or inside of the Power Cylinder	A: Replace the plug and fill the system, see page 9.11/1. B: Contact your distributor for service or replacement cylinder
	1:4 Oil leakage in Cam Unit A: The bleeding valve has come loose B: Damage on the seal and/or inside of the cam unit	A: Replace the bleed valve and fill the system, see page 9.11/1. B: Contact your distributor for service or replacement Cam Unit
	1:5 Hose or adapter has come loose or been damaged	Replace the defective parts and fill the system, see page 9.11/1.

Description of fault	Possible cause	Measure taken
2. Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder does not retract	2:1 Low gas pressure in the Force Cylinder (the Force cylinder has to be in a retracted position)	Check if the gas adapter or the plug have become loose. Charge with gas, see page 9.11/1, max 40 bar. If the gas quickly leaks out again, contact your distributor for service or replacement Force Cylinder
	2:2 Low gas pressure in the return springs of the Compact Cam	Replace the gas springs, see page 9.12/1. If hose system is used, check and see page 9.12/2
	2:3 Gas leakage in the Accumulator	Bleed the oil, see page 9.11/2. Contact your distributor for service or replacement Accumulator
	2:4 The return movement is jammed	Contact your distributor for service or replacement Cam Unit/ Force Cylinder

